

Converting Colors

RGB(189, 197, 181)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(189, 197, 181) contains.

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Color

RGB(189, 197, 181)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDC5B5
RGB	189, 197, 181
RGB Percent	74%, 77%, 71%
CMY	0.2588, 0.2275, 0.2902
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.08, 0.23
HSL	90°, 12%, 74%
HSV	90°, 8%, 77%
XYZ	49.2930, 54.0875, 51.5580
YIQ	192.7840, 0.3680, -6.6720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

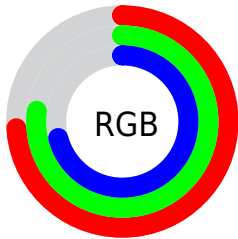
Format	Color
RYB	181, 197, 189
Decimal	12436917
CIELab	78.51, -5.67, 7.07
CIELCh	79, 9.058, 128.726
Yxy	54.0875, 0.3181, 0.3491
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290626997 (0xFFBDC5B5)
YUV	192.7840, -5.8095, -3.3186
Hunter-Lab	73.5442, -9.0628, 9.9159

Details

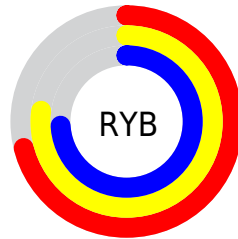
The RGB color **189, 197, 181** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **189, 181, 197**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245, 254, 237**, and **136, 143, 128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179, 197, 161**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 197, 201**.

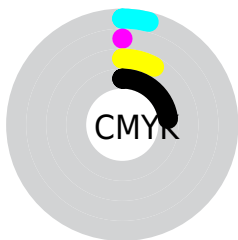
Distribution



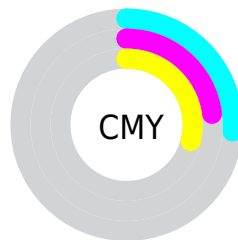
- Red (74%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 189, 197, 181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 189, 197, 181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 189, 197, 181

255, 255, 255

 245, 254, 237

 189, 197, 181


 162, 170, 154


 136, 143, 128

 110, 118, 103

 86, 93, 79

 63, 69, 56

 41, 47, 35

 21, 26, 13

 0, 0, 0

 189, 197, 181

 189, 197, 181

■ 179, 197, 161

■ 199, 197, 201

■ 169, 197, 142

■ 209, 197, 220

■ 159, 197, 122

■ 219, 197, 240

■ 150, 197, 102

■ 228, 197, 255

■ 140, 197, 83

■ 238, 197, 255

■ 130, 197, 63

■ 248, 197, 255

■ 120, 197, 43

■ 255, 197, 255

■ 110, 197, 23

■ 100, 197, 4

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199, 194, 178



189, 197, 181



180, 199, 188

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189, 197, 181



179, 197, 210



212, 189, 192

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189, 197, 181



189, 181, 197

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208, 189, 201



189, 197, 181



189, 194, 211

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189, 197, 181



174, 199, 204



199, 191, 207



212, 190, 184

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189, 197, 181



176, 199, 194



199, 191, 207



211, 189, 195

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189, 197, 181



252, 255, 250



197, 189, 181



126, 128, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189, 197, 181



242, 255, 230



181, 197, 181



94, 99, 90



82, 163, 0



18, 36, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 181, 197



242, 230, 255



197, 181, 197



94, 90, 99



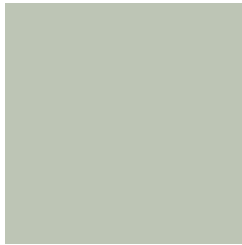
82, 0, 163



18, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 189, 197, 181 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

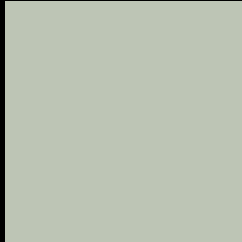
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 189, 197, 181 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

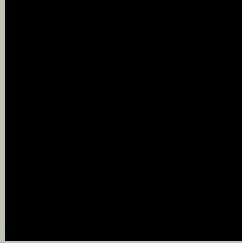
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

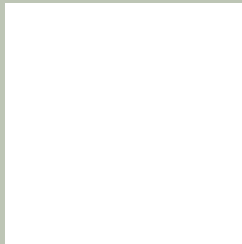
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 189, 197, 181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 189, 197, 181.

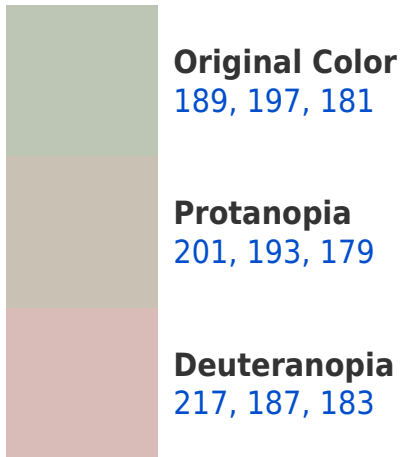


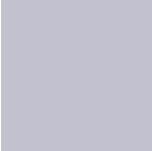
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 189, 197, 181.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
193, 193, 208

Trichromacy



Original Color
189, 197, 181

Protanomaly
197, 194, 180

Deuteranomaly
207, 191, 182

Tritanomaly
192, 194, 198

Monochromacy



Original Color
189, 197, 181

Achromatopsia
193, 193, 193

Achromatomaly
192, 194, 189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 189, 197, 181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(189, 197, 181) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 197, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 197, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 197, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 189, 197, 181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 197, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 197, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 197, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 197, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 197, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 197,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 189, 197, 181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 197, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
197, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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