

Converting Colors

RGB(190, 18, 184)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(190, 18, 184) contains.

RGB(190, 18, 184)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(190, 18, 184)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE12B8
RGB	190, 18, 184
RGB Percent	75%, 7%, 72%
CMY	0.2549, 0.9294, 0.2784
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.03, 0.25
HSL	302°, 83%, 41%
HSV	302°, 91%, 75%
XYZ	30.1032, 14.8405, 46.6253
YIQ	88.3520, 49.2260, 88.0900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

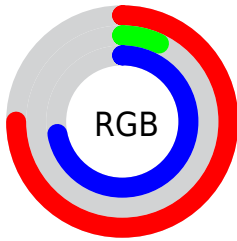
Format	Color
R _Y B	190, 18, 184
Decimal	12456632
CIE Lab	45.41, 76.10, -44.86
CIE LCh	45, 88.341, 329.482
Yxy	14.8405, 0.3287, 0.1621
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290646712 (0xFFBE12B8)
YUV	88.3520, 47.1545, 89.1453
Hunter-Lab	38.5233, 72.0693, -44.7932

Details

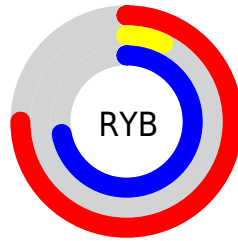
The RGB color **190, 18, 184** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. A complement of this color would be **18, 190, 24**, and the grayscale version is **88, 88, 88**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 94, 241**, and **132, 0, 130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **190, 0, 183**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190, 37, 185**.

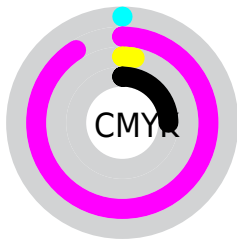
Distribution



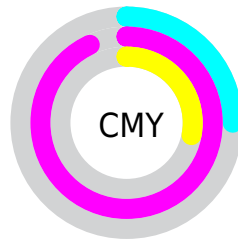
- Red (75%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 190, 18, 184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 190, 18, 184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 190, 18, 184

 190, 18, 184

255, 255, 255

 161, 0, 157

 250, 94, 241

 132, 0, 130

 255, 123, 255

 103, 0, 104


 255, 153, 255

 76, 0, 80

 255, 182, 255

 49, 0, 56

 255, 212, 255

 11, 0, 33

 255, 242, 255

 0, 0, 6

 0, 0, 0

 190, 18, 184

 190, 18, 184

■ 190, 0, 183

■ 190, 37, 185

■ 190, 56, 185

■ 190, 75, 186

■ 190, 94, 187

■ 190, 113, 187

■ 190, 132, 188

■ 190, 151, 189

■ 190, 170, 189

■ 190, 189, 190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79, 88, 239



190, 18, 184



228, 0, 112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



190, 18, 184



133, 105, 0



0, 137, 179

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



190, 18, 184



18, 190, 24

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 136, 104



190, 18, 184



55, 123, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



190, 18, 184



188, 69, 0



0, 132, 16



0, 133, 236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



190, 18, 184



229, 0, 64



0, 132, 16



0, 137, 155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



190, 18, 184



247, 181, 245



24, 18, 190



125, 85, 124



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



190, 18, 184



247, 0, 239



190, 18, 98



94, 85, 94



158, 0, 153



31, 0, 30

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 18, 184



247, 0, 239



18, 190, 110



94, 85, 94



158, 0, 153



31, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 190, 18, 184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

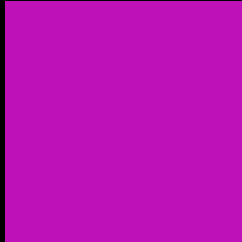
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 190, 18, 184 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

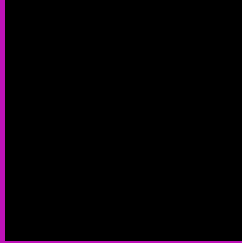
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 190, 18, 184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 18, 184.

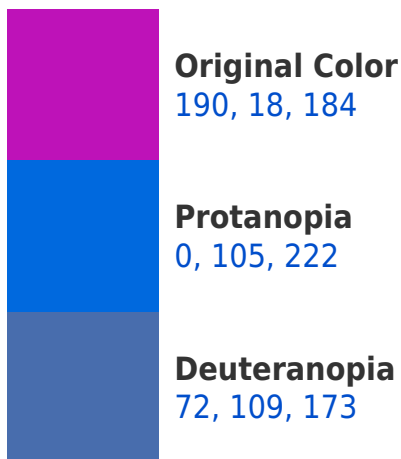


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 18, 184.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
179, 74, 78

Trichromacy



Original Color

190, 18, 184



Protanomaly

69, 73, 208



Deuteranomaly

115, 76, 177



Tritanomaly

183, 54, 117

Monochromacy



Original Color

190, 18, 184



Achromatopsia

88, 88, 88



Achromatomaly

125, 63, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 190, 18, 184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 18, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 18, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 18, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 18, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 190, 18, 184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 18, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 18, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 18, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 18, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 18, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 18,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 190, 18, 184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 18, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 18,  
184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor