

Converting Colors

RGB(188, 189, 228)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(188, 189, 228) contains.

RGB(188, 189, 228)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(188, 189, 228)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCBDE4
RGB	188, 189, 228
RGB Percent	74%, 74%, 89%
CMY	0.2627, 0.2588, 0.1059
CMYK	0.18, 0.17, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	238°, 43%, 82%
HSV	238°, 18%, 89%
XYZ	52.9402, 52.6880, 80.7783
YIQ	193.1470, -13.1150, 11.9170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

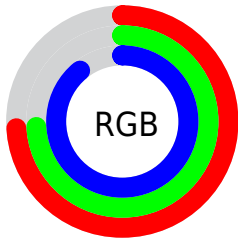
Format	Color
R _Y B	188, 189, 228
Decimal	12369380
CIE Lab	77.69, 7.55, -19.52
CIE LCh	78, 20.928, 291.149
Yxy	52.6880, 0.2840, 0.2827
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290559460 (0xFFBCBDE4)
YUV	193.1470, 17.1825, -4.5139
Hunter-Lab	72.5865, 3.1608, -15.1707

Details

The RGB color **188, 189, 228** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **228, 227, 188**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245, 245, 255**, and **134, 136, 173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **165, 167, 228**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **211, 211, 228**.

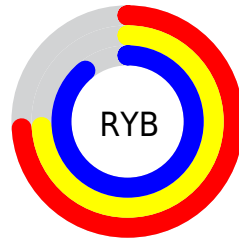
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (74%)

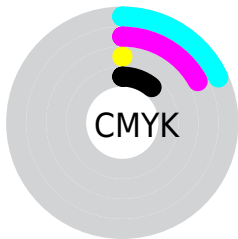
Blue (89%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (89%)

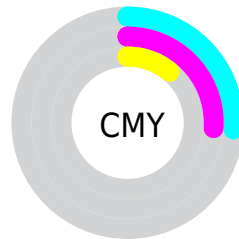


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 188, 189, 228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 188, 189, 228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 188, 189, 228

255, 255, 255

■ 245, 245, 255

■ 188, 189, 228

■ 161, 162, 200

■ 134, 136, 173

■ 109, 110, 146

■ 84, 86, 120

■ 60, 63, 95

■ 37, 41, 71


■ 14, 21, 49


■ 0, 1, 28


■ 0, 0, 0

 188, 189, 228


 188, 189, 228

 165, 167, 228


 211, 211, 228

 142, 145, 228

 234, 233, 228

 120, 122, 228


 255, 255, 228


 97, 100, 228

 74, 78, 228

 51, 56, 228

 28, 33, 228

 6, 11, 228

 0, 6, 228

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 195, 230



188, 189, 228



212, 183, 217

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 189, 228



227, 183, 163



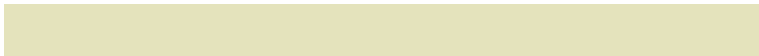
150, 203, 185

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 189, 228



228, 227, 188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170, 200, 167



188, 189, 228



213, 189, 154

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 189, 228



233, 179, 179



192, 195, 156



140, 203, 205

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 189, 228



223, 180, 205



192, 195, 156



156, 202, 179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 189, 228



242, 243, 255



188, 228, 227



120, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 189, 228



201, 203, 255



207, 188, 228



103, 104, 115



0, 4, 179



0, 1, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



228, 188, 189



255, 201, 203



209, 228, 188



115, 103, 104



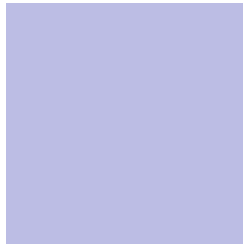
179, 0, 4



51, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 189, 228 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

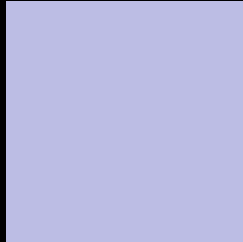
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 189, 228 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

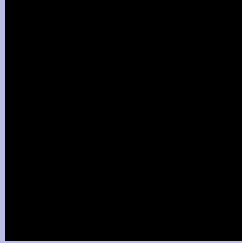
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 188, 189, 228 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 189, 228.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 189, 228.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

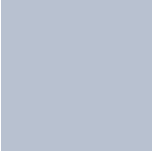
188, 189, 228

Protanopia

184, 190, 229

Deuteranopia

193, 187, 228



Tritanopia
184, 193, 208

Trichromacy



Original Color
188, 189, 228

Protanomaly
185, 190, 229

Deuteranomaly
191, 188, 228

Tritanomaly
185, 192, 215

Monochromacy



Original Color
188, 189, 228

Achromatopsia
193, 193, 193

Achromatomaly
191, 192, 206

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 188, 189, 228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 189, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 189, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 189, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 189, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 188, 189, 228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

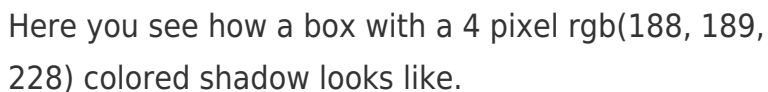
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 189, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 189, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 189, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 189, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 189, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 189,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 188, 189, 228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 189, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
189, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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