

Converting Colors

RGB(18, 157, 190)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(18, 157, 190) contains.

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Color

RGB(18, 157, 190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	129DBE
RGB	18, 157, 190
RGB Percent	7%, 62%, 75%
CMY	0.9294, 0.3843, 0.2549
CMYK	0.91, 0.17, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	192°, 83%, 41%
HSV	192°, 91%, 75%
XYZ	21.6007, 27.9602, 52.9736
YIQ	119.2010, -93.4370, -19.2050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

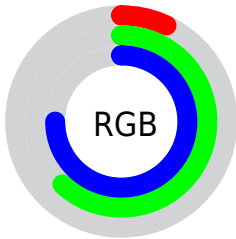
Format	Color
RYB	18, 95, 190
Decimal	1220030
CIELab	59.85, -21.83, -26.52
CIElCh	60, 34.346, 230.546
Yxy	27.9602, 0.2107, 0.2727
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279410110 (0xFF129DBE)
YUV	119.2010, 34.9039, -88.7533
Hunter-Lab	52.8774, -19.6174, -22.3836

Details

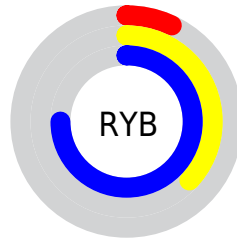
The RGB color **18, 157, 190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **190, 51, 18**, and the grayscale version is **119, 119, 119**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **101, 212, 246**, and **0, 105, 137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 154, 190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 161, 190**.

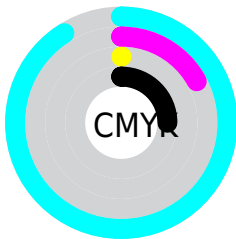
Distribution



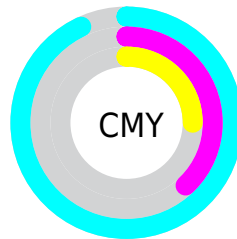
- Red (7%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)




















- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 18, 157, 190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 18, 157, 190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 18, 157, 190	 18, 157, 190
255, 255, 255	 0, 131, 163
 101, 212, 246	 0, 105, 137
 132, 240, 255	 0, 81, 111
 163, 255, 255	 0, 58, 86
 193, 255, 255	 0, 36, 63
 224, 255, 255	 0, 3, 41
254, 255, 255	 0, 1, 19
	 0, 0, 0
 18, 157, 190	 18, 157, 190

■ 0, 154, 190

■ 37, 161, 190

■ 56, 164, 190

■ 75, 168, 190

■ 94, 172, 190

■ 113, 175, 190

■ 132, 179, 190

■ 151, 183, 190

■ 170, 186, 190

■ 189, 190, 190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12, 160, 164



18, 157, 190



82, 150, 203

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18, 157, 190



197, 121, 155



143, 149, 86

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 157, 190



190, 51, 18

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



172, 139, 84



18, 157, 190



203, 121, 125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18, 157, 190



173, 129, 183



194, 129, 99



108, 156, 105

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 157, 190



118, 144, 203



194, 129, 99



153, 146, 84

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 157, 190



181, 235, 247



18, 190, 50



85, 117, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 157, 190



0, 200, 247



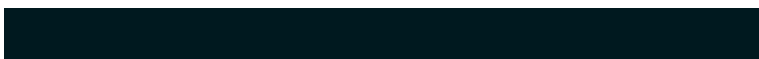
18, 72, 190



85, 93, 94



0, 128, 158



0, 25, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 18, 157



247, 0, 200



190, 136, 18



94, 85, 93



158, 0, 128



31, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 18, 157, 190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 18, 157, 190 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

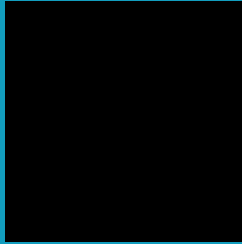
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 18, 157, 190 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 18, 157, 190.

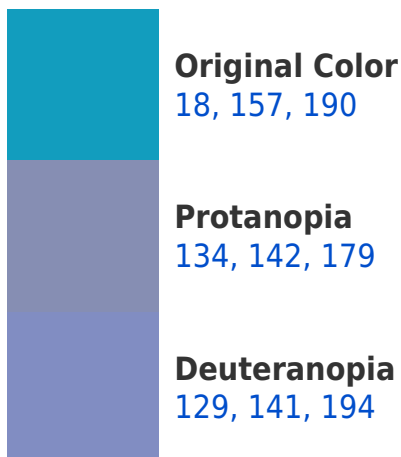


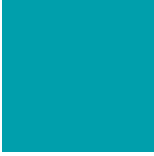
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 18, 157, 190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 159, 172

Trichromacy



Original Color
18, 157, 190

Protanomaly
92, 147, 183

Deuteranomaly
89, 147, 193

Tritanomaly
7, 158, 179

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 157, 190

Achromatopsia
119, 119, 119

Achromatomaly
82, 133, 145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 18, 157, 190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 157, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 157, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 157, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 157, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 18, 157, 190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 157, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 157, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 157, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 157, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 157, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 157,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 18, 157, 190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 157, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 157,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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