

Converting Colors

RGB(191, 180, 166)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(191, 180, 166) contains.

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Color

RGB(191, 180, 166)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFB4A6
RGB	191, 180, 166
RGB Percent	75%, 71%, 65%
CMY	0.2510, 0.2941, 0.3490
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.13, 0.25
HSL	34°, 16%, 70%
HSV	34°, 13%, 75%
XYZ	44.6901, 46.4721, 42.6910
YIQ	181.6930, 11.0500, -2.0220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

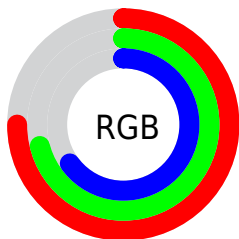
Format	Color
RYB	186, 191, 166
Decimal	12563622
CIELab	73.85, 1.51, 8.53
CIELCh	74, 8.666, 79.944
Yxy	46.4721, 0.3339, 0.3472
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290753702 (0xFFBFB4A6)
YUV	181.6930, -7.7366, 8.1622
Hunter-Lab	68.1704, -2.2801, 10.5896

Details

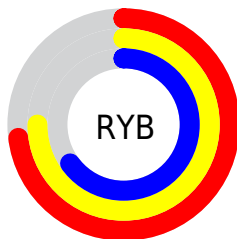
The RGB color **191, 180, 166** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **166, 177, 191**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **247, 236, 221**, and **137, 127, 114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191, 172, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **191, 188, 185**.

Distribution



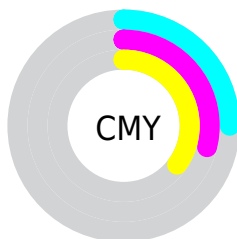
- Red (75%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 191, 180, 166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 191, 180, 166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 191, 180, 166

 191, 180, 166


255, 255, 255

 164, 153, 140

 247, 236, 221

 137, 127, 114

 255, 255, 250

 112, 102, 90


 87, 78, 66


 64, 56, 44


 42, 34, 23


 22, 12, 0


 0, 0, 0


 191, 180, 166


 191, 180, 166

 191, 172, 147


 191, 188, 185

 191, 163, 128


 191, 197, 204

 191, 155, 109


 191, 205, 223

 191, 146, 90


 191, 214, 242

 191, 138, 71


 191, 222, 255


 191, 130, 51


 191, 230, 255

 191, 121, 32

 191, 239, 255

 191, 113, 13

 191, 247, 255

 191, 107, 0

 191, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197, 178, 170



191, 180, 166



182, 183, 167

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 180, 166



162, 186, 187



189, 178, 192

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191, 180, 166



166, 177, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



180, 180, 196



191, 180, 166



164, 185, 193

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 180, 166



166, 186, 178



170, 183, 197



196, 176, 184

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 180, 166



176, 184, 169



170, 183, 197



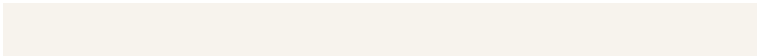
186, 179, 194

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 180, 166



247, 243, 237



191, 166, 177



125, 122, 119



252, 252, 252



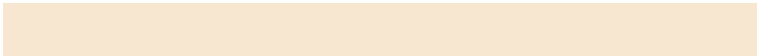
125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 180, 166



247, 230, 208



190, 191, 166



94, 90, 85



158, 89, 0



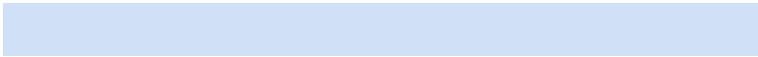
31, 17, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166, 177, 191



208, 225, 247



167, 166, 191



85, 89, 94



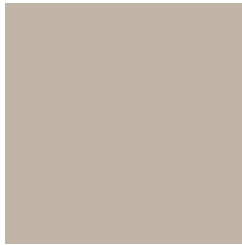
0, 70, 158



0, 13, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 191, 180, 166 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

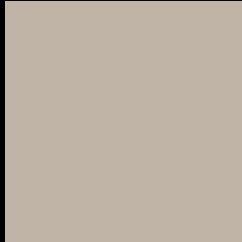
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 191, 180, 166 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

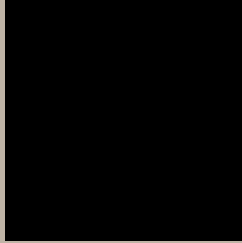
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

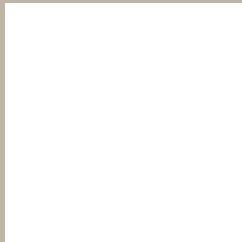
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 191, 180, 166 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 191, 180, 166.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 191, 180, 166.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
191, 180, 166

Protanopia
188, 181, 166

Deuteranopia
204, 175, 167



Tritanopia
194, 176, 190

Trichromacy



Original Color

191, 180, 166

Protanomaly

189, 181, 166

Deuteranomaly

199, 177, 167

Tritanomaly

193, 177, 181

Monochromacy



Original Color

191, 180, 166

Achromatopsia

182, 182, 182

Achromatomaly

185, 181, 176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 191, 180, 166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(191, 180, 166) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 180, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 180, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 180, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 191, 180, 166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 180, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 180, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 180, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 180, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 180, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 180,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 191, 180, 166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 180, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
180, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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