

Converting Colors

RGB(190, 200, 211)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(190, 200, 211) contains.

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Color

RGB(190, 200, 211)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BEC8D3
RGB	190, 200, 211
RGB Percent	75%, 78%, 83%
CMY	0.2549, 0.2157, 0.1725
CMYK	0.10, 0.05, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	211°, 19%, 79%
HSV	211°, 10%, 83%
XYZ	53.6474, 56.9589, 69.7947
YIQ	198.2640, -9.4910, 1.3010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

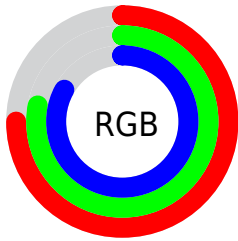
Format	Color
R_{YB}	190, 197, 211
Decimal	12503251
CIE Lab	80.16, -1.26, -6.66
CIE LCh	80, 6.775, 259.325
Yxy	56.9589, 0.2974, 0.3157
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290693331 (0xFFBEC8D3)
YUV	198.2640, 6.2788, -7.2475
Hunter-Lab	75.4711, -5.1907, -2.0008

Details

The RGB color **190, 200, 211** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **211, 201, 190**, and the grayscale version is **198, 198, 198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **246, 255, 255**, and **137, 146, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169, 189, 211**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **211, 211, 211**.

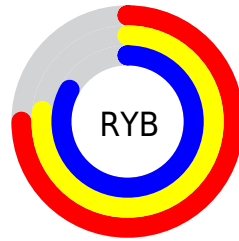
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (78%)

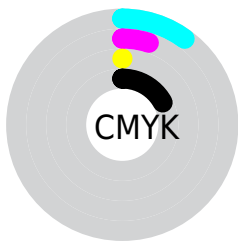
Blue (83%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (83%)

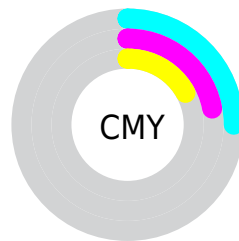


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 190, 200, 211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 190, 200, 211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 190, 200, 211


255, 255, 255

 246, 255, 255


 190, 200, 211


 163, 173, 183

 137, 146, 157

 111, 120, 130

 87, 96, 105

 63, 72, 81

 41, 50, 58

 20, 29, 37


 0, 2, 16

 0, 0, 0

 190, 200, 211

 190, 200, 211

 169, 189, 211


 211, 211, 211

 148, 178, 211


 232, 222, 211

 127, 167, 211


 253, 233, 211


 106, 156, 211


 255, 244, 211


 85, 145, 211

 255, 255, 211

 63, 134, 211

 42, 123, 211

 21, 112, 211

 0, 101, 211

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185, 202, 208



190, 200, 211



197, 198, 211

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



190, 200, 211



213, 195, 195



192, 201, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



190, 200, 211



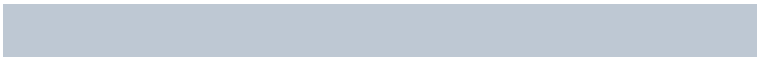
211, 201, 190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



200, 200, 187



190, 200, 211



211, 196, 189

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



190, 200, 211



211, 195, 201



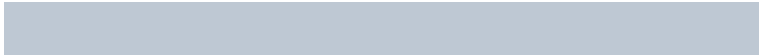
207, 198, 186



186, 203, 196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



190, 200, 211



203, 197, 209



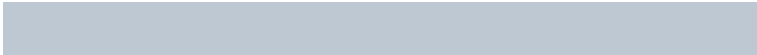
207, 198, 186



195, 201, 189

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



190, 200, 211



247, 251, 255



190, 211, 201



122, 125, 128



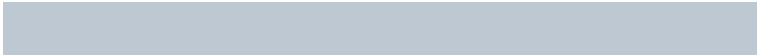
0, 0, 0



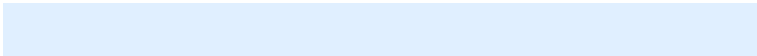
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



190, 200, 211



224, 239, 255



190, 190, 211



94, 99, 105



0, 80, 168



0, 19, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



211, 190, 200



255, 224, 239



211, 211, 190



105, 94, 99



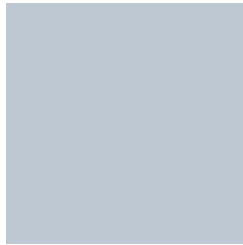
168, 0, 80



41, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 190, 200, 211 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

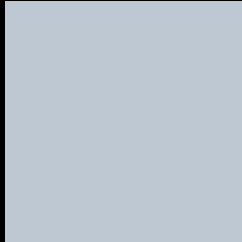
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 190, 200, 211 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

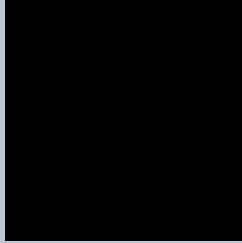
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

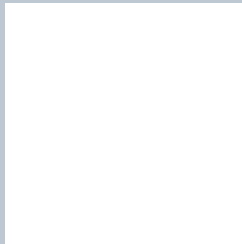
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 190, 200, 211 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 200, 211.



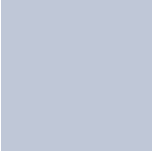
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 200, 211.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
191, 199, 215

Trichromacy



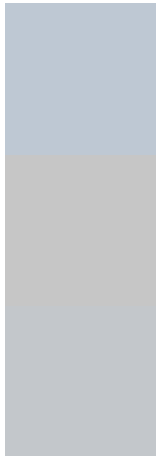
Original Color
190, 200, 211

Protanomaly
196, 198, 210

Deuteranomaly
204, 196, 212

Tritanomaly
191, 199, 214

Monochromacy



Original Color
190, 200, 211

Achromatopsia
198, 198, 198

Achromatomaly
195, 199, 203

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 190, 200, 211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 200, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 200, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 200, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 200, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 190, 200, 211 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 200, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 200, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 200, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 200, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 200, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 200,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 190, 200, 211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 200, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
200, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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