

Converting Colors

RGB(187, 161, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(187, 161, 108) contains.

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Color

RGB(187, 161, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBA16C
RGB	187, 161, 108
RGB Percent	73%, 63%, 42%
CMY	0.2667, 0.3686, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.42, 0.27
HSL	40°, 37%, 58%
HSV	40°, 42%, 73%
XYZ	35.9452, 37.1372, 19.4610
YIQ	162.7320, 32.5090, -10.9710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

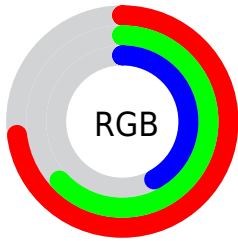
Format	Color
RYB	147, 187, 108
Decimal	12296556
CIELab	67.38, 2.18, 31.10
CIELCh	67, 31.176, 85.984
Yxy	37.1372, 0.3884, 0.4013
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290486636 (0xFFBBA16C)
YUV	162.7320, -26.9829, 21.2830
Hunter-Lab	60.9403, -1.3588, 23.7242

Details

The RGB color **187, 161, 108** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **108, 134, 187**, and the grayscale version is **163, 163, 163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 216, 160**, and **132, 110, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **187, 155, 89**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **187, 167, 127**.

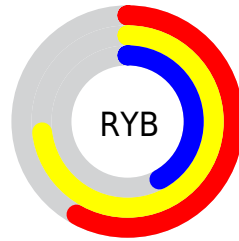
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (63%)

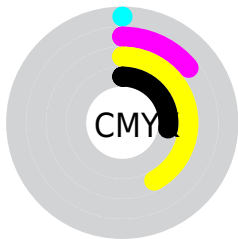
Blue (42%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (42%)

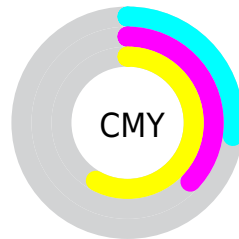


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 187, 161, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 187, 161, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 187, 161, 108

255, 255, 255

 244, 216, 160

 255, 244, 187

 255, 255, 215

 255, 255, 244

 187, 161, 108

 159, 135, 83

 132, 110, 59


 106, 85, 36

 80, 62, 13


 56, 41, 0


 32, 21, 0

 0, 0, 0

 187, 161, 108

 187, 155, 89

 187, 161, 108

 187, 167, 127

■ 187, 149, 71

■ 187, 173, 145

■ 187, 143, 52

■ 187, 179, 164

■ 187, 136, 33

■ 187, 186, 183

■ 187, 130, 14

■ 187, 192, 202

■ 187, 125, 0

■ 187, 198, 220

■ 187, 204, 239

■ 187, 210, 255

■ 187, 216, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209, 151, 118



187, 161, 108



158, 170, 113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



187, 161, 108



70, 179, 188



196, 149, 196

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



187, 161, 108



108, 134, 187

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163, 158, 214



187, 161, 108



82, 175, 210

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



187, 161, 108



93, 179, 159



120, 168, 220



216, 143, 169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



187, 161, 108



137, 174, 124



120, 168, 220



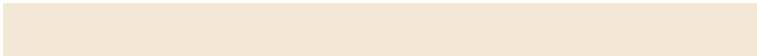
186, 152, 203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



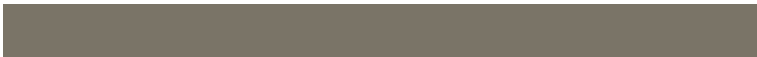
187, 161, 108



242, 232, 211



187, 108, 134



122, 116, 103



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



187, 161, 108



242, 202, 119



174, 187, 108



94, 91, 85



158, 106, 0



31, 21, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108, 134, 187



119, 159, 242



121, 108, 187



85, 88, 94



0, 52, 158



0, 10, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 187, 161, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

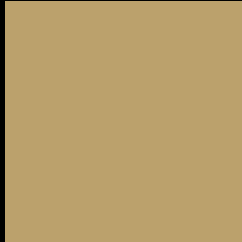
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 187, 161, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

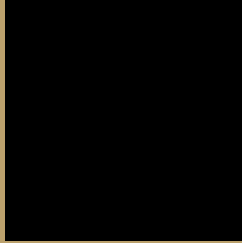
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 187, 161, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 187, 161, 108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 187, 161, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
187, 161, 108

Protanopia
178, 164, 109

Deuteranopia
197, 157, 109



Tritanopia
193, 154, 166

Trichromacy



Original Color
187, 161, 108

Protanomaly
181, 163, 109

Deuteranomaly
193, 158, 109

Tritanomaly
191, 157, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color
187, 161, 108

Achromatopsia
163, 163, 163

Achromatomaly
172, 162, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 187, 161, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 161, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 161, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 161, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 161, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 187, 161, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 161, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 161, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 161, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 161, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 161, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 161,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 187, 161, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 161, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
161, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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