

Converting Colors

RGB(189, 98, 98)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(189, 98, 98) contains.

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Color

RGB(189, 98, 98)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD6262
RGB	189, 98, 98
RGB Percent	74%, 38%, 38%
CMY	0.2588, 0.6157, 0.6157
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.48, 0.26
HSL	0°, 41%, 56%
HSV	0°, 48%, 74%
XYZ	27.5586, 20.4360, 14.0473
YIQ	125.2090, 54.2360, 19.2920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

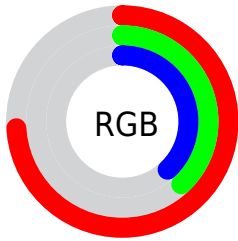
Format	Color
R_{YB}	189, 98, 98
Decimal	12411490
CIE _{Lab}	52.33, 36.42, 16.75
CIE _{LCh}	52, 40.089, 24.691
Yxy	20.4360, 0.4442, 0.3294
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290601570 (0xFFBD6262)
YUV	125.2090, -13.4140, 55.9447
Hunter-Lab	45.2062, 29.7060, 13.2207

Details

The RGB color **189, 98, 98** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **98, 189, 189**, and the grayscale version is **125, 125, 125**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **248, 151, 149**, and **132, 48, 52** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **189, 79, 79**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **189, 117, 117**.

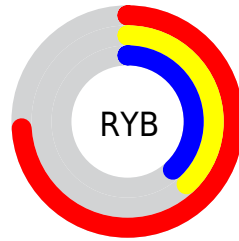
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (38%)

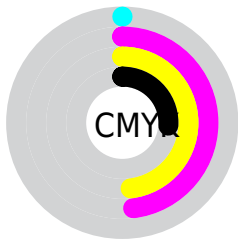
Blue (38%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (38%)

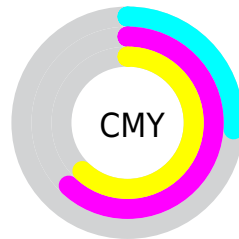


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (48%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)


Magenta (62%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 189, 98, 98 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 189, 98, 98 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 189, 98, 98  189, 98, 98

255, 255, 255  160, 73, 74

 248, 151, 149  132, 48, 52

 255, 178, 175  104, 22, 31

 255, 206, 203  77, 0, 7

 255, 234, 231  52, 0, 0

 9, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 189, 98, 98  189, 98, 98

 189, 79, 79  189, 117, 117


 189, 60, 60

 189, 136, 136

 189, 41, 41

 189, 155, 155

 189, 22, 22

 189, 174, 174

 189, 3, 3

 189, 193, 193

 189, 0, 0

 189, 211, 211

 189, 230, 230

 189, 249, 249

 189, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185, 96, 132



189, 98, 98



176, 108, 70

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189, 98, 98



75, 138, 84



44, 130, 193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189, 98, 98



98, 189, 189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 138, 180



189, 98, 98



0, 142, 117

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189, 98, 98



117, 131, 60



0, 142, 152



118, 118, 187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189, 98, 98



160, 117, 58



0, 142, 152



0, 133, 191

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189, 98, 98



245, 211, 211



189, 98, 189



122, 102, 102



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189, 98, 98



245, 103, 103



189, 144, 98



94, 85, 85



158, 0, 0



31, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98, 189, 189



103, 245, 245



98, 144, 189



85, 94, 94



0, 158, 158



0, 31, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 189, 98, 98 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

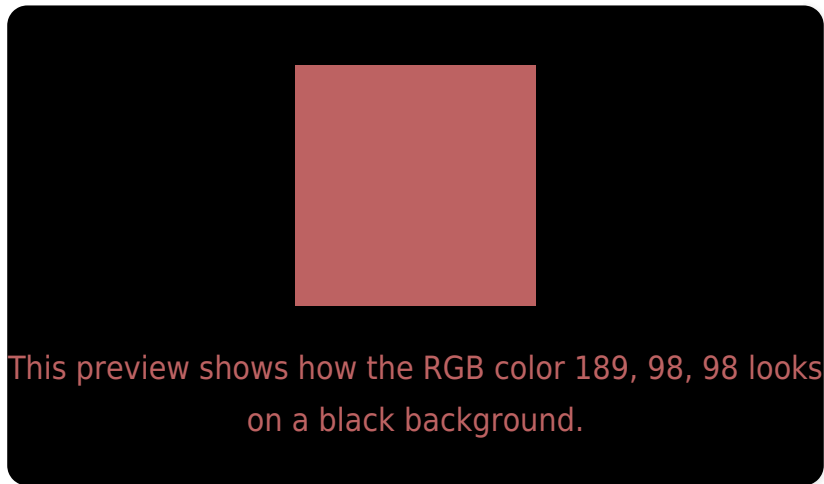
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 189, 98, 98 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 189, 98, 98.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 189, 98, 98.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
189, 98, 98

Protanopia
131, 125, 111

Deuteranopia
148, 120, 94



Tritanopia
189, 97, 104

Trichromacy



Original Color

189, 98, 98

Protanomaly

152, 115, 106

Deuteranomaly

163, 112, 95

Tritanomaly

189, 97, 102

Monochromacy



Original Color

189, 98, 98

Achromatopsia

125, 125, 125

Achromatomaly

148, 115, 115

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 189, 98, 98 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 98, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 98, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 98, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 98, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 189, 98, 98 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 98, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 98, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 98, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 98, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 98, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 98,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 189, 98, 98 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 98, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189, 98,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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