

# Converting Colors

RGB(186, 182, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(186, 182, 107) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(186, 182, 107)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAB66B
RGB	186, 182, 107
RGB Percent	73%, 71%, 42%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2863, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.42, 0.27
HSL	57°, 36%, 57%
HSV	57°, 42%, 73%
XYZ	39.6315, 44.9565, 20.4986
YIQ	174.6460, 26.4590, -22.4770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

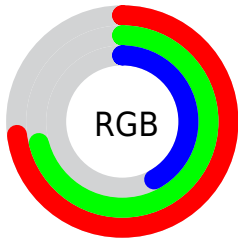
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">111, 186, 107</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12236395</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.86, -9.49, 38.59</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">73, 39.736, 103.819</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">44.9565, 0.3771, 0.4278</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290426475 (0xFFBAB66B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">174.6460, -33.3495, 9.9575</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">67.0496, -11.8296, 28.8084</a>

# Details

The RGB color **186, 182, 107** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **107, 111, 186**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 238, 160**, and **131, 129, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186, 181, 88**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 183, 126**.

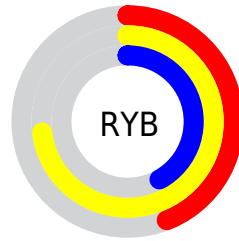
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (71%)

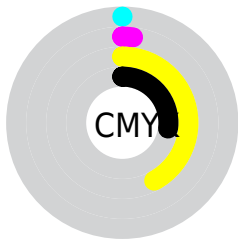
Blue (42%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (42%)

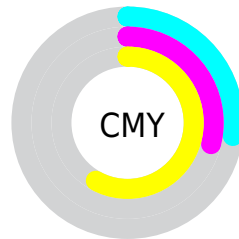


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 186, 182, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 186, 182, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 186, 182, 107


255, 255, 255

 243, 238, 160


 255, 255, 187

 255, 255, 215

 255, 255, 244

 186, 182, 107


 158, 155, 82

 131, 129, 57

 105, 104, 33

 79, 80, 6


 56, 57, 0

 31, 36, 0

 0, 16, 0

 0, 0, 0

 186, 182, 107

 186, 182, 107

 186, 181, 88

 186, 183, 126

 186, 180, 70

 186, 184, 144

 186, 179, 51

 186, 185, 163

 186, 178, 33

 186, 186, 181

 186, 177, 14

 186, 187, 200

 186, 177, 0

 186, 188, 219

 186, 189, 237

 186, 190, 255

 186, 190, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220, 170, 109



186, 182, 107



145, 191, 125

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 182, 107



15, 195, 228



237, 153, 200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 182, 107



107, 111, 186

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



204, 163, 232



186, 182, 107



90, 188, 248

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 182, 107



42, 198, 195



153, 177, 249



250, 151, 163

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 182, 107



115, 195, 146



153, 177, 249



229, 156, 212



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186, 182, 107



242, 241, 211



186, 107, 112



122, 121, 103



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 182, 107



242, 236, 119



152, 186, 107



92, 91, 83



156, 148, 0



28, 27, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107, 111, 186



119, 125, 242



141, 107, 186



83, 83, 92



0, 8, 156



0, 1, 28



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 182, 107 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 182, 107 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

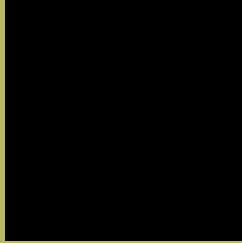
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 186, 182, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 182, 107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 182, 107.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
186, 182, 107

**Protanopia**  
196, 179, 106

**Deuteranopia**  
216, 171, 110



**Tritanopia**  
195, 173, 186

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
186, 182, 107

**Protanomaly**  
192, 180, 106

**Deuteranomaly**  
205, 175, 109

**Tritanomaly**  
192, 176, 157

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
186, 182, 107

**Achromatopsia**  
175, 175, 175

**Achromatomaly**  
179, 178, 150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 186, 182, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 182, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 182, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 182, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 182, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 186, 182, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 182, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 182, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 182, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 182, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 182, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 182,  
107) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 186, 182, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 182, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
182, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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