

Converting Colors

RGB(188, 242, 115)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(188, 242, 115) contains.

RGB(188, 242, 115)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(188, 242, 115)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCF273
RGB	188, 242, 115
RGB Percent	74%, 95%, 45%
CMY	0.2627, 0.0510, 0.5490
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.52, 0.05
HSL	86°, 83%, 70%
HSV	86°, 52%, 95%
XYZ	55.5857, 75.4334, 27.8501
YIQ	211.3760, 8.5830, -50.9450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

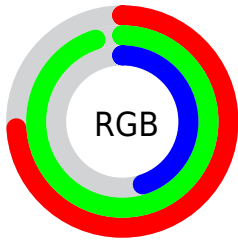
Format	Color
RYB	115, 242, 169
Decimal	12382835
CIELab	89.60, -37.02, 55.11
CIElCh	90, 66.388, 123.896
Yxy	75.4334, 0.3499, 0.4748
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290572915 (0xFFBCF273)
YUV	211.3760, -47.5134, -20.5008
Hunter-Lab	86.8524, -37.7515, 41.7848

Details

The RGB color **188, 242, 115** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF66**. A complement of this color would be **169, 115, 242**, and the grayscale version is **212, 212, 212**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **246, 255, 170**, and **132, 186, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **178, 242, 91**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 242, 139**.

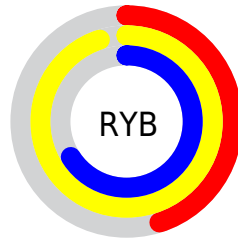
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (95%)

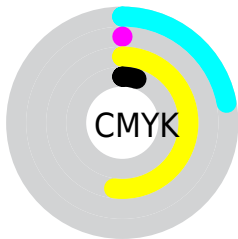
Blue (45%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (66%)

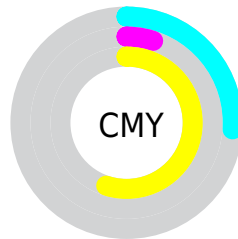


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 188, 242, 115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 188, 242, 115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 188, 242, 115


255, 255, 255

 246, 255, 170

 255, 255, 198

 255, 255, 227

 188, 242, 115

 160, 213, 88

 132, 186, 61

 104, 158, 33

 77, 132, 0

 49, 107, 0

 19, 82, 0


 0, 58, 0

 0, 38, 0

 0, 0, 0

 188, 242, 115

 188, 242, 115

 178, 242, 91


 198, 242, 139

 167, 242, 67

 209, 242, 163

 157, 242, 42

 219, 242, 188

 147, 242, 18

 229, 242, 212

 139, 242, 0

 239, 242, 236

 250, 242, 255

 255, 242, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



254, 225, 93



188, 242, 115



98, 253, 167

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 242, 115



0, 246, 255



255, 170, 219

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 242, 115



169, 115, 242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 181, 255



188, 242, 115



122, 229, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 242, 115



0, 255, 255



240, 205, 255



255, 179, 158

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 242, 115



0, 255, 210



240, 205, 255



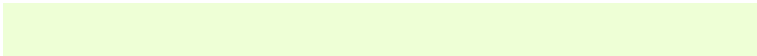
255, 172, 241

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 242, 115



238, 255, 214



242, 168, 115



117, 128, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 242, 115



187, 255, 94



126, 242, 115



115, 120, 108



106, 184, 0



32, 56, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169, 115, 242



163, 94, 255



231, 115, 242



113, 108, 120



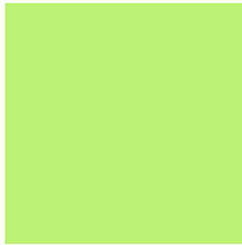
78, 0, 184



24, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 242, 115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 242, 115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 188, 242, 115 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 242, 115.

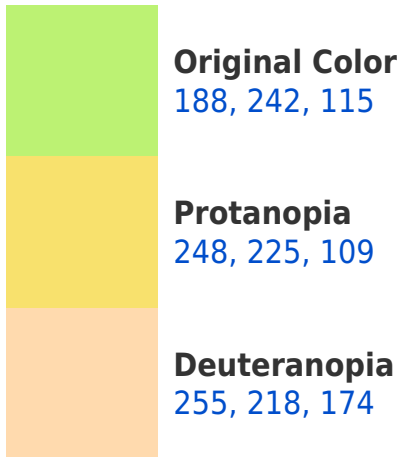


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 242, 115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





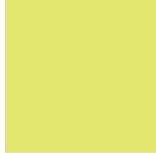
Tritanopia
206, 228, 246

Trichromacy



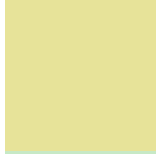
Original Color

188, 242, 115



Protanomaly

226, 231, 111



Deuteranomaly

231, 227, 153



Tritanomaly

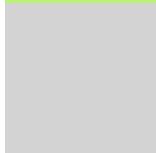
199, 233, 198

Monochromacy



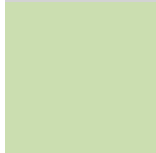
Original Color

188, 242, 115



Achromatopsia

211, 211, 211



Achromatomaly

203, 222, 176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 188, 242, 115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 242, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 242, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 242, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 242, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 188, 242, 115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 242, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 242, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 242, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 242, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 242, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 242,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 188, 242, 115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 242, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
242, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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