

Converting Colors

RGB(188, 173, 167)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(188, 173, 167) contains.

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Color

RGB(188, 173, 167)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCADA7
RGB	188, 173, 167
RGB Percent	74%, 68%, 65%
CMY	0.2627, 0.3216, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.11, 0.26
HSL	17°, 14%, 70%
HSV	17°, 11%, 74%
XYZ	42.6577, 43.3685, 42.6819
YIQ	176.8010, 10.8660, 1.3140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

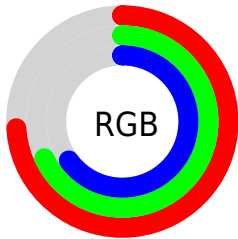
Format	Color
RYB	188, 175, 167
Decimal	12365223
CIELab	71.80, 4.35, 5.01
CIELCh	72, 6.638, 49.072
Yxy	43.3685, 0.3314, 0.3370
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290555303 (0xFFBCADA7)
YUV	176.8010, -4.8319, 9.8215
Hunter-Lab	65.8548, 0.3781, 7.6712

Details

The RGB color **188, 173, 167** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **167, 182, 188**, and the grayscale version is **177, 177, 177**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 228, 222**, and **135, 121, 115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188, 160, 148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 186, 186**.

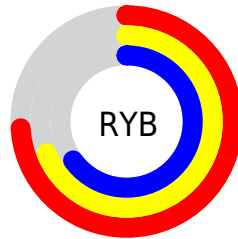
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (68%)

Blue (65%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (65%)

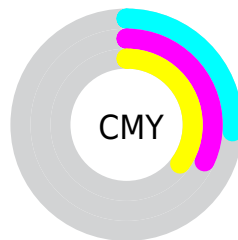


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 188, 173, 167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 188, 173, 167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 188, 173, 167

255, 255, 255

 244, 228, 222

 255, 255, 251


 188, 173, 167

 161, 146, 141

 135, 121, 115

 109, 96, 91


 85, 72, 67

 61, 50, 45

 39, 29, 24

 19, 3, 0


 0, 0, 0

 188, 173, 167

 188, 173, 167

 188, 160, 148


 188, 186, 186

 188, 146, 129


 188, 200, 205

 188, 133, 111

 188, 213, 223

 188, 119, 92

 188, 227, 242

 188, 106, 73

 188, 240, 255

 188, 92, 54

 188, 254, 255

 188, 79, 35

 188, 255, 255

 188, 66, 17

 188, 54, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189, 172, 172



188, 173, 167



183, 175, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 173, 167



164, 179, 173



175, 175, 187

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 173, 167



167, 182, 188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167, 177, 188



188, 173, 167



161, 180, 180

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 173, 167



170, 178, 168



163, 179, 185



182, 173, 184

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 173, 167



179, 176, 164



163, 179, 185



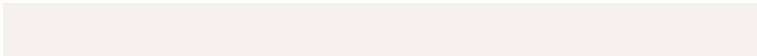
172, 176, 188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 173, 167



245, 240, 237



188, 167, 182



122, 119, 118



250, 250, 250



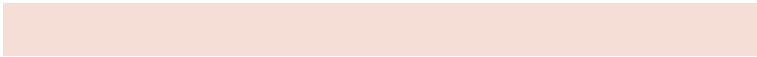
122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 173, 167



245, 222, 213



188, 183, 167



94, 88, 85



158, 45, 0



31, 9, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167, 182, 188



213, 236, 245



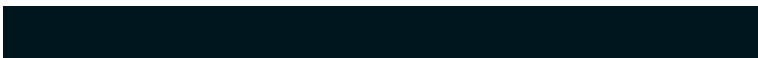
167, 172, 188



85, 92, 94



0, 113, 158



0, 22, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 173, 167 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 173, 167 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

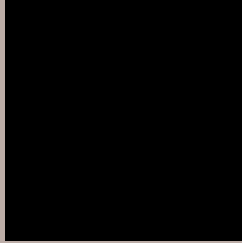
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 188, 173, 167 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 173, 167.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 173, 167.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
188, 173, 167

Protanopia
181, 175, 168

Deuteranopia
196, 170, 168



Tritanopia
190, 170, 184

Trichromacy



Original Color

188, 173, 167

Protanomaly

184, 174, 168

Deuteranomaly

193, 171, 168

Tritanomaly

189, 171, 178

Monochromacy



Original Color

188, 173, 167

Achromatopsia

177, 177, 177

Achromatomaly

181, 176, 173

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 188, 173, 167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(188, 173, 167) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 173, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 173, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 173, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 188, 173, 167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 173, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 173, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 173, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 173, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 173, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 173,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 188, 173, 167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 173, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
173, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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