

Converting Colors

RGB(186, 186, 191)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(186, 186, 191) contains.

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Color

RGB(186, 186, 191)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BABABF
RGB	186, 186, 191
RGB Percent	73%, 73%, 75%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2706, 0.2510
CMYK	0.03, 0.03, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	240°, 4%, 74%
HSV	240°, 3%, 75%
XYZ	47.2126, 49.3185, 56.3213
YIQ	186.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

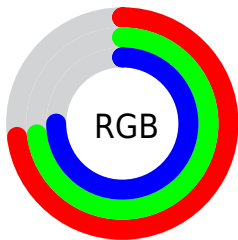
Format	Color
RYB	186, 186, 191
Decimal	12237503
CIELab	75.65, 0.94, -2.53
CIElCh	76, 2.701, 290.453
Yxy	49.3185, 0.3089, 0.3227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290427583 (0xFFBABABF)
YUV	186.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999
Hunter-Lab	70.2271, -2.8948, 1.6092

Details

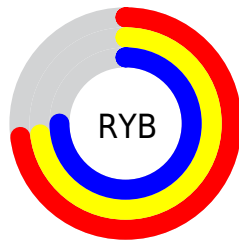
The RGB color **186, 186, 191** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **191, 191, 186**, and the grayscale version is **187, 187, 187**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **242, 242, 247**, and **133, 133, 138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **167, 167, 191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 205, 191**.

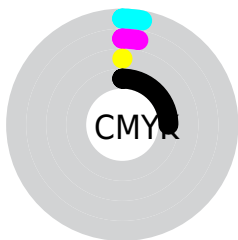
Distribution



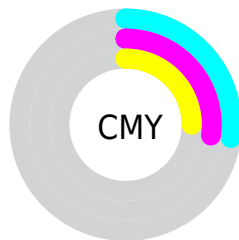
- Red (73%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 186, 186, 191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 186, 186, 191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 186, 186, 191


255, 255, 255

 242, 242, 247

 186, 186, 191

 159, 159, 164

 133, 133, 138

 108, 108, 112

 83, 84, 88


 60, 60, 65

 39, 39, 43

 18, 18, 22

 0, 0, 0

 186, 186, 191

 186, 186, 191

■ 167, 167, 191

■ 205, 205, 191

■ 148, 148, 191

■ 224, 224, 191

■ 129, 129, 191

■ 243, 243, 191

■ 110, 110, 191

■ 255, 255, 191

■ 90, 90, 191

■ 71, 71, 191

■ 52, 52, 191

■ 33, 33, 191

■ 14, 14, 191

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183, 187, 191



186, 186, 191



189, 185, 190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 186, 191



191, 185, 183



182, 188, 185

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 186, 191



191, 191, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184, 187, 183



186, 186, 191



189, 186, 182

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 186, 191



192, 185, 185



187, 187, 182



181, 188, 188

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 186, 191



191, 185, 188



187, 187, 182



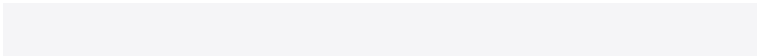
182, 188, 185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186, 186, 191



245, 245, 247



186, 191, 191



124, 124, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 186, 191



240, 240, 247



189, 186, 191



91, 91, 94



0, 0, 158



0, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191, 186, 191



247, 240, 247



189, 191, 186



94, 91, 94



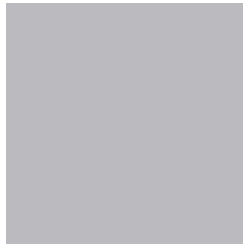
158, 0, 158



31, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 186, 191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

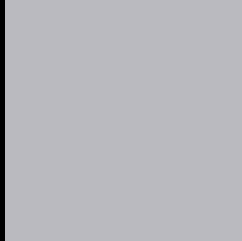
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 186, 191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

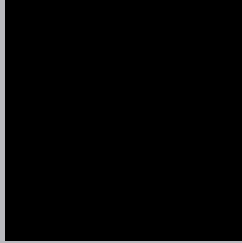
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

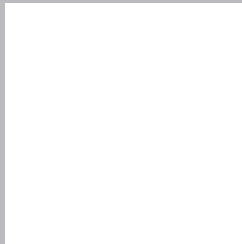
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 186, 186, 191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 186, 191.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 186, 191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
186, 186, 191

Protanopia
188, 185, 191

Deuteranopia
202, 181, 192



Tritanopia
187, 185, 199

Trichromacy



Original Color

186, 186, 191

Protanomaly

187, 185, 191

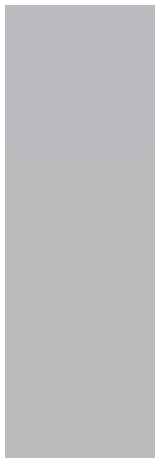
Deuteranomaly

196, 183, 192

Tritanomaly

187, 185, 196

Monochromacy



Original Color

186, 186, 191

Achromatopsia

187, 187, 187

Achromatomaly

187, 187, 188

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 186, 186, 191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(186, 186, 191) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 186, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 186, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 186, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 186, 186, 191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 186, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 186, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 186, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 186, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 186, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 186,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 186, 186, 191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 186, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
186, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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