

Converting Colors

RGB(187, 211, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(187, 211, 171) contains.

RGB(187, 211, 171)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(187, 211, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBD3AB
RGB	187, 211, 171
RGB Percent	73%, 83%, 67%
CMY	0.2667, 0.1725, 0.3294
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.19, 0.17
HSL	96°, 31%, 75%
HSV	96°, 19%, 83%
XYZ	51.1385, 60.0936, 47.4320
YIQ	199.2640, -1.4640, -17.5280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

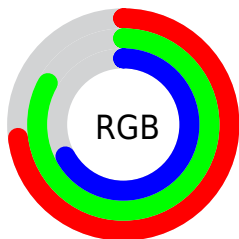
Format	Color
RYB	171, 211, 195
Decimal	12309419
CIELab	81.89, -15.27, 17.16
CIElCh	82, 22.970, 131.657
Yxy	60.0936, 0.3223, 0.3787
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290499499 (0xFFBBD3AB)
YUV	199.2640, -13.9342, -10.7555
Hunter-Lab	77.5201, -17.9072, 17.9864

Details

The RGB color **187, 211, 171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C9C999**. A complement of this color would be **195, 171, 211**, and the grayscale version is **199, 199, 199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 255, 226**, and **134, 156, 119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174, 211, 150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **200, 211, 192**.

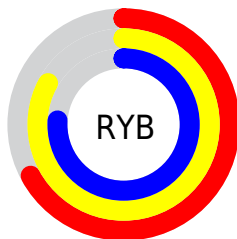
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (83%)

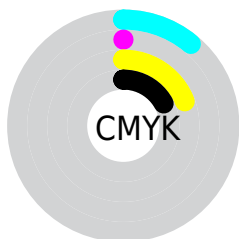
Blue (67%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (76%)

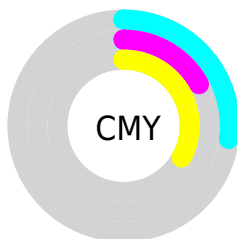


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 187, 211, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 187, 211, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 187, 211, 171

255, 255, 255

■ 243, 255, 226

■ 187, 211, 171

■ 160, 183, 144

■ 134, 156, 119

■ 108, 130, 94

■ 83, 105, 70

■ 60, 81, 47

■ 37, 58, 26

■ 18, 36, 0

■ 0, 13, 0

■ 0, 0, 0

 187, 211, 171

 187, 211, 171

 174, 211, 150


 200, 211, 192

 162, 211, 129


 212, 211, 213

 149, 211, 108


 225, 211, 234

 136, 211, 87

 238, 211, 255

 124, 211, 66

 250, 211, 255

 111, 211, 44

 255, 211, 255

 98, 211, 23

 86, 211, 2

 84, 211, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211, 205, 161



187, 211, 171



163, 215, 189

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



187, 211, 171



163, 209, 244



248, 188, 196

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



187, 211, 171



195, 171, 211

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



239, 190, 218



187, 211, 171



190, 203, 245

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



187, 211, 171



146, 214, 231



218, 195, 236



245, 191, 176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



187, 211, 171



151, 216, 204



218, 195, 236



246, 188, 203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



187, 211, 171



246, 255, 240



211, 195, 171



122, 128, 119



0, 0, 0



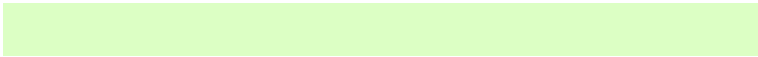
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



187, 211, 171



220, 255, 196



171, 211, 175



98, 105, 94



67, 168, 0



16, 41, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



195, 171, 211



232, 196, 255



211, 171, 207



100, 94, 105



101, 0, 168



24, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 187, 211, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

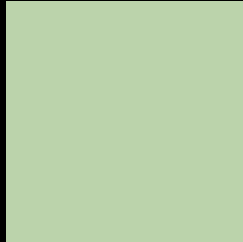
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 187, 211, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

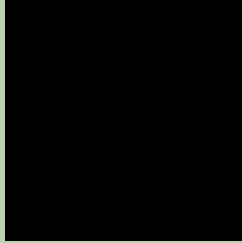
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 187, 211, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 187, 211, 171.

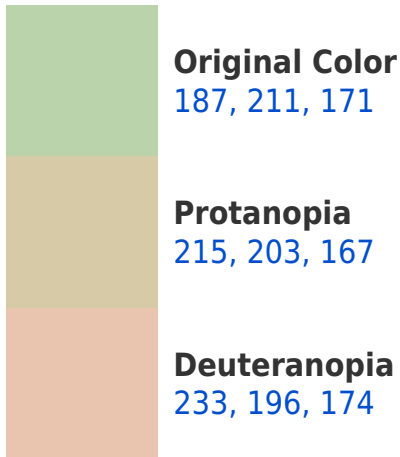


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 187, 211, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

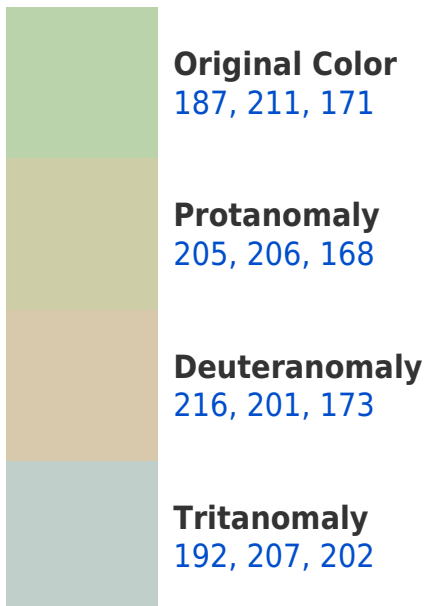
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
195, 204, 220

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 187, 211, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 211, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 211, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 211, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 211, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 187, 211, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 211, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 211, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 211, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 211, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 211, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 211,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 187, 211, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 211, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
211, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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