

# Converting Colors

RGB(189, 153, 210)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(189, 153, 210) contains.

<b>RGB(189, 153, 210)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(189, 153, 210)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD99D2
RGB	189, 153, 210
RGB Percent	74%, 60%, 82%
CMY	0.2588, 0.4000, 0.1765
CMYK	0.10, 0.27, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	278°, 39%, 71%
HSV	278°, 27%, 82%
XYZ	44.0104, 38.2544, 66.0370
YIQ	170.2620, 3.1590, 25.3590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

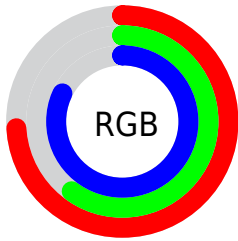
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">189, 153, 210</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12425682</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.21, 23.86, -24.11</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">68, 33.915, 314.699</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">38.2544, 0.2968, 0.2579</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290615762 (0xFFBD99D2)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">170.2620, 19.5908, 16.4332</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.8502, 18.7764, -20.0084</a>

# Details

The RGB color **189, 153, 210** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **174, 210, 153**, and the grayscale version is **170, 170, 170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **246, 208, 255**, and **135, 102, 155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181, 132, 210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 174, 210**.

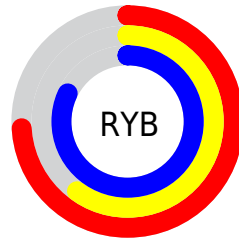
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (60%)

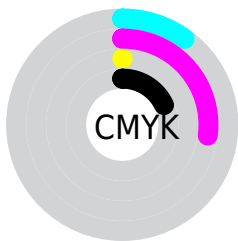
Blue (82%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (82%)

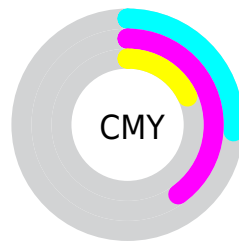


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 189, 153, 210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 189, 153, 210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 189, 153, 210

255, 255, 255

 246, 208, 255

 255, 236, 255

 189, 153, 210

 162, 127, 182


 135, 102, 155

 109, 77, 129

 84, 54, 104

 60, 32, 80

 37, 10, 56


 15, 0, 35

 0, 0, 9


 0, 0, 0

 189, 153, 210


 189, 153, 210

 181, 132, 210


 197, 174, 210

 174, 111, 210

 204, 195, 210

 166, 90, 210


 212, 216, 210

 158, 69, 210

 220, 237, 210

 150, 48, 210

 228, 255, 210

 143, 27, 210

 235, 255, 210

 135, 6, 210

 243, 255, 210

 133, 0, 210

 251, 255, 210

 255, 255, 210

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147, 164, 225



189, 153, 210



216, 145, 183

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189, 153, 210



201, 159, 107



64, 183, 181

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189, 153, 210



174, 210, 153

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100, 182, 149



189, 153, 210



172, 169, 106

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189, 153, 210



221, 149, 125



138, 177, 122



58, 180, 208

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189, 153, 210



225, 143, 163



138, 177, 122



75, 183, 170



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189, 153, 210



247, 235, 255



153, 175, 210



123, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189, 153, 210



224, 171, 255



210, 153, 203



101, 94, 105



106, 0, 168



26, 0, 41



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210, 153, 174



255, 171, 202



153, 210, 160



105, 94, 98



168, 0, 62



41, 0, 15



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 189, 153, 210 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

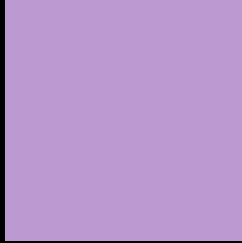
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 189, 153, 210 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 189, 153, 210 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 189, 153, 210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 189, 153, 210.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
189, 153, 210

**Protanopia**  
152, 164, 218

**Deuteranopia**  
161, 163, 208



**Tritanopia**  
183, 160, 173

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
189, 153, 210

**Protanomaly**  
165, 160, 215

**Deuteranomaly**  
171, 159, 209

**Tritanomaly**  
185, 157, 186

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
189, 153, 210

**Achromatopsia**  
170, 170, 170

**Achromatomaly**  
177, 164, 185

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 189, 153, 210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 153, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 153, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 153, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 153, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 189, 153, 210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

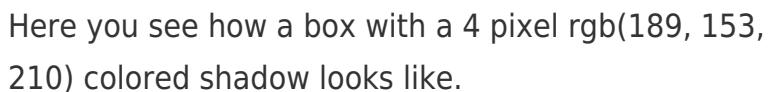
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 153, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 153, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 153, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 153, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 153, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 153,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 189, 153, 210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 153, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
153, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor