

Converting Colors

RGB(187, 183, 226)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(187, 183, 226) contains.

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Color

RGB(187, 183, 226)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBB7E2
RGB	187, 183, 226
RGB Percent	73%, 72%, 89%
CMY	0.2667, 0.2824, 0.1137
CMYK	0.17, 0.19, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	246°, 43%, 80%
HSV	246°, 19%, 89%
XYZ	51.1545, 49.9228, 78.8914
YIQ	189.0980, -11.4190, 14.2210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

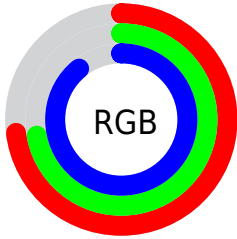
Format	Color
RYB	187, 183, 226
Decimal	12302306
CIELab	76.02, 10.06, -20.97
CIELCh	76, 23.265, 295.633
Yxy	49.9228, 0.2842, 0.2774
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290492386 (0xFFBBB7E2)
YUV	189.0980, 18.1927, -1.8399
Hunter-Lab	70.6560, 5.5847, -16.7414

Details

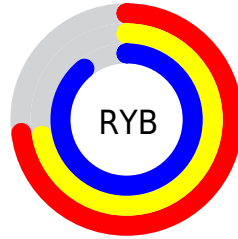
The RGB color **187, 183, 226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **222, 226, 183**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 239, 255**, and **133, 130, 171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **167, 160, 226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207, 206, 226**.

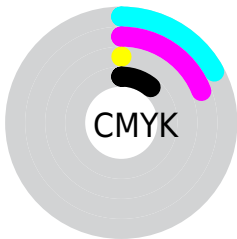
Distribution



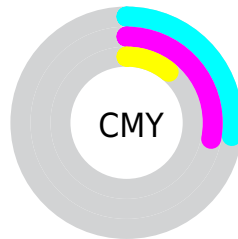
- Red (73%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 187, 183, 226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 187, 183, 226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 187, 183, 226

255, 255, 255

■ 244, 239, 255

■ 187, 183, 226

■ 160, 156, 198

■ 133, 130, 171

■ 108, 105, 144

■ 83, 81, 118

■ 59, 58, 93

■ 36, 36, 70

■ 14, 16, 47

■ 0, 1, 26

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 187, 183, 226

■ 187, 183, 226

■ 167, 160, 226

■ 207, 206, 226

■ 146, 138, 226

■ 228, 228, 226

■ 126, 115, 226

■ 248, 251, 226

■ 105, 93, 226

■ 255, 255, 226

■ 85, 70, 226

■ 64, 47, 226

■ 44, 25, 226

■ 23, 2, 226

■ 21, 0, 226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158, 190, 230



187, 183, 226



212, 176, 212

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



187, 183, 226



224, 178, 153



138, 200, 183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



187, 183, 226



222, 226, 183

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



159, 197, 163



187, 183, 226



207, 185, 145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



187, 183, 226



232, 173, 170



184, 192, 148



127, 199, 205

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



187, 183, 226



224, 173, 199



184, 192, 148



144, 199, 176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



187, 183, 226



241, 240, 255



183, 222, 226



119, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



187, 183, 226



202, 196, 255



208, 183, 226



102, 101, 112



16, 0, 176



5, 0, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



226, 183, 222



255, 196, 250



201, 226, 183



112, 101, 111



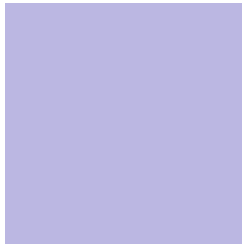
176, 0, 160



48, 0, 44

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 187, 183, 226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

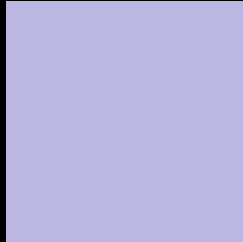
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 187, 183, 226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

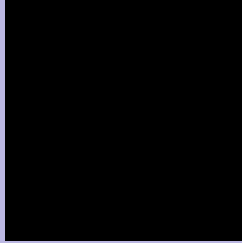
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 187, 183, 226 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 187, 183, 226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 187, 183, 226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

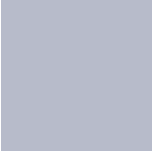
Dichromacy



Original Color
187, 183, 226

Protanopia
178, 186, 228

Deuteranopia
186, 183, 226



Tritanopia
183, 187, 202

Trichromacy



Original Color

187, 183, 226

Protanomaly

181, 185, 227

Deuteranomaly

186, 183, 226

Tritanomaly

184, 186, 211

Monochromacy



Original Color

187, 183, 226

Achromatopsia

189, 189, 189

Achromatomaly

188, 187, 202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 187, 183, 226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 183, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 183, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 183, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 183, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 187, 183, 226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 183, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 183, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 183, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 183, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 183, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 183,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 187, 183, 226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 183, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
183, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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