

Converting Colors

RGB(188, 160, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(188, 160, 124) contains.

RGB(188, 160, 124)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(188, 160, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCA07C
RGB	188, 160, 124
RGB Percent	74%, 63%, 49%
CMY	0.2627, 0.3725, 0.5137
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.34, 0.26
HSL	34°, 32%, 61%
HSV	34°, 34%, 74%
XYZ	36.9479, 37.2882, 24.3188
YIQ	164.2680, 28.2440, -5.2600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

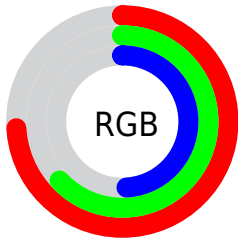
Format	Color
RYB	174, 188, 124
Decimal	12361852
CIELab	67.49, 5.03, 22.61
CIELCh	67, 23.160, 77.459
Yxy	37.2882, 0.3749, 0.3783
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290551932 (0xFFBCA07C)
YUV	164.2680, -19.8521, 20.8130
Hunter-Lab	61.0641, 1.1425, 19.1326

Details

The RGB color **188, 160, 124** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **124, 152, 188**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245, 215, 177**, and **134, 109, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188, 152, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 168, 143**.

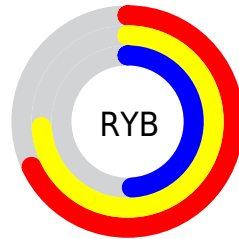
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (63%)

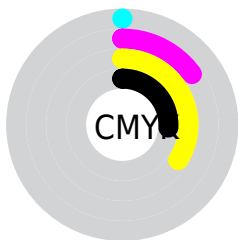
Blue (49%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (49%)

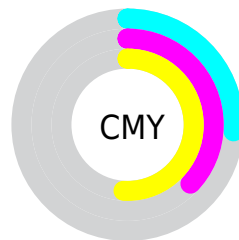


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 188, 160, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 188, 160, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 188, 160, 124


255, 255, 255

 245, 215, 177

 255, 243, 204

 255, 255, 233

 188, 160, 124

 160, 134, 99

 134, 109, 75

 108, 84, 52

 82, 61, 30


 58, 40, 7

 35, 19, 0


 0, 0, 0

 188, 160, 124


 188, 152, 105

 188, 160, 124

 188, 168, 143


 188, 144, 86

 188, 176, 162

 188, 135, 68

 188, 185, 180

 188, 127, 49

 188, 193, 199

 188, 119, 30

 188, 201, 218

 188, 111, 11

 188, 209, 237

 188, 106, 0

 188, 218, 255

 188, 226, 255

 188, 234, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 153, 134



188, 160, 124



167, 167, 124

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 160, 124



106, 176, 176



182, 155, 193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 160, 124



124, 152, 188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 162, 204



188, 160, 124



108, 174, 194

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 160, 124



121, 176, 155



128, 169, 205



201, 150, 174

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 160, 124



151, 171, 131



128, 169, 205



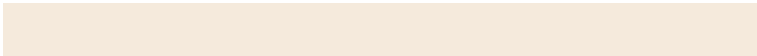
174, 157, 198

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 160, 124



245, 234, 220



188, 124, 153



122, 116, 108



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 160, 124



245, 201, 144



185, 188, 124



94, 90, 85



158, 89, 0



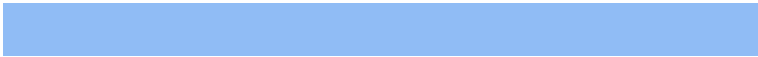
31, 17, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124, 152, 188



144, 188, 245



127, 124, 188



85, 89, 94



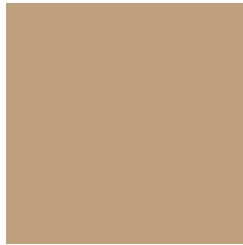
0, 69, 158



0, 13, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 160, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

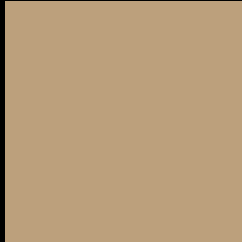
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 160, 124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

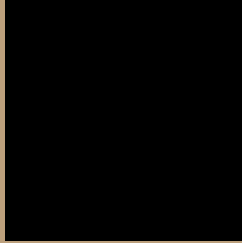
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 188, 160, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 160, 124.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 160, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
188, 160, 124

Protanopia
176, 164, 126

Deuteranopia
194, 158, 124



Tritanopia

193, 154, 166

Trichromacy



Original Color

188, 160, 124

Protanomaly

180, 163, 125

Deuteranomaly

192, 159, 124

Tritanomaly

191, 156, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color

188, 160, 124

Achromatopsia

164, 164, 164

Achromatomaly

173, 163, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 188, 160, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 160, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 160, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 160, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 160, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 188, 160, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 160, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 160, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 160, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 160, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 160, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 160,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 188, 160, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 160, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
160, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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