

Converting Colors

RGB(188, 13, 142)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(188, 13, 142) contains.

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Color

RGB(188, 13, 142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BC0D8E
RGB	188, 13, 142
RGB Percent	74%, 5%, 56%
CMY	0.2627, 0.9490, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.93, 0.24, 0.26
HSL	316°, 87%, 39%
HSV	316°, 93%, 74%
XYZ	25.7654, 12.9322, 26.7294
YIQ	80.0310, 62.8910, 77.2190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

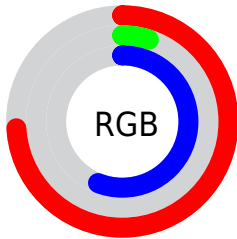
Format	Color
R_{YB}	188, 13, 142
Decimal	12324238
CIE _{Lab}	42.66, 70.75, -24.09
CIE _{LCh}	43, 74.736, 341.196
Yxy	12.9322, 0.3938, 0.1977
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290514318 (0xFFBC0D8E)
YUV	80.0310, 30.5507, 94.6888
Hunter-Lab	35.9614, 64.9585, -18.8961

Details

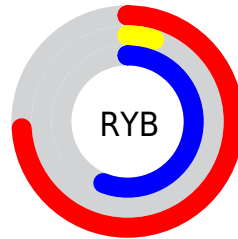
The RGB color **188, 13, 142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. A complement of this color would be **13, 188, 59**, and the grayscale version is **80, 80, 80**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **248, 89, 196**, and **130, 0, 91** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188, 0, 139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 32, 147**.

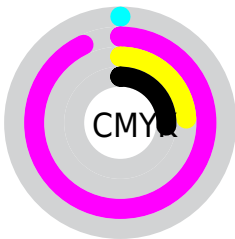
Distribution



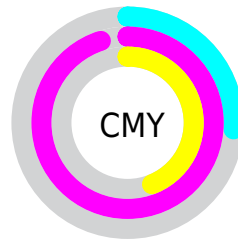
- Red (74%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 188, 13, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 188, 13, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



188, 13, 142



188, 13, 142

255, 255, 255



159, 0, 116



248, 89, 196



130, 0, 91



255, 119, 224



101, 0, 68



255, 148, 253



74, 0, 45



255, 177, 255



46, 0, 24



255, 207, 255



0, 0, 0



255, 236, 255



188, 13, 142




188, 13, 142



188, 0, 139




188, 32, 147


 188, 51, 152


 188, 69, 157


 188, 88, 162

 188, 107, 167

 188, 126, 172

 188, 145, 177

 188, 163, 182

 188, 182, 186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128, 70, 195



188, 13, 142



205, 0, 81

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 13, 142



103, 106, 0



0, 125, 182

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 13, 142



13, 188, 59

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 126, 123



188, 13, 142



10, 118, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 13, 142



154, 83, 0



0, 124, 58



0, 119, 219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 13, 142



199, 25, 41



0, 124, 58



0, 126, 164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 13, 142



245, 176, 227



57, 13, 188



122, 81, 111



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 13, 142



245, 0, 180



188, 13, 57



94, 85, 92



158, 0, 117



31, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188, 13, 142



245, 0, 180



13, 188, 144



94, 85, 92



158, 0, 117



31, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 13, 142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 13, 142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

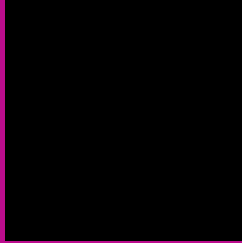
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 188, 13, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 13, 142.

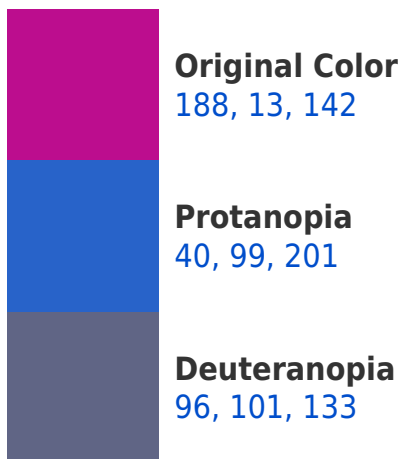


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 13, 142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

182, 57, 60

Trichromacy



Original Color

188, 13, 142



Protanomaly

94, 68, 180



Deuteranomaly

129, 69, 136



Tritanomaly

184, 41, 90

Monochromacy



Original Color

188, 13, 142



Achromatopsia

80, 80, 80



Achromatomaly

119, 56, 103

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 188, 13, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 13, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 13, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 13, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 13, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 188, 13, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 13, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 13, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 13, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 13, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 13, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 13,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 188, 13, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 13, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188, 13,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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