

# Converting Colors

RGB(187, 164, 184)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(187, 164, 184) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(187, 164, 184)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBA4B8
RGB	187, 164, 184
RGB Percent	73%, 64%, 72%
CMY	0.2667, 0.3569, 0.2784
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.02, 0.27
HSL	308°, 14%, 69%
HSV	308°, 12%, 73%
XYZ	42.4207, 40.5764, 50.9436
YIQ	173.1570, 7.2880, 11.0960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

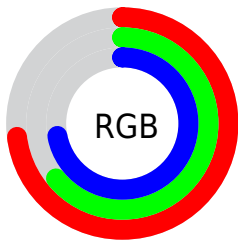
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	187, 164, 184
Decimal	12297400
CIE Lab	69.88, 11.94, -7.20
CIE LCh	70, 13.943, 328.915
Yxy	40.5764, 0.3167, 0.3029
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290487480 (0xFFBBA4B8)
YUV	173.1570, 5.3456, 12.1403
Hunter-Lab	63.6996, 7.3976, -2.8273

# Details

The RGB color **187, 164, 184** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **164, 187, 167**, and the grayscale version is **173, 173, 173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 219, 240**, and **134, 112, 131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **187, 145, 182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **187, 183, 186**.

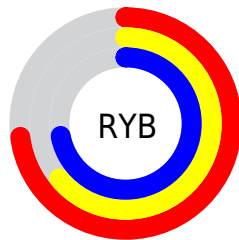
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (64%)

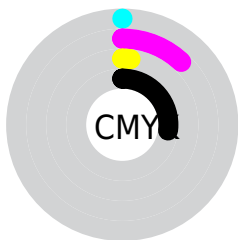
Blue (72%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (72%)

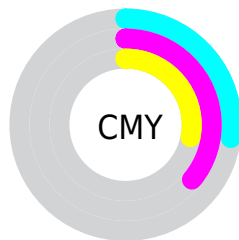


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 187, 164, 184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 187, 164, 184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 187, 164, 184

 187, 164, 184

255, 255, 255

 160, 138, 157


 243, 219, 240

 134, 112, 131

 255, 248, 255

 108, 88, 106

 84, 64, 82


 61, 42, 59


 39, 21, 37

 19, 0, 16

 0, 0, 0

 187, 164, 184

 187, 164, 184

 187, 145, 182

 187, 183, 186

 187, 127, 179

 187, 201, 189

 187, 108, 177

 187, 220, 191

 187, 89, 174

 187, 239, 194

 187, 71, 172

 187, 255, 196

 187, 52, 169

 187, 255, 199

 187, 33, 167

 187, 255, 201

 187, 14, 164

 187, 255, 204

 187, 0, 163

 187, 255, 206

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173, 168, 193



187, 164, 184



196, 162, 172

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



187, 164, 184



182, 170, 146



138, 178, 182

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



187, 164, 184



164, 187, 167

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 178, 170



187, 164, 184



167, 174, 148

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



187, 164, 184



192, 166, 150



153, 177, 157



143, 176, 192

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



187, 164, 184



198, 162, 163



153, 177, 157



138, 178, 178



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



187, 164, 184



242, 233, 241



167, 164, 187



122, 116, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



187, 164, 184



242, 206, 238



187, 164, 173



94, 85, 93



158, 0, 137



31, 0, 27



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187, 164, 184



242, 206, 238



164, 187, 178



94, 85, 93



158, 0, 137

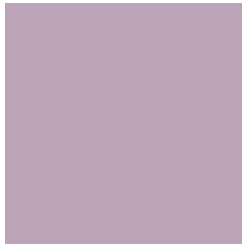


31, 0, 27



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 187, 164, 184 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

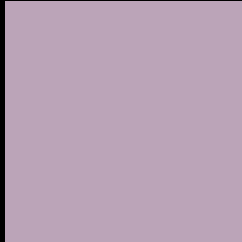
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 187, 164, 184 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

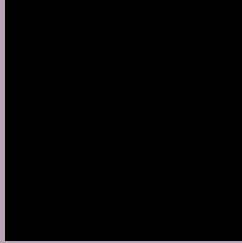
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 187, 164, 184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 187, 164, 184.





This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 187, 164, 184.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

	<b>Original Color</b> 187, 164, 184
	<b>Protanopia</b> 169, 170, 188
	<b>Deuteranopia</b> 182, 166, 184



**Tritanopia**  
186, 165, 178

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
187, 164, 184

**Protanomaly**  
176, 168, 187

**Deuteranomaly**  
184, 165, 184

**Tritanomaly**  
186, 165, 180

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
187, 164, 184

**Achromatopsia**  
173, 173, 173

**Achromatomaly**  
178, 170, 177

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 187, 164, 184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(187, 164, 184) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 164, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 164, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 164, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 187, 164, 184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 164, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 164, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 164, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 164, 184); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 164, 184); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 164, 184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 187, 164, 184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 164, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
164, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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