

Converting Colors

RGB(186, 211, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(186, 211, 255) contains.

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Color

RGB(186, 211, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAD3FF
RGB	186, 211, 255
RGB Percent	73%, 83%, 100%
CMY	0.2706, 0.1725, 0.0000
CMYK	0.27, 0.17, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	218°, 100%, 86%
HSV	218°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	61.5940, 64.2476, 103.7624
YIQ	208.5410, -29.0240, 8.3840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

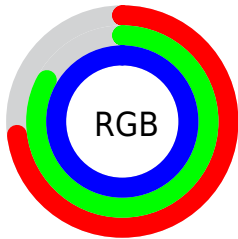
Format	Color
R_{YB}	186, 204, 255
Decimal	12243967
CIE _{Lab}	84.09, 1.24, -24.24
CIE _{LCh}	84, 24.269, 272.931
Yxy	64.2476, 0.2683, 0.2798
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290434047 (0xFFBAD3FF)
YUV	208.5410, 22.9043, -19.7685
Hunter-Lab	80.1546, -3.1042, -20.6443

Details

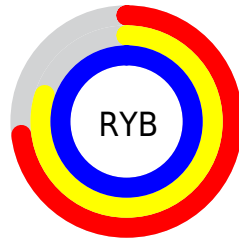
The RGB color **186, 211, 255** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **255, 230, 186**, and the grayscale version is **208, 208, 208**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 255, 255**, and **131, 157, 198** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **161, 195, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **211, 227, 255**.

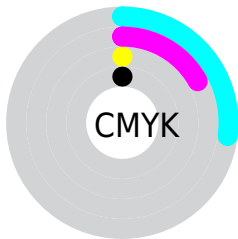
Distribution



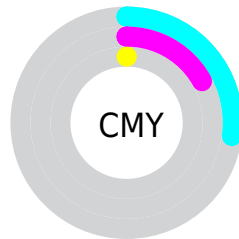
- Red (73%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 186, 211, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 186, 211, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 186, 211, 255

255, 255, 255

■ 243, 255, 255

■ 186, 211, 255

■ 158, 183, 226

■ 131, 157, 198

■ 105, 131, 171

■ 79, 106, 144

■ 54, 81, 118

■ 27, 59, 94

■ 0, 37, 70

■ 0, 16, 47

■ 0, 1, 26

■ 186, 211, 255

■ 186, 211, 255

■ 161, 195, 255

■ 211, 227, 255

■ 135, 178, 255

■ 237, 244, 255

■ 109, 162, 255

255, 255, 255

■ 84, 146, 255

■ 58, 130, 255

■ 33, 113, 255

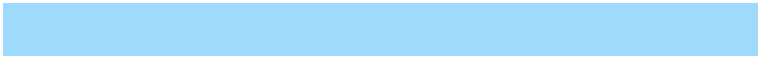
■ 8, 97, 255

■ 0, 92, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159, 218, 250



186, 211, 255



217, 203, 248

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 211, 255



255, 195, 186



174, 221, 188

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 211, 255



255, 230, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



200, 216, 171



186, 211, 255



245, 201, 170

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 211, 255



255, 194, 208



225, 209, 164



153, 223, 211

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 211, 255



234, 198, 238



225, 209, 164



182, 219, 182

Sweetspot

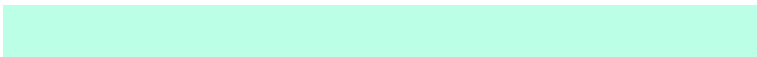
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186, 211, 255



235, 242, 255



186, 255, 230



115, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 211, 255



173, 203, 255



195, 186, 255



115, 119, 128



0, 69, 191



0, 23, 64

Inverse Universe

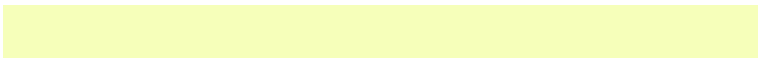
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 186, 211



255, 173, 203



246, 255, 186



128, 115, 119



191, 0, 69



64, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 211, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

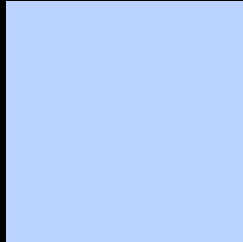
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 211, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

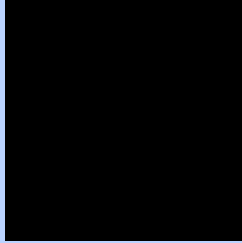
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

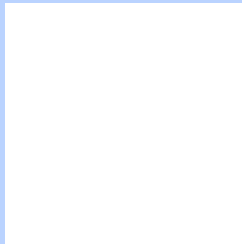
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 186, 211, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 211, 255.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 211, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

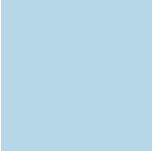
Dichromacy



Original Color
186, 211, 255

Protanopia
200, 207, 253

Deuteranopia
206, 205, 255



Tritanopia
181, 215, 232

Trichromacy



Original Color

186, 211, 255

Protanomaly

195, 208, 254

Deuteranomaly

199, 207, 255

Tritanomaly

183, 214, 240

Monochromacy



Original Color

186, 211, 255

Achromatopsia

209, 209, 209

Achromatomaly

201, 210, 226

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 186, 211, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 211, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 211, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 211, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 211, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 186, 211, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

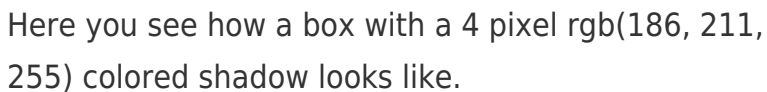
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 211, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 211, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 211, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 211, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 211, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 211,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 186, 211, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 211, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
211, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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