

Converting Colors

RGB(186, 131, 186)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(186, 131, 186) contains.

RGB(186, 131, 186)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(186, 131, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BA83BA
RGB	186, 131, 186
RGB Percent	73%, 51%, 73%
CMY	0.2706, 0.4863, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	300°, 28%, 62%
HSV	300°, 30%, 73%
XYZ	37.2289, 30.2169, 50.3246
YIQ	153.7150, 15.1250, 28.7650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

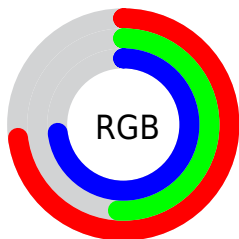
Format	Color
RYB	186, 131, 186
Decimal	12223418
CIELab	61.84, 30.31, -20.43
CIElCh	62, 36.552, 326.028
Yxy	30.2169, 0.3161, 0.2566
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290413498 (0xFFBA83BA)
YUV	153.7150, 15.9165, 28.3139
Hunter-Lab	54.9699, 24.6937, -15.8008

Details

The RGB color **186, 131, 186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **131, 186, 131**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 185, 242**, and **132, 81, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186, 112, 186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 150, 186**.

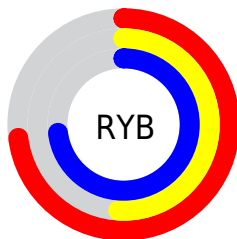
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (51%)

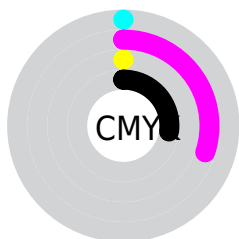
Blue (73%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (73%)

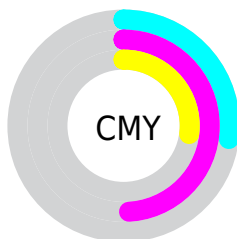


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)


Magenta (49%)


Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 186, 131, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 186, 131, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 186, 131, 186

 186, 131, 186


255, 255, 255

 159, 105, 159


 243, 185, 242

 132, 81, 133

 255, 213, 255

 106, 57, 107

 255, 241, 255

 81, 33, 83


 57, 9, 60

 37, 0, 38

 0, 1, 15

 0, 0, 0

 186, 131, 186

 186, 131, 186


 186, 112, 186


 186, 150, 186

 186, 94, 186


 186, 168, 186

 186, 75, 186


 186, 187, 186

 186, 57, 186

 186, 205, 186

 186, 38, 186

 186, 224, 186

 186, 19, 186

 186, 243, 186

 186, 1, 186

 186, 255, 186

 186, 0, 186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147, 143, 208



186, 131, 186



208, 124, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 131, 186



174, 146, 84



0, 166, 177

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 131, 186



131, 186, 131

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56, 166, 144



186, 131, 186



141, 156, 90

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 131, 186



199, 135, 97



103, 163, 112



13, 162, 202

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 131, 186



212, 124, 133



103, 163, 112



0, 167, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186, 131, 186



242, 220, 242



131, 131, 186



122, 109, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 131, 186



242, 157, 242



186, 131, 159



92, 83, 92



156, 0, 156



28, 0, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186, 131, 186



242, 157, 242



131, 186, 159



92, 83, 92



156, 0, 156



28, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 131, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

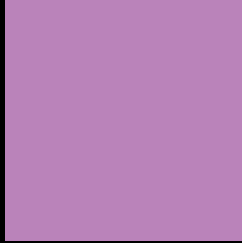
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 131, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

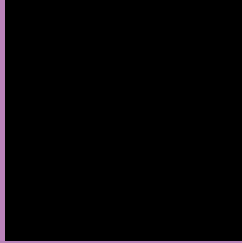
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 186, 131, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 131, 186.

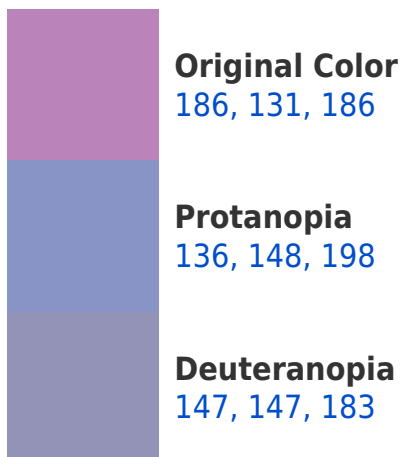


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 131, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
181, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color
186, 131, 186

Protanomaly
154, 142, 194

Deuteranomaly
161, 141, 184

Tritanomaly
183, 135, 162

Monochromacy



Original Color
186, 131, 186

Achromatopsia
154, 154, 154

Achromatomaly
166, 146, 166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 186, 131, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 131, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 131, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 131, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 131, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 186, 131, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

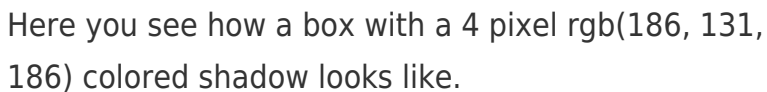
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 131, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 131, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 131, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 131, 186); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 131, 186); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 131, 186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 186, 131, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 131, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
131, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor