

Converting Colors

RGB(188, 7, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(188, 7, 124) contains.

RGB(188, 7, 124)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(188, 7, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BC077C
RGB	188, 7, 124
RGB Percent	74%, 3%, 49%
CMY	0.2627, 0.9725, 0.5137
CMYK	0.00, 0.96, 0.34, 0.26
HSL	321°, 93%, 38%
HSV	321°, 96%, 74%
XYZ	24.4531, 12.2986, 20.1538
YIQ	74.4570, 70.3190, 74.7590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

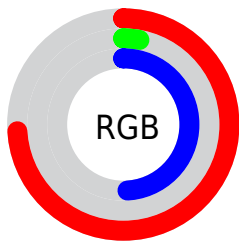
Format	Color
RYB	188, 7, 124
Decimal	12322684
CIELab	41.69, 69.36, -14.52
CIELCh	42, 70.860, 348.176
Yxy	12.2986, 0.4297, 0.2161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290512764 (0xFFBC077C)
YUV	74.4570, 24.4247, 99.5772
Hunter-Lab	35.0693, 63.0931, -9.5246

Details

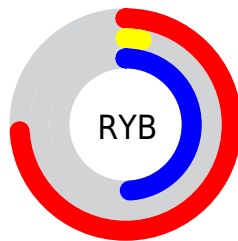
The RGB color **188, 7, 124** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. A complement of this color would be **7, 188, 71**, and the grayscale version is **74, 74, 74**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **249, 87, 177**, and **129, 0, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188, 0, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 26, 131**.

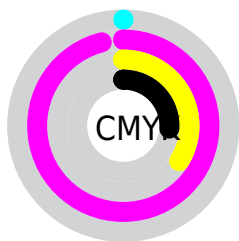
Distribution



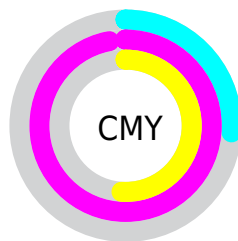
- Red (74%)
- Green (3%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 188, 7, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 188, 7, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



188, 7, 124



188, 7, 124

255, 255, 255



158, 0, 99



249, 87, 177



129, 0, 75



255, 117, 204



100, 0, 52



255, 146, 232



73, 0, 31



255, 175, 255



45, 0, 2



255, 204, 255



0, 0, 0



255, 234, 255



188, 7, 124



188, 7, 124



188, 0, 122



188, 26, 131

■ 188, 45, 137

■ 188, 63, 144

■ 188, 82, 151

■ 188, 101, 157

■ 188, 120, 164

■ 188, 139, 171

■ 188, 157, 177

■ 188, 176, 184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142, 61, 177



188, 7, 124



197, 3, 66

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 7, 124



87, 106, 0



0, 121, 185

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 7, 124



7, 188, 71

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 123, 133



188, 7, 124



0, 116, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 7, 124



139, 88, 0



0, 121, 72



0, 112, 214

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 7, 124



186, 43, 28



0, 121, 72



0, 122, 170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 7, 124



245, 174, 220



70, 7, 188



122, 80, 107



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 7, 124



245, 0, 158



188, 7, 34



94, 85, 91



158, 0, 102



31, 0, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188, 7, 124



245, 0, 158



7, 188, 161



94, 85, 91



158, 0, 102



31, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 188, 7, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

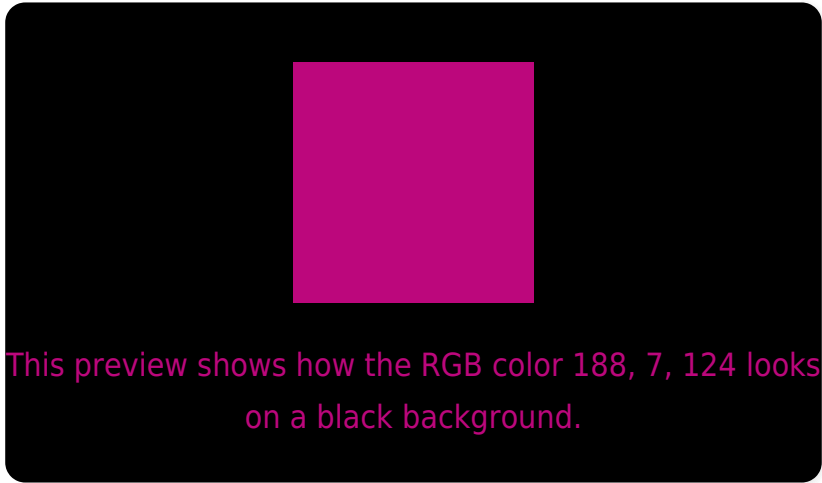
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 188, 7, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 7, 124.

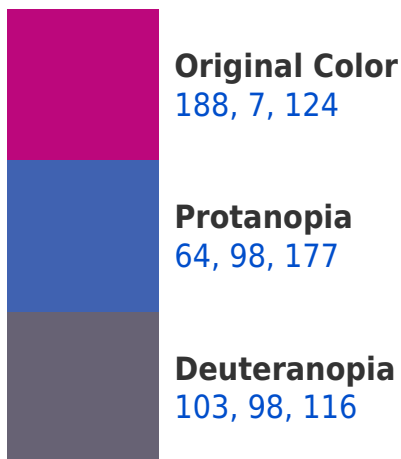


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 188, 7, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
183, 49, 51

Trichromacy



Original Color

188, 7, 124



Protanomaly

109, 65, 158



Deuteranomaly

134, 65, 119



Tritanomaly

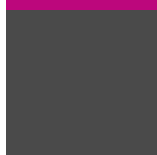
185, 34, 78

Monochromacy



Original Color

188, 7, 124



Achromatopsia

74, 74, 74



Achromatomaly

115, 50, 92

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 188, 7, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 7, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 7, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 7, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 7, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 188, 7, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 7, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 7, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 7, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 7, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 7, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 7,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 188, 7, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 7, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188, 7,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor