

Converting Colors

RGB(186, 173, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(186, 173, 124) contains.

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Color

RGB(186, 173, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAAD7C
RGB	186, 173, 124
RGB Percent	73%, 68%, 49%
CMY	0.2706, 0.3216, 0.5137
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.33, 0.27
HSL	47°, 31%, 61%
HSV	47°, 33%, 73%
XYZ	38.8314, 41.7815, 25.0868
YIQ	171.3010, 23.4770, -12.4830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

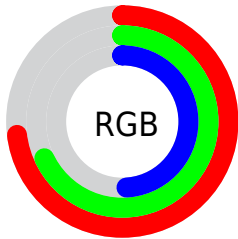
Format	Color
RYB	140, 186, 124
Decimal	12234108
CIELab	70.72, -2.78, 26.91
CIELCh	71, 27.051, 95.907
Yxy	41.7815, 0.3674, 0.3953
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290424188 (0xFFBAAD7C)
YUV	171.3010, -23.3194, 12.8910
Hunter-Lab	64.6386, -5.8844, 22.2361

Details

The RGB color **186, 173, 124** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **124, 137, 186**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 228, 177**, and **132, 121, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186, 169, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 177, 143**.

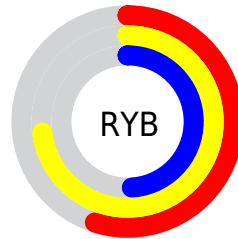
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (68%)

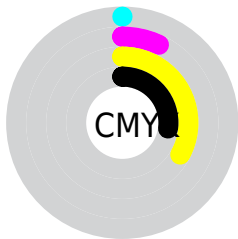
Blue (49%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (49%)

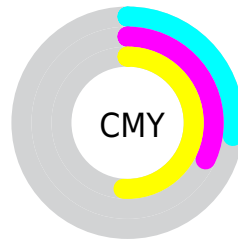


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 186, 173, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 186, 173, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 186, 173, 124

255, 255, 255


 243, 228, 177

 255, 255, 205


 255, 255, 233

 186, 173, 124

 159, 146, 99

 132, 121, 75

 106, 96, 51

 81, 73, 29


 57, 50, 5

 34, 29, 0

 0, 5, 0

 0, 0, 0

 186, 173, 124

 186, 173, 124

■ 186, 169, 105

■ 186, 177, 143

■ 186, 165, 87

■ 186, 181, 161

■ 186, 161, 68

■ 186, 185, 180

■ 186, 157, 50

■ 186, 189, 198

■ 186, 154, 31

■ 186, 193, 217

■ 186, 150, 12

■ 186, 196, 236

■ 186, 147, 0

■ 186, 200, 254

■ 186, 204, 255

■ 186, 208, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



208, 165, 129



186, 173, 124



159, 180, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 173, 124



99, 186, 201



209, 158, 194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 173, 124



124, 137, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183, 165, 213



186, 173, 124



116, 181, 217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 173, 124



107, 187, 177



149, 174, 222



222, 155, 169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 173, 124



140, 184, 145



149, 174, 222



201, 160, 201

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



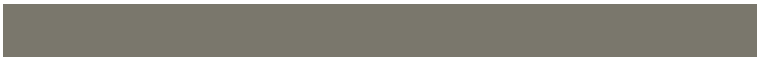
186, 173, 124



242, 237, 218



186, 124, 137



122, 119, 108



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 173, 124



242, 222, 145



168, 186, 124



92, 90, 83



156, 123, 0



28, 22, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124, 137, 186



145, 166, 242



142, 124, 186



83, 85, 92



0, 33, 156



0, 6, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 173, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

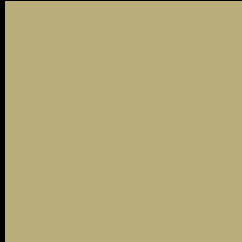
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 173, 124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 186, 173, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 173, 124.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 173, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
186, 173, 124

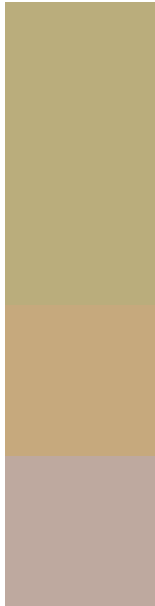
Protanopia
186, 173, 124

Deuteranopia
205, 166, 125



Tritanopia
192, 166, 179

Trichromacy



Original Color
186, 173, 124

Protanomaly
186, 173, 124

Deuteranomaly
198, 169, 125

Tritanomaly
190, 169, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color
186, 173, 124

Achromatopsia
171, 171, 171

Achromatomaly
176, 172, 154

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 186, 173, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 173, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 173, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 173, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 173, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 186, 173, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 173, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 173, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 173, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 173, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 173, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 173,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 186, 173, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 173, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
173, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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