

Converting Colors

RGB(189, 105, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(189, 105, 108) contains.

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Color

RGB(189, 105, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD696C
RGB	189, 105, 108
RGB Percent	74%, 41%, 42%
CMY	0.2588, 0.5882, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.43, 0.26
HSL	358°, 39%, 58%
HSV	358°, 44%, 74%
XYZ	28.7446, 22.0047, 16.9197
YIQ	130.4580, 49.1010, 18.7410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

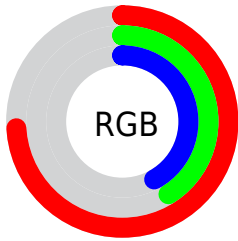
Format	Color
RYB	189, 105, 108
Decimal	12413292
CIELab	54.03, 33.75, 13.22
CIElCh	54, 36.251, 21.389
Yxy	22.0047, 0.4248, 0.3252
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290603372 (0xFFBD696C)
YUV	130.4580, -11.0718, 51.3413
Hunter-Lab	46.9091, 27.2888, 11.4511

Details

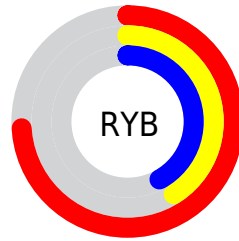
The RGB color **189, 105, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **105, 189, 186**, and the grayscale version is **131, 131, 131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **248, 158, 159**, and **132, 55, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **189, 86, 90**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **189, 124, 126**.

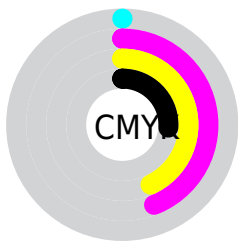
Distribution



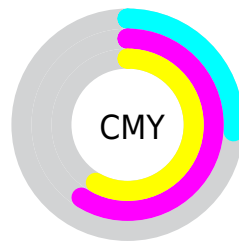
- Red (74%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 189, 105, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 189, 105, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 189, 105, 108

255, 255, 255

 248, 158, 159

 255, 185, 186

 255, 213, 214

 255, 242, 242

 189, 105, 108

 160, 80, 84

 132, 55, 61

 105, 31, 39

 78, 3, 19


 53, 0, 0

 19, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 189, 105, 108

 189, 86, 90

 189, 105, 108

 189, 124, 126


 189, 67, 72

 189, 143, 144

 189, 48, 53

 189, 162, 163

 189, 29, 35

 189, 181, 181

 189, 10, 17

 189, 200, 199

 189, 0, 7

 189, 218, 217

 189, 237, 236

 189, 255, 254

 189, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183, 105, 140



189, 105, 108



179, 113, 81

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189, 105, 108



90, 141, 89



59, 135, 191

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189, 105, 108



105, 189, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 142, 177



189, 105, 108



40, 145, 119

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189, 105, 108



126, 134, 69



0, 145, 151



118, 124, 187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189, 105, 108



165, 121, 70



0, 145, 151



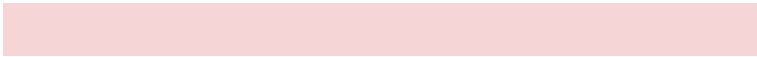
28, 138, 188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189, 105, 108



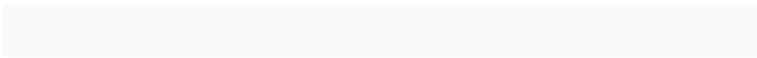
245, 213, 214



185, 105, 189



122, 103, 104



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189, 105, 108



245, 115, 120



189, 143, 105



94, 85, 85



158, 0, 6



31, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 105, 108



245, 115, 120



105, 151, 189



94, 85, 85



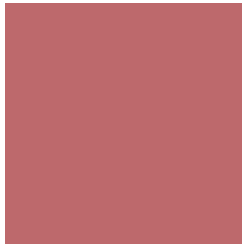
158, 0, 6



31, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 189, 105, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

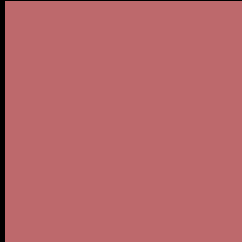
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 189, 105, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 189, 105, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 189, 105, 108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 189, 105, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
189, 105, 108

Protanopia
134, 129, 120

Deuteranopia
151, 125, 105



Tritanopia
189, 104, 112

Trichromacy



Original Color

189, 105, 108

Protanomaly

154, 120, 116

Deuteranomaly

165, 118, 106

Tritanomaly

189, 104, 111

Monochromacy



Original Color

189, 105, 108

Achromatopsia

130, 130, 130

Achromatomaly

151, 121, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 189, 105, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 105, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 105, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 105, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 105, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 189, 105, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 105, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 105, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 105, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 105, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 105, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 105,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 189, 105, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 105, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
105, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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