

Converting Colors

RGB(189, 218, 231)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(189, 218, 231) contains.

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Color

RGB(189, 218, 231)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDDAE7
RGB	189, 218, 231
RGB Percent	74%, 85%, 91%
CMY	0.2588, 0.1451, 0.0941
CMYK	0.18, 0.06, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	199°, 47%, 82%
HSV	199°, 18%, 91%
XYZ	60.4815, 66.7311, 85.2940
YIQ	210.8110, -21.4570, -2.1050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

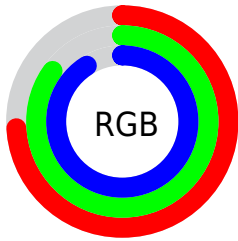
Format	Color
RYB	189, 206, 231
Decimal	12442343
CIELab	85.37, -6.87, -9.59
CIELCh	85, 11.800, 234.401
Yxy	66.7311, 0.2846, 0.3140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290632423 (0xFFBDDAE7)
YUV	210.8110, 9.9532, -19.1282
Hunter-Lab	81.6891, -10.7971, -4.7240

Details

The RGB color **189, 218, 231** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **231, 202, 189**, and the grayscale version is **211, 211, 211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **246, 255, 255**, and **135, 163, 175** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **166, 211, 231**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **212, 225, 231**.

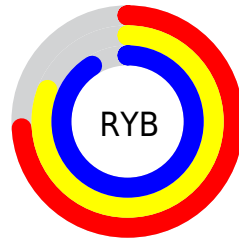
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (85%)

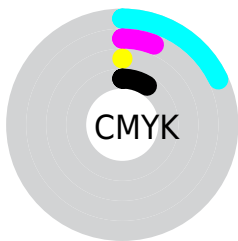
Blue (91%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (91%)

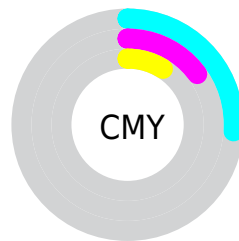


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 189, 218, 231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 189, 218, 231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 189, 218, 231

255, 255, 255

■ 246, 255, 255

■ 189, 218, 231

■ 162, 190, 203

■ 135, 163, 175

■ 109, 137, 149

■ 84, 111, 123

■ 60, 87, 98

■ 37, 64, 74

■ 13, 42, 52

■ 0, 22, 31

■ 0, 0, 4

 189, 218, 231


 189, 218, 231

 166, 211, 231


 212, 225, 231

 143, 204, 231


 235, 232, 231

 120, 197, 231


 255, 239, 231

 97, 189, 231


 255, 247, 231


 73, 182, 231


 255, 254, 231

 50, 175, 231

 255, 255, 231

 27, 168, 231

 4, 161, 231

 0, 159, 231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186, 220, 222



189, 218, 231



199, 215, 235

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189, 218, 231



235, 206, 216



213, 215, 193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189, 218, 231



231, 202, 189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



225, 212, 191



189, 218, 231



238, 206, 205

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189, 218, 231



226, 208, 226



234, 208, 196



200, 218, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189, 218, 231



208, 212, 235



234, 208, 196



217, 214, 192

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189, 218, 231



242, 251, 255



189, 231, 202



120, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



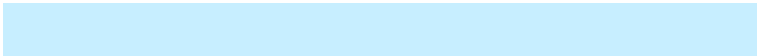
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189, 218, 231



199, 238, 255



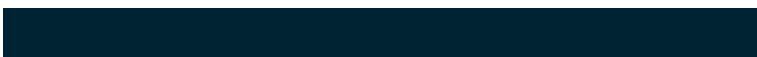
189, 197, 231



103, 111, 115



0, 123, 179



0, 35, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



231, 189, 218



255, 199, 238



231, 223, 189



115, 103, 111



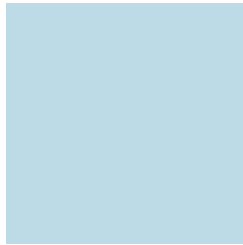
179, 0, 123



51, 0, 35

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 189, 218, 231 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

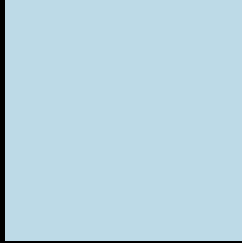
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 189, 218, 231 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

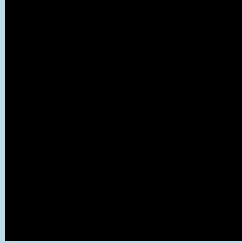
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

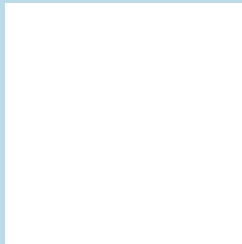
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 189, 218, 231 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 189, 218, 231.

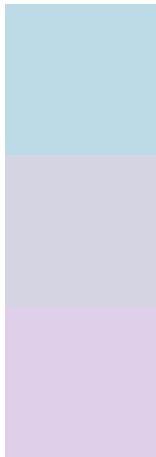


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 189, 218, 231.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[189](#), [218](#), [231](#)

Protanopia
[213](#), [212](#), [227](#)

Deuteranopia
[224](#), [207](#), [233](#)

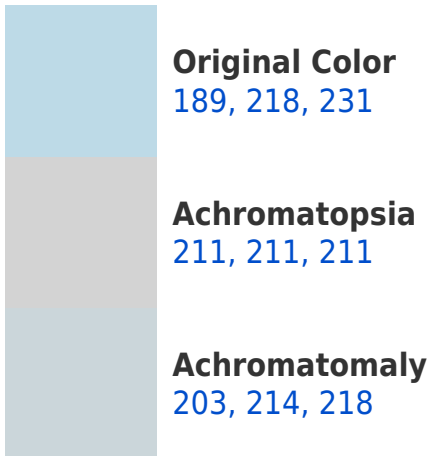


Tritanopia
190, 217, 235

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 189, 218, 231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 218, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 218, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 218, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 218, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 189, 218, 231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 218, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 218, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 218, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 218, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 218, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 218,  
231) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 189, 218, 231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 218, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
218, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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