

Converting Colors

RGB(186, 117, 156)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(186, 117, 156) contains.

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Color

RGB(186, 117, 156)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BA759C
RGB	186, 117, 156
RGB Percent	73%, 46%, 61%
CMY	0.2706, 0.5412, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.16, 0.27
HSL	326°, 33%, 59%
HSV	326°, 37%, 73%
XYZ	32.6117, 25.5620, 34.6676
YIQ	142.0770, 28.6050, 26.7570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

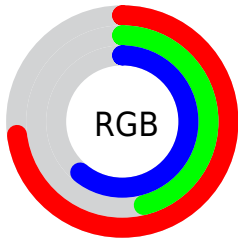
Format	Color
RYB	186, 117, 156
Decimal	12219804
CIELab	57.62, 32.72, -9.64
CIELCh	58, 34.106, 343.582
Yxy	25.5620, 0.3513, 0.2753
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290409884 (0xFFBA759C)
YUV	142.0770, 6.8640, 38.5205
Hunter-Lab	50.5589, 26.6590, -5.2633

Details

The RGB color **186, 117, 156** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **117, 186, 147**, and the grayscale version is **142, 142, 142**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 170, 210**, and **131, 67, 105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186, 98, 148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 136, 164**.

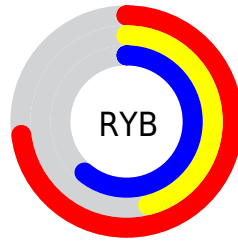
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (46%)

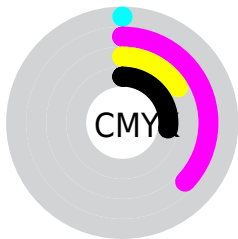
Blue (61%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (61%)

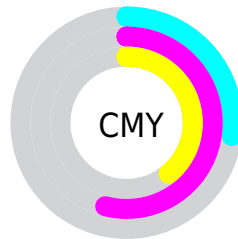


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (39%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 186, 117, 156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 186, 117, 156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 186, 117, 156

255, 255, 255

 243, 170, 210


 255, 198, 239

 255, 226, 255


255, 255, 255

 186, 117, 156


 186, 98, 148

 186, 117, 156

 158, 92, 130

 131, 67, 105

 105, 43, 81

 80, 18, 58

 55, 0, 36

 34, 0, 14


 0, 0, 0

 186, 117, 156

 186, 136, 164

 186, 80, 140

 186, 154, 172

 186, 61, 132

 186, 173, 180

 186, 43, 124

 186, 191, 188

 186, 24, 116

 186, 210, 196

 186, 5, 107

 186, 229, 205

 186, 0, 105

 186, 247, 213

 186, 255, 221

 186, 255, 229

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159, 126, 182



186, 117, 156



196, 115, 126

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 117, 156



144, 141, 79



0, 152, 179

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 117, 156



117, 186, 147

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17, 154, 151



186, 117, 156



111, 149, 94

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 117, 156



172, 131, 81



72, 153, 121



62, 146, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 117, 156



194, 118, 107



72, 153, 121



0, 153, 170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186, 117, 156



242, 216, 231



147, 117, 186



122, 106, 115



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 117, 156



242, 133, 195



186, 117, 122



92, 83, 88



156, 0, 88



28, 0, 16

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186, 117, 156



242, 133, 195



117, 186, 181



92, 83, 88



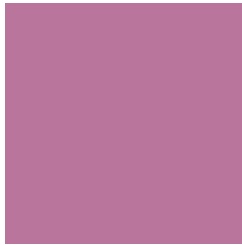
156, 0, 88



28, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 117, 156 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

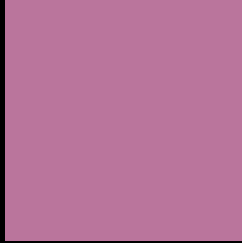
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 117, 156 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

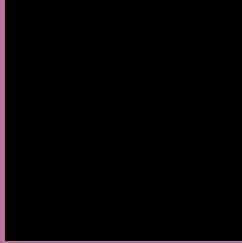
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 186, 117, 156 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 117, 156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 117, 156.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
186, 117, 156

Protanopia
132, 137, 170

Deuteranopia
146, 135, 153



Tritanopia
183, 122, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color
186, 117, 156

Protanomaly
152, 130, 165

Deuteranomaly
161, 128, 154

Tritanomaly
184, 120, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color
186, 117, 156

Achromatopsia
142, 142, 142

Achromatomaly
158, 133, 147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 186, 117, 156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 117, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 117, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 117, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 117, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 186, 117, 156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

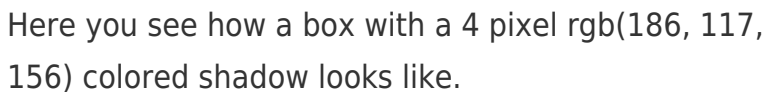
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 117, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 117, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 117, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 117, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 117, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 117,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 186, 117, 156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 117, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
117, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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