

Converting Colors

RGB(186, 76, 121)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(186, 76, 121) contains.

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Color

RGB(186, 76, 121)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BA4C79
RGB	186, 76, 121
RGB Percent	73%, 30%, 47%
CMY	0.2706, 0.7020, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.35, 0.27
HSL	335°, 44%, 51%
HSV	335°, 59%, 73%
XYZ	26.2853, 16.9885, 19.9829
YIQ	114.0200, 51.1150, 37.3150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

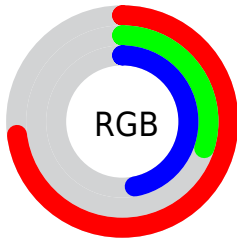
Format	Color
RYB	186, 76, 121
Decimal	12209273
CIELab	48.25, 48.84, -2.89
CIELCh	48, 48.923, 356.615
Yxy	16.9885, 0.4155, 0.2686
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290399353 (0xFFBA4C79)
YUV	114.0200, 3.4411, 63.1265
Hunter-Lab	41.2171, 41.7048, 0.1069

Details

The RGB color **186, 76, 121** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **76, 186, 141**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245, 130, 173**, and **129, 17, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186, 57, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 95, 132**.

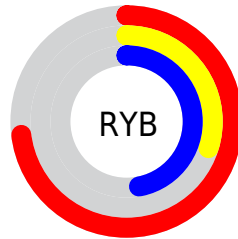
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (30%)

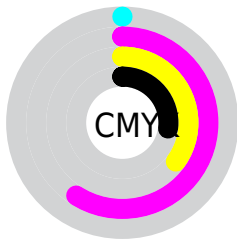
Blue (47%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (47%)

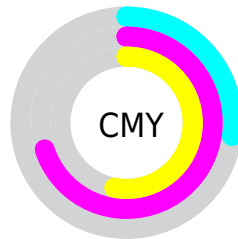


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 186, 76, 121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 186, 76, 121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 186, 76, 121  186, 76, 121

255, 255, 255  157, 49, 96

 245, 130, 173  129, 17, 73

 255, 157, 201  101, 0, 50

 255, 185, 229  74, 0, 29

 255, 213, 255  51, 0, 2

 255, 243, 255  0, 0, 0

 186, 76, 121  186, 76, 121

 186, 57, 110  186, 95, 132

 186, 39, 99  186, 113, 143

186, 20, 88

186, 132, 154

186, 2, 77

186, 150, 165

186, 0, 76

186, 169, 176

186, 188, 187

186, 206, 198

186, 225, 209

186, 243, 220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160, 88, 161



186, 76, 121



188, 80, 80

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186, 76, 121



100, 123, 34



0, 130, 183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186, 76, 121



76, 186, 141

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 134, 150



186, 76, 121



42, 130, 67

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186, 76, 121



140, 111, 23



0, 134, 108



0, 121, 197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186, 76, 121



178, 89, 56



0, 134, 108



0, 132, 174

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186, 76, 121



242, 199, 216



140, 76, 186



122, 95, 106



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186, 76, 121



242, 70, 141



186, 85, 76



92, 83, 86



156, 0, 64



28, 0, 11

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186, 76, 121



242, 70, 141



76, 177, 186



92, 83, 86



156, 0, 64



28, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 76, 121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

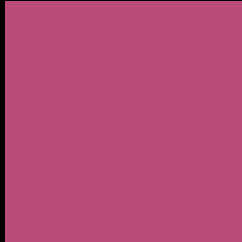
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 186, 76, 121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 186, 76, 121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 76, 121.

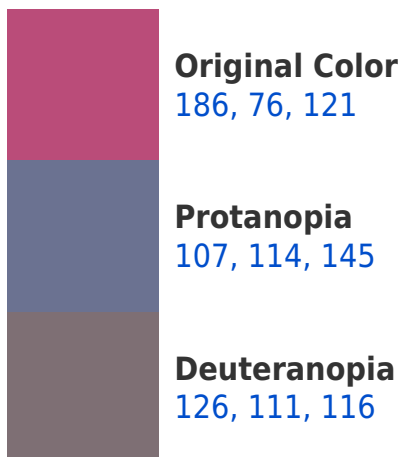


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 186, 76, 121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
183, 83, 88

Trichromacy



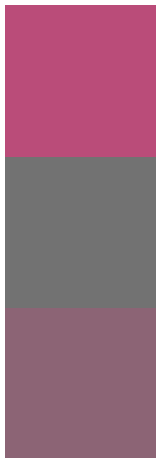
Original Color
186, 76, 121

Protanomaly
136, 100, 136

Deuteranomaly
148, 98, 118

Tritanomaly
184, 80, 100

Monochromacy



Original Color
186, 76, 121

Achromatopsia
114, 114, 114

Achromatomaly
140, 100, 117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 186, 76, 121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 76, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 76, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 76, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 76, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 186, 76, 121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 76, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 76, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 76, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 76, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 76, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 76,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 186, 76, 121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 76, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186, 76,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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