

Converting Colors

RGB(190, 142, 119)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(190, 142, 119) contains.

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Color

RGB(190, 142, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE8E77
RGB	190, 142, 119
RGB Percent	75%, 56%, 47%
CMY	0.2549, 0.4431, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.37, 0.25
HSL	19°, 35%, 61%
HSV	19°, 37%, 75%
XYZ	34.2380, 31.6251, 21.7525
YIQ	153.7300, 35.9910, 3.0230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

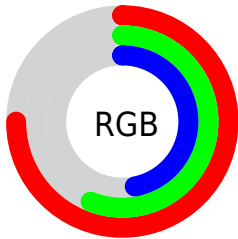
Format	Color
RYB	190, 153, 119
Decimal	12488311
CIELab	63.03, 15.11, 19.34
CIElCh	63, 24.545, 52.010
Yxy	31.6251, 0.3908, 0.3610
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290678391 (0xFFBE8E77)
YUV	153.7300, -17.1219, 31.8088
Hunter-Lab	56.2362, 10.2620, 16.4316

Details

The RGB color **190, 142, 119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **119, 167, 190**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **248, 196, 171**, and **135, 92, 70** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **190, 129, 100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190, 155, 138**.

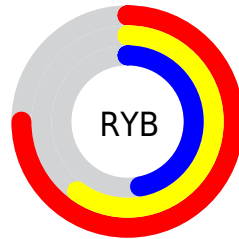
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (56%)

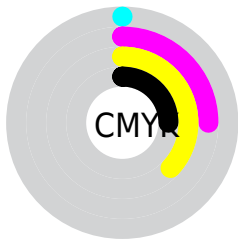
Blue (47%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (47%)

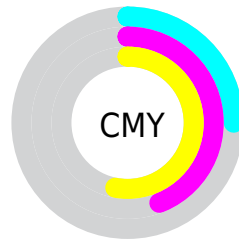


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)


Magenta (44%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 190, 142, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 190, 142, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 190, 142, 119

255, 255, 255

 248, 196, 171

 255, 224, 199

 255, 252, 227

 190, 142, 119

 162, 116, 94

 135, 92, 70

 108, 68, 48


 83, 45, 27


 58, 24, 1


 35, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 190, 142, 119


 190, 129, 100

 190, 142, 119

 190, 155, 138


 190, 116, 81

 190, 168, 157

 190, 103, 62

 190, 181, 176

 190, 91, 43

 190, 193, 195

 190, 78, 24

 190, 206, 214

 190, 65, 5

 190, 219, 233

 190, 62, 0

 190, 232, 252

 190, 245, 255

 190, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197, 137, 137



190, 142, 119



174, 149, 110

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



190, 142, 119



103, 164, 146



148, 149, 193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



190, 142, 119



119, 167, 190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



117, 156, 195



190, 142, 119



88, 165, 168

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



190, 142, 119



127, 162, 125



93, 162, 186



175, 142, 180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



190, 142, 119



159, 154, 110



93, 162, 186



138, 152, 195

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



190, 142, 119



247, 229, 220



190, 119, 168



125, 114, 109



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



190, 142, 119



247, 172, 136



190, 177, 119



94, 88, 85



158, 51, 0



31, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 167, 190



136, 211, 247



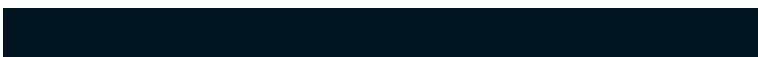
119, 132, 190



85, 91, 94



0, 107, 158



0, 21, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 190, 142, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 190, 142, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

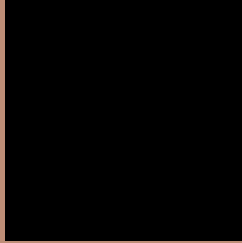
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 190, 142, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 142, 119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 142, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
190, 142, 119

Protanopia
162, 153, 124

Deuteranopia
179, 147, 118



Tritanopia
193, 138, 148

Trichromacy



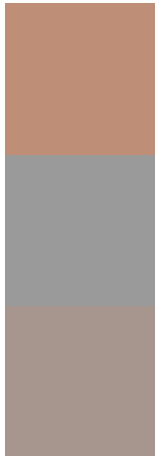
Original Color
190, 142, 119

Protanomaly
172, 149, 122

Deuteranomaly
183, 145, 118

Tritanomaly
192, 139, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color
190, 142, 119

Achromatopsia
154, 154, 154

Achromatomaly
167, 150, 141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 190, 142, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 142, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 142, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 142, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 142, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 190, 142, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 142, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 142, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 142, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 142, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 142, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 142,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 190, 142, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 142, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
142, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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