

Converting Colors

RGB(188, 177, 154)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(188, 177, 154) contains.

RGB(188, 177, 154)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(188, 177, 154)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCB19A
RGB	188, 177, 154
RGB Percent	74%, 69%, 60%
CMY	0.2627, 0.3059, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.18, 0.26
HSL	41°, 20%, 67%
HSV	41°, 18%, 74%
XYZ	42.2939, 44.4687, 36.9260
YIQ	177.6670, 13.9390, -4.8210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

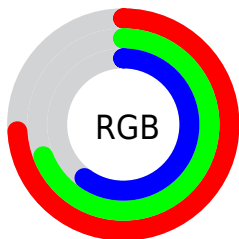
Format	Color
RYB	170, 188, 154
Decimal	12366234
CIELab	72.54, 0.08, 13.18
CIELCh	73, 13.184, 89.638
Yxy	44.4687, 0.3419, 0.3595
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290556314 (0xFFBCB19A)
YUV	177.6670, -11.6678, 9.0620
Hunter-Lab	66.6849, -3.4875, 13.8482

Details

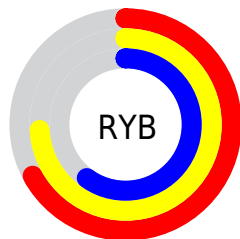
The RGB color **188, 177, 154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **154, 165, 188**, and the grayscale version is **178, 178, 178**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 233, 208**, and **134, 125, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188, 171, 135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 183, 173**.

Distribution



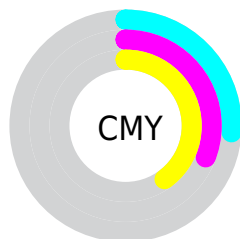
- Red (74%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 188, 177, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 188, 177, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 188, 177, 154


255, 255, 255


 244, 233, 208

 255, 255, 237


 188, 177, 154

 161, 150, 128

 134, 125, 103

 109, 100, 79

 84, 76, 56

 61, 53, 34

 39, 32, 13

 14, 9, 0

 0, 0, 0

 188, 177, 154

 188, 177, 154

■ 188, 171, 135

■ 188, 183, 173

■ 188, 165, 116

■ 188, 189, 192

■ 188, 159, 98

■ 188, 195, 210

■ 188, 153, 79

■ 188, 201, 229

■ 188, 147, 60

■ 188, 207, 248

■ 188, 141, 41

■ 188, 213, 255

■ 188, 134, 22

■ 188, 220, 255

■ 188, 128, 4

■ 188, 226, 255

■ 188, 127, 0

■ 188, 232, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198, 173, 158



188, 177, 154



175, 181, 157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 177, 154



147, 185, 189



194, 171, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 177, 154



154, 165, 188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



180, 175, 199



188, 177, 154



152, 182, 198

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 177, 154



151, 185, 177



165, 179, 202



202, 170, 178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 177, 154



165, 183, 162



165, 179, 202



190, 172, 194

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 177, 154



245, 241, 233



188, 154, 165



122, 120, 115



250, 250, 250



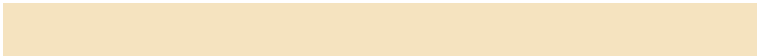
122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 177, 154



245, 227, 191



182, 188, 154



94, 91, 85



158, 107, 0



31, 21, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 165, 188



191, 208, 245



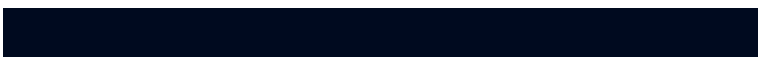
160, 154, 188



85, 88, 94



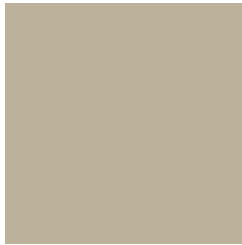
0, 51, 158



0, 10, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 177, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

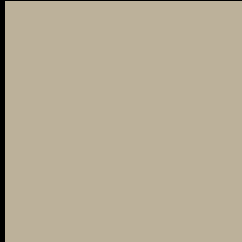
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 177, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

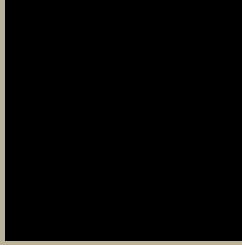
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 188, 177, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 177, 154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 177, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
188, 177, 154

Protanopia
187, 177, 154

Deuteranopia
203, 171, 155



Tritanopia
192, 172, 186

Trichromacy



Original Color

188, 177, 154

Protanomaly

187, 177, 154

Deuteranomaly

198, 173, 155

Tritanomaly

191, 174, 174

Monochromacy



Original Color

188, 177, 154

Achromatopsia

178, 178, 178

Achromatomaly

182, 178, 169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 188, 177, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(188, 177, 154) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 177, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 177, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 177, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 188, 177, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

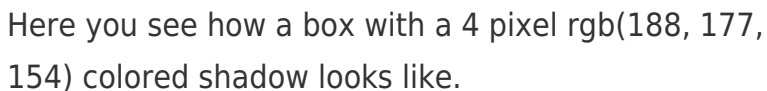
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 177, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 177, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 177, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 177, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 177, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 177,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 188, 177, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 177, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
177, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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