

Converting Colors

RGB(188, 179, 206)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(188, 179, 206) contains.

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Color

RGB(188, 179, 206)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCB3CE
RGB	188, 179, 206
RGB Percent	74%, 70%, 81%
CMY	0.2627, 0.2980, 0.1922
CMYK	0.09, 0.13, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	260°, 22%, 75%
HSV	260°, 13%, 81%
XYZ	47.9997, 47.3878, 65.0094
YIQ	184.7690, -3.3030, 10.3050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

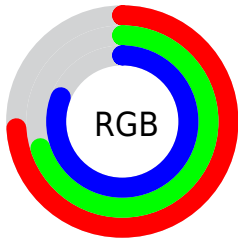
Format	Color
R_{YB}	188, 179, 206
Decimal	12366798
CIE _{Lab}	74.44, 8.36, -12.48
CIE _{LCh}	74, 15.023, 303.796
Yxy	47.3878, 0.2993, 0.2954
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290556878 (0xFFBCB3CE)
YUV	184.7690, 10.4669, 2.8336
Hunter-Lab	68.8388, 3.9961, -7.8047

Details

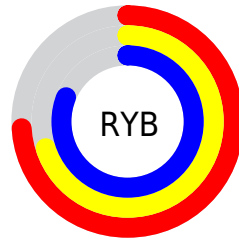
The RGB color **188, 179, 206** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C4CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **197, 206, 179**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 235, 255**, and **135, 126, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174, 158, 206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **202, 200, 206**.

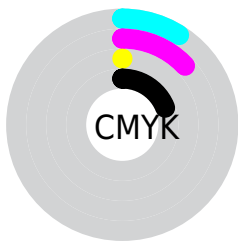
Distribution



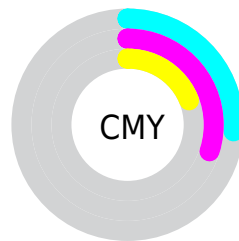
- Red (74%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 188, 179, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 188, 179, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 188, 179, 206

255, 255, 255

■ 244, 235, 255

■ 188, 179, 206

■ 161, 152, 178

■ 135, 126, 152

■ 109, 101, 126

■ 85, 77, 101

■ 61, 55, 77

■ 39, 33, 54

■ 20, 11, 33

■ 0, 0, 7

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 188, 179, 206

■ 188, 179, 206

■ 174, 158, 206

■ 202, 200, 206

■ 161, 138, 206

■ 215, 220, 206

■ 147, 117, 206

■ 229, 241, 206

■ 133, 97, 206

■ 243, 255, 206

■ 119, 76, 206

■ 255, 255, 206

■ 106, 55, 206

■ 92, 35, 206

■ 78, 14, 206

■ 69, 0, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



170, 184, 210



188, 179, 206



203, 175, 196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 179, 206



205, 178, 159



150, 191, 184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 179, 206



197, 206, 179

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



162, 190, 170



188, 179, 206



192, 183, 156

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 179, 206



212, 175, 168



177, 187, 160



148, 191, 198

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 179, 206



209, 174, 187



177, 187, 160



153, 191, 180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 179, 206



248, 245, 255



179, 197, 206



123, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 179, 206



228, 214, 255



202, 179, 206



95, 92, 102



55, 0, 166



13, 0, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206, 179, 197



255, 214, 241



184, 206, 179



102, 92, 99



166, 0, 110



38, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 179, 206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

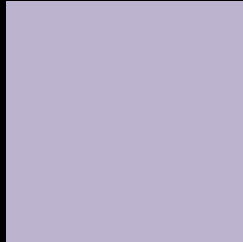
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 179, 206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

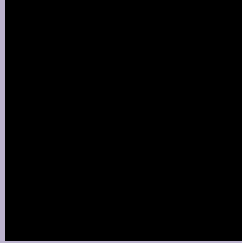
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 188, 179, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 179, 206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 179, 206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
188, 179, 206

Protanopia
179, 182, 208

Deuteranopia
190, 178, 206



Tritanopia
186, 181, 195

Trichromacy



Original Color

188, 179, 206

Protanomaly

182, 181, 207

Deuteranomaly

189, 178, 206

Tritanomaly

187, 180, 199

Monochromacy



Original Color

188, 179, 206

Achromatopsia

185, 185, 185

Achromatomaly

186, 183, 193

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 188, 179, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(188, 179, 206) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 179, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 179, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 179, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 188, 179, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

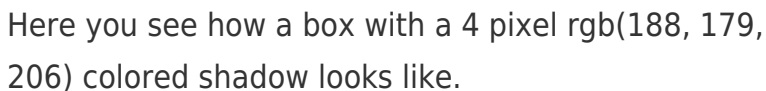
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 179, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 179, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 179, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 179, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 179, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 179,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 188, 179, 206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 179, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
179, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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