

Converting Colors

RGB(190, 93, 95)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(190, 93, 95) contains.

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Color

RGB(190, 93, 95)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE5D5F
RGB	190, 93, 95
RGB Percent	75%, 36%, 37%
CMY	0.2549, 0.6353, 0.6275
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.50, 0.25
HSL	359°, 43%, 55%
HSV	359°, 51%, 75%
XYZ	27.2151, 19.6021, 13.1757
YIQ	122.2310, 57.1700, 21.1860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

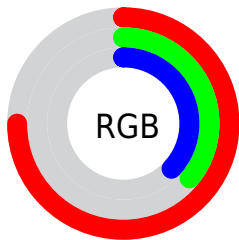
Format	Color
R_{YB}	190, 93, 95
Decimal	12475743
CIE Lab	51.38, 39.10, 17.26
CIE LCh	51, 42.743, 23.811
Yxy	19.6021, 0.4536, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290665823 (0xFFBE5D5F)
YUV	122.2310, -13.4249, 59.4334
Hunter-Lab	44.2742, 32.2430, 13.3477

Details

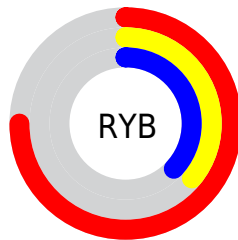
The RGB color **190, 93, 95** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **93, 190, 188**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 146, 145**, and **132, 42, 49** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **190, 74, 76**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190, 112, 114**.

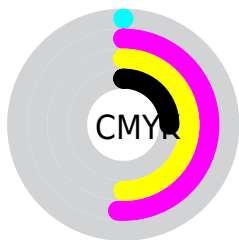
Distribution



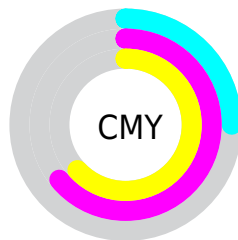
- Red (75%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 190, 93, 95 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 190, 93, 95 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 190, 93, 95

 190, 93, 95

255, 255, 255

 161, 68, 71

 250, 146, 145

 132, 42, 49

 255, 173, 172

 104, 14, 28

 255, 201, 199

 77, 0, 2

 255, 229, 227

 52, 0, 1


 5, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0


 190, 93, 95

 190, 93, 95


 190, 74, 76

 190, 112, 114


 190, 55, 58

 190, 131, 132


 190, 36, 39

 190, 150, 151

 190, 17, 21

 190, 169, 169

 190, 0, 4

 190, 188, 188

 190, 207, 207

 190, 226, 225

 190, 245, 244

 190, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186, 91, 132



190, 93, 95



177, 104, 64

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



190, 93, 95



70, 137, 78



10, 129, 195

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



190, 93, 95



93, 190, 188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 137, 181



190, 93, 95



0, 140, 113

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



190, 93, 95



115, 129, 52



0, 140, 151



112, 116, 189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



190, 93, 95



160, 113, 51



0, 140, 151



0, 132, 192

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



190, 93, 95



247, 210, 211



187, 93, 190



125, 102, 103



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



190, 93, 95



247, 96, 100



190, 138, 93



94, 85, 85



158, 0, 3



31, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 93, 95



247, 96, 100



93, 145, 190



94, 85, 85



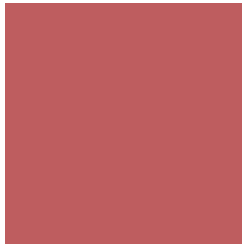
158, 0, 3



31, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 190, 93, 95 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

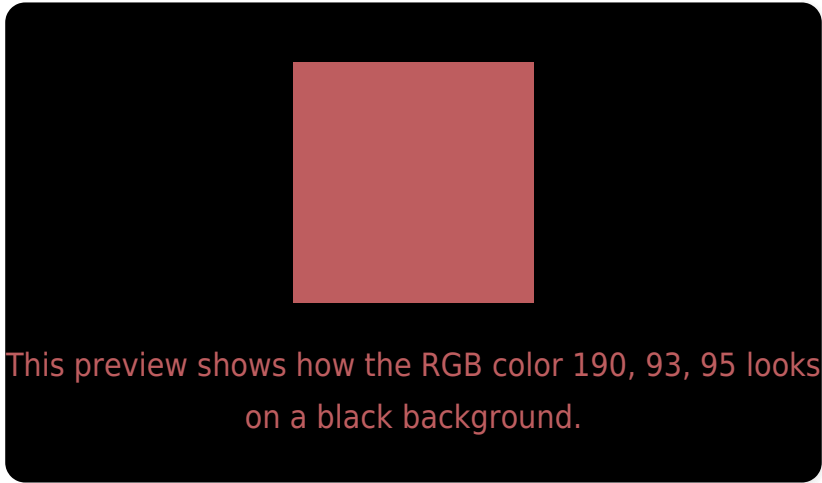
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 190, 93, 95 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 93, 95.

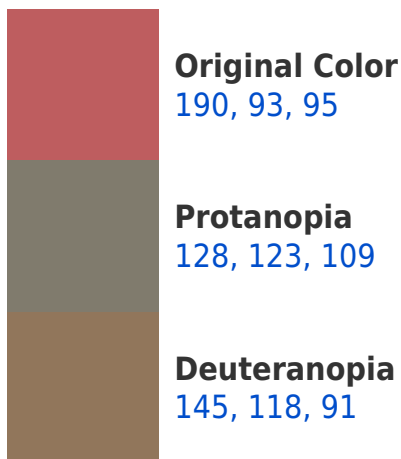


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 190, 93, 95.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
190, 92, 99

Trichromacy



Original Color

190, 93, 95

Protanomaly

151, 112, 104

Deuteranomaly

161, 109, 92

Tritanomaly

190, 92, 98

Monochromacy



Original Color

190, 93, 95

Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122

Achromatomaly

147, 111, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 190, 93, 95 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 93, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 93, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 93, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 93, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 190, 93, 95 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 93, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 93, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 93, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 93, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 93, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 93,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 190, 93, 95 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 93, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 93,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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