

Converting Colors

RGB(186, 173, 119)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(186, 173, 119) contains.

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Color

RGB(186, 173, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAAD77
RGB	186, 173, 119
RGB Percent	73%, 68%, 47%
CMY	0.2706, 0.3216, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.36, 0.27
HSL	48°, 33%, 60%
HSV	48°, 36%, 73%
XYZ	38.5230, 41.6582, 23.4632
YIQ	170.7310, 25.0820, -14.0380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

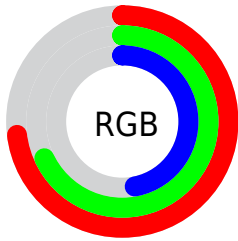
Format	Color
RYB	135, 186, 119
Decimal	12234103
CIELab	70.63, -3.40, 29.46
CIELCh	71, 29.660, 96.583
Yxy	41.6582, 0.3717, 0.4019
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290424183 (0xFFBAAD77)
YUV	170.7310, -25.5034, 13.3909
Hunter-Lab	64.5431, -6.4114, 23.6266

Details

The RGB color **186, 173, 119** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **119, 132, 186**, and the grayscale version is **171, 171, 171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 228, 172**, and **132, 121, 70** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186, 169, 100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 177, 138**.

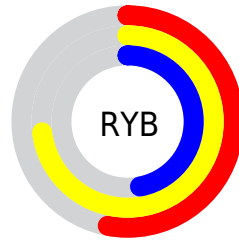
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (68%)

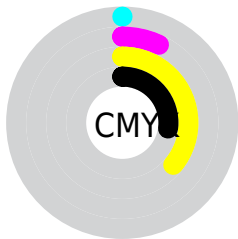
Blue (47%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (47%)

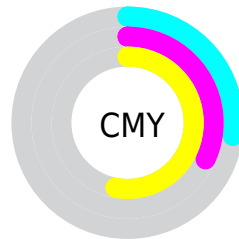


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 186, 173, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 186, 173, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 186, 173, 119

255, 255, 255

 243, 228, 172

 255, 255, 199


 255, 255, 227

 186, 173, 119

 158, 146, 94

 132, 121, 70

 106, 96, 46

 81, 73, 24


 57, 50, 0

 33, 29, 0

 0, 4, 0


 0, 0, 0

 186, 173, 119


 186, 173, 119

 186, 169, 100

 186, 177, 138

 186, 166, 82

 186, 180, 156

 186, 162, 63

 186, 184, 175

 186, 159, 45

 186, 187, 193

 186, 155, 26

 186, 191, 212

 186, 151, 7

 186, 195, 231

 186, 150, 0

 186, 198, 249

 186, 202, 255

 186, 205, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210, 164, 124



186, 173, 119



156, 181, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 173, 119



87, 186, 204



212, 156, 195

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 173, 119



119, 132, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184, 164, 216



186, 173, 119



108, 181, 222

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 173, 119



97, 188, 178



147, 173, 226



226, 153, 168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 173, 119



136, 185, 142



147, 173, 226



204, 158, 203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



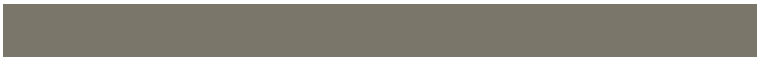
186, 173, 119



242, 237, 216



186, 119, 132



122, 119, 106



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 173, 119



242, 222, 138



166, 186, 119



92, 90, 83



156, 125, 0



28, 23, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 132, 186



138, 158, 242



139, 119, 186



83, 84, 92



0, 30, 156



0, 5, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 173, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 173, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

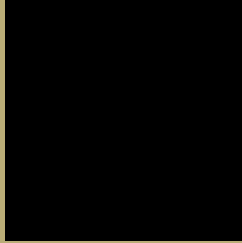
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 186, 173, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 173, 119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 173, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
186, 173, 119

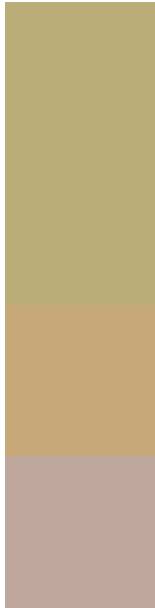
Protanopia
187, 173, 119

Deuteranopia
206, 165, 121



Tritanopia
193, 165, 178

Trichromacy



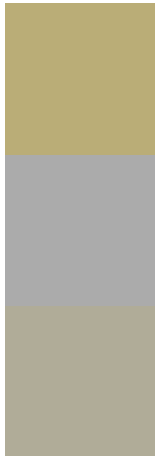
Original Color
186, 173, 119

Protanomaly
187, 173, 119

Deuteranomaly
199, 168, 120

Tritanomaly
190, 168, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color
186, 173, 119

Achromatopsia
171, 171, 171

Achromatomaly
176, 172, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 186, 173, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 173, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 173, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 173, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 173, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 186, 173, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 173, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 173, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 173, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 173, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 173, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 173,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 186, 173, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 173, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
173, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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