

Converting Colors

RGB(188, 242, 198)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(188, 242, 198) contains.

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Color

RGB(188, 242, 198)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCF2C6
RGB	188, 242, 198
RGB Percent	74%, 95%, 78%
CMY	0.2627, 0.0510, 0.2235
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.18, 0.05
HSL	131°, 67%, 84%
HSV	131°, 22%, 95%
XYZ	62.6842, 78.2728, 65.2304
YIQ	220.8380, -18.0600, -25.1320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

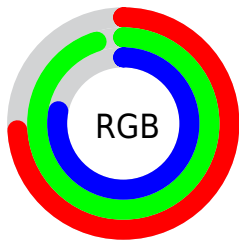
Format	Color
RYB	188, 234, 242
Decimal	12382918
CIELab	90.90, -25.57, 15.72
CIELCh	91, 30.017, 148.426
Yxy	78.2728, 0.3040, 0.3796
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290572998 (0xFFBCF2C6)
YUV	220.8380, -11.2591, -28.7989
Hunter-Lab	88.4719, -28.3549, 18.2158

Details

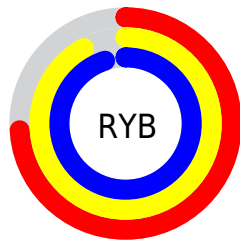
The RGB color **188, 242, 198** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **242, 188, 232**, and the grayscale version is **221, 221, 221**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245, 255, 255**, and **134, 186, 144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **164, 242, 178**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **212, 242, 218**.

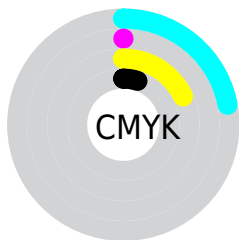
Distribution



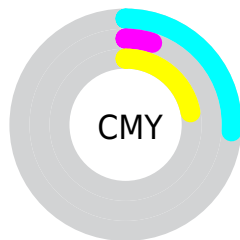
- Red (74%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 188, 242, 198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 188, 242, 198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 188, 242, 198

255, 255, 255


 245, 255, 255

 188, 242, 198

 161, 214, 171

 134, 186, 144

 108, 159, 118

 82, 132, 94

 58, 107, 70

 33, 82, 47

 5, 59, 26

 0, 37, 0

 0, 6, 0

 188, 242, 198

 188, 242, 198

 164, 242, 178

 212, 242, 218

 140, 242, 159

 236, 242, 237

 115, 242, 139

 255, 242, 255

 91, 242, 119

 67, 242, 99

 43, 242, 80

 19, 242, 60

 0, 242, 45

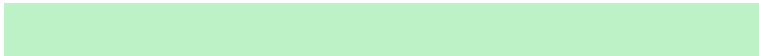
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



221, 235, 178



188, 242, 198



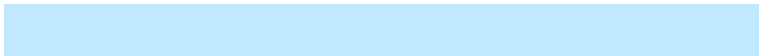
159, 245, 226

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 242, 198



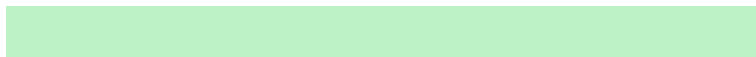
192, 232, 255



255, 210, 203

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 242, 198



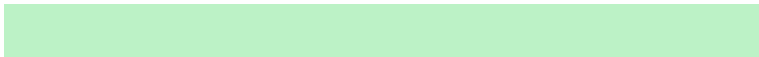
242, 188, 232

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 208, 232



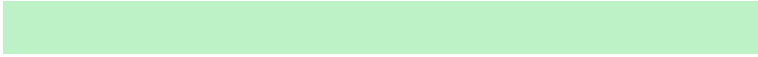
188, 242, 198



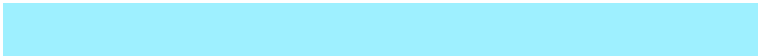
232, 222, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 242, 198



158, 240, 255



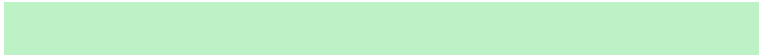
255, 213, 255



255, 217, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 242, 198



147, 245, 246



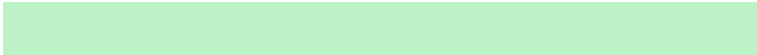
255, 213, 255



255, 209, 212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 242, 198



237, 255, 240



232, 242, 188



117, 128, 119



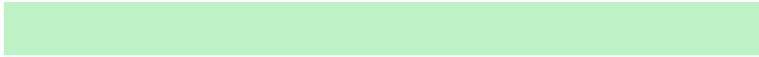
0, 0, 0



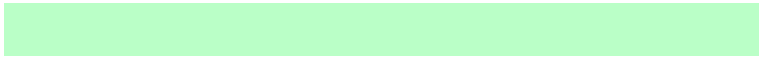
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 242, 198



186, 255, 199



188, 242, 225



108, 120, 110



0, 184, 34



0, 56, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 188, 232



255, 186, 242



242, 188, 205



120, 108, 118



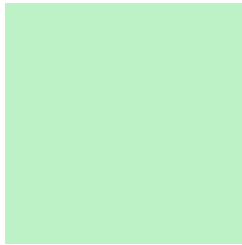
184, 0, 150



56, 0, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 242, 198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

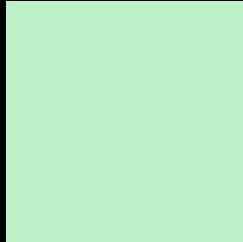
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 242, 198 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

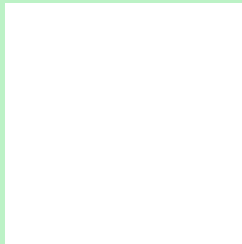
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 188, 242, 198 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 242, 198.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 242, 198.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





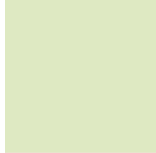
Tritanopia
198, 234, 253

Trichromacy



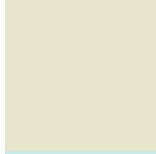
Original Color

188, 242, 198



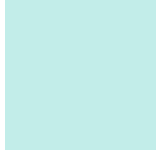
Protanomaly

222, 233, 194



Deuteranomaly

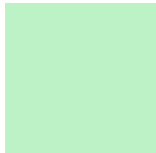
231, 229, 204



Tritanomaly

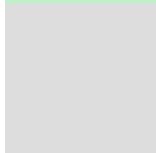
194, 237, 233

Monochromacy



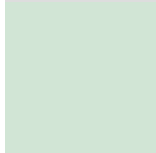
Original Color

188, 242, 198



Achromatopsia

221, 221, 221



Achromatomaly

209, 229, 213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 188, 242, 198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 242, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 242, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 242, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 242, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 188, 242, 198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 242, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 242, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 242, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 242, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 242, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 242,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 188, 242, 198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 242, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
242, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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