

Converting Colors

RGB(190, 172, 169)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(190, 172, 169) contains.

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Color

RGB(190, 172, 169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BEACA9
RGB	190, 172, 169
RGB Percent	75%, 67%, 66%
CMY	0.2549, 0.3255, 0.3373
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.11, 0.25
HSL	9°, 14%, 70%
HSV	9°, 11%, 75%
XYZ	43.1492, 43.3168, 43.6229
YIQ	177.0400, 11.6910, 2.8830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

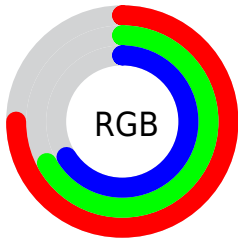
Format	Color
RYB	190, 173, 169
Decimal	12496041
CIELab	71.77, 5.96, 3.89
CIELCh	72, 7.118, 33.095
Yxy	43.3168, 0.3317, 0.3330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290686121 (0xFFBEACA9)
YUV	177.0400, -3.9637, 11.3659
Hunter-Lab	65.8155, 1.8490, 6.7731

Details

The RGB color **190, 172, 169** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **169, 187, 190**, and the grayscale version is **177, 177, 177**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **246, 227, 224**, and **137, 120, 117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **190, 156, 150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190, 188, 188**.

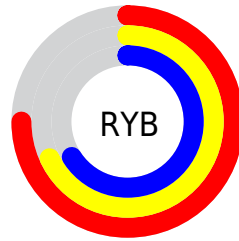
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (67%)

Blue (66%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (66%)

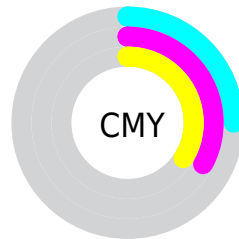


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 190, 172, 169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 190, 172, 169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 190, 172, 169

255, 255, 255

 246, 227, 224

255, 255, 253

 190, 172, 169


 163, 145, 143

 137, 120, 117

 111, 95, 92

 87, 71, 69

 63, 49, 47

 41, 28, 26

 21, 2, 0

 0, 0, 0

 190, 172, 169

 190, 172, 169

■ 190, 156, 150

■ 190, 188, 188

■ 190, 139, 131

■ 190, 205, 207

■ 190, 123, 112

■ 190, 221, 226

■ 190, 107, 93

■ 190, 237, 245

■ 190, 91, 74

■ 190, 253, 255

■ 190, 74, 55

■ 190, 255, 255

■ 190, 58, 36

■ 190, 42, 17

■ 190, 27, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189, 172, 175



190, 172, 169



187, 173, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



190, 172, 169



166, 179, 170



170, 176, 189

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



190, 172, 169



169, 187, 190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163, 178, 187



190, 172, 169



161, 180, 176

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



190, 172, 169



173, 178, 165



160, 179, 183



178, 174, 187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



190, 172, 169



183, 175, 163



160, 179, 183



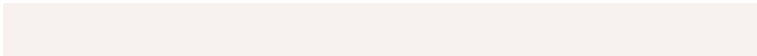
168, 177, 189

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



190, 172, 169



247, 241, 240



190, 169, 187



125, 121, 120



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



190, 172, 169



247, 220, 215



190, 182, 169



94, 86, 85



158, 23, 0



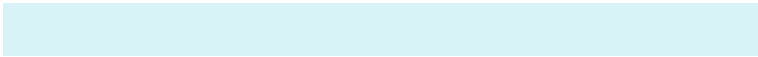
31, 4, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169, 187, 190



215, 243, 247



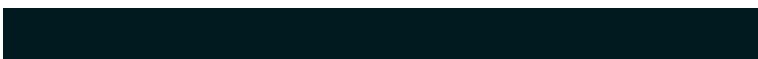
169, 177, 190



85, 93, 94



0, 136, 158



0, 26, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 190, 172, 169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

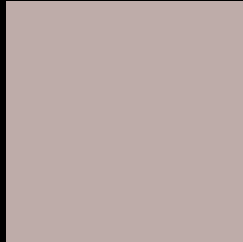
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 190, 172, 169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

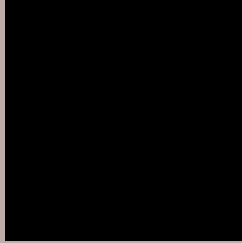
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 190, 172, 169 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 172, 169.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 172, 169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
190, 172, 169

Protanopia
180, 175, 171

Deuteranopia
195, 170, 169



Tritanopia

192, 170, 183

Trichromacy



Original Color

190, 172, 169

Protanomaly

184, 174, 170

Deuteranomaly

193, 171, 169

Tritanomaly

191, 171, 178

Monochromacy



Original Color

190, 172, 169

Achromatopsia

177, 177, 177

Achromatomaly

182, 175, 174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 190, 172, 169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(190, 172, 169) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 172, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 172, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 172, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 190, 172, 169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 172, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 172, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 172, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 172, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 172, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 172,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 190, 172, 169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 172, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
172, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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