

Converting Colors

RGB(190, 51, 97)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(190, 51, 97) contains.

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Color

RGB(190, 51, 97)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE3361
RGB	190, 51, 97
RGB Percent	75%, 20%, 38%
CMY	0.2549, 0.8000, 0.6196
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.49, 0.25
HSL	340°, 58%, 47%
HSV	340°, 73%, 75%
XYZ	24.5767, 14.1779, 12.7505
YIQ	97.8050, 68.0780, 43.7740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

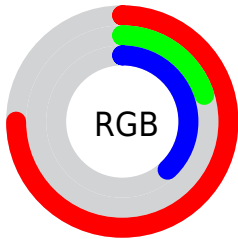
Format	Color
R _Y B	190, 51, 97
Decimal	12464993
CIE Lab	44.49, 57.82, 6.44
CIE LCh	44, 58.179, 6.355
Yxy	14.1779, 0.4772, 0.2753
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290655073 (0xFFBE3361)
YUV	97.8050, -0.3969, 80.8550
Hunter-Lab	37.6535, 50.6145, 6.2802

Details

The RGB color **190, 51, 97** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **51, 190, 144**, and the grayscale version is **98, 98, 98**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 108, 147**, and **131, 0, 51** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **190, 32, 84**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190, 70, 110**.

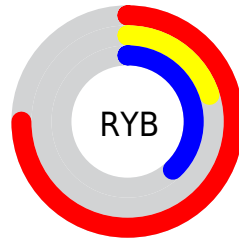
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (20%)

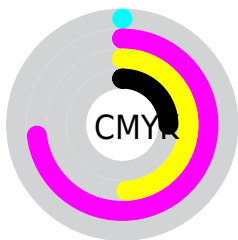
Blue (38%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (38%)

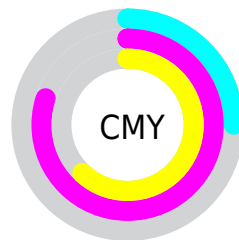


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (49%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 190, 51, 97 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 190, 51, 97 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 190, 51, 97

 190, 51, 97

255, 255, 255

 160, 12, 73

 251, 108, 147

 131, 0, 51

 255, 136, 174

 102, 0, 30

 255, 165, 201

 74, 0, 4

 255, 193, 229

 46, 0, 2

 255, 222, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 252, 255

 190, 51, 97

 190, 51, 97

 190, 32, 84

 190, 70, 110

■ 190, 13, 72

■ 190, 89, 122

■ 190, 0, 63

■ 190, 108, 135

■ 190, 127, 148

■ 190, 146, 161

■ 190, 165, 173

■ 190, 184, 186

■ 190, 203, 199

■ 190, 222, 211

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



170, 63, 145



190, 51, 97



183, 65, 50

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



190, 51, 97



66, 118, 11



0, 120, 194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



190, 51, 97



51, 190, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 126, 162



190, 51, 97



0, 124, 64

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



190, 51, 97



118, 106, 0



0, 127, 115



0, 108, 202

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



190, 51, 97



168, 81, 20



0, 127, 115



0, 123, 186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



190, 51, 97



247, 193, 211



144, 51, 190



125, 92, 103



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



190, 51, 97



247, 30, 102



190, 74, 51



94, 85, 88



158, 0, 52



31, 0, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 51, 97



247, 30, 102



51, 167, 190



94, 85, 88



158, 0, 52



31, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 190, 51, 97 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

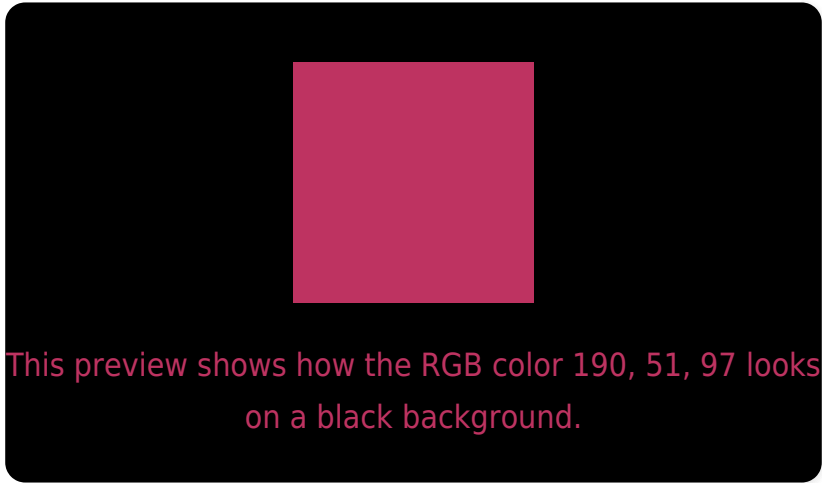
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 190, 51, 97 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 51, 97.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 51, 97.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
190, 51, 97

Protanopia
101, 105, 127

Deuteranopia
122, 102, 90



Tritanopia
188, 59, 62

Trichromacy



Original Color

190, 51, 97

Protanomaly

133, 85, 116

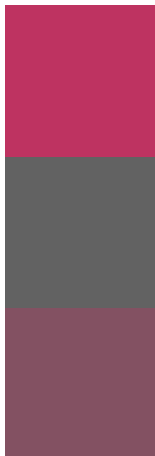
Deuteranomaly

147, 83, 93

Tritanomaly

189, 56, 75

Monochromacy



Original Color

190, 51, 97

Achromatopsia

98, 98, 98

Achromatomaly

131, 81, 98

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 190, 51, 97 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 51, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 51, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 51, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 51, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 190, 51, 97 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 51, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 51, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 51, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 51, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 51, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 51,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 190, 51, 97 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 51, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 51,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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