

Converting Colors

RGB(191, 212, 198)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(191, 212, 198) contains.

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Color

RGB(191, 212, 198)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFD4C6
RGB	191, 212, 198
RGB Percent	75%, 83%, 78%
CMY	0.2510, 0.1686, 0.2235
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.07, 0.17
HSL	140°, 20%, 79%
HSV	140°, 10%, 83%
XYZ	55.2224, 62.2405, 62.5292
YIQ	204.1250, -8.0220, -8.8060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

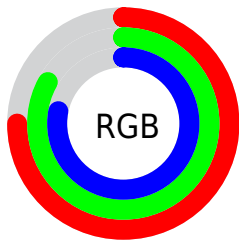
Format	Color
RYB	191, 207, 212
Decimal	12571846
CIELab	83.04, -9.68, 4.52
CIELCh	83, 10.687, 154.981
Yxy	62.2405, 0.3068, 0.3458
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290761926 (0xFFBFD4C6)
YUV	204.1250, -3.0196, -11.5106
Hunter-Lab	78.8927, -13.1178, 8.2325

Details

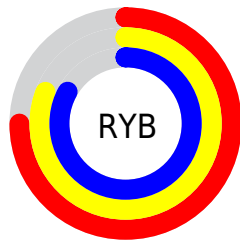
The RGB color **191, 212, 198** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **212, 191, 205**, and the grayscale version is **204, 204, 204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **247, 255, 255**, and **137, 157, 144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170, 212, 184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **212, 212, 212**.

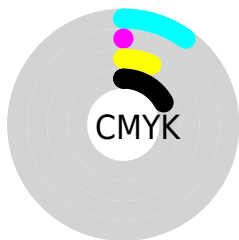
Distribution



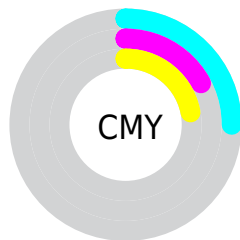
- Red (75%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 191, 212, 198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 191, 212, 198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 191, 212, 198


255, 255, 255

 247, 255, 255

 191, 212, 198

 164, 184, 171


 137, 157, 144

 112, 131, 119

 87, 106, 94

 64, 82, 70

 42, 59, 48

 21, 37, 27

 0, 17, 0

 0, 0, 0

 191, 212, 198

 191, 212, 198

 170, 212, 184

 212, 212, 212

 149, 212, 170

 233, 212, 226

 127, 212, 156

 255, 212, 240

 106, 212, 141

 255, 212, 255

 85, 212, 127

 255, 212, 255

 64, 212, 113

 43, 212, 99

 21, 212, 85

 0, 212, 71

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 210, 190



191, 212, 198



184, 213, 208

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 212, 198



198, 207, 227



228, 201, 196

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191, 212, 198



212, 191, 205

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



228, 200, 205



191, 212, 198



211, 204, 223

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 212, 198



188, 210, 225



222, 201, 215



223, 203, 189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 212, 198



182, 213, 215



222, 201, 215



229, 200, 199

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 212, 198



247, 255, 250



205, 212, 191



122, 128, 124



0, 0, 0



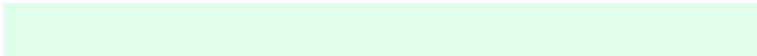
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 212, 198



224, 255, 235



191, 212, 209



96, 107, 100



0, 171, 57



0, 43, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 191, 205



255, 224, 245



212, 191, 195



107, 96, 104



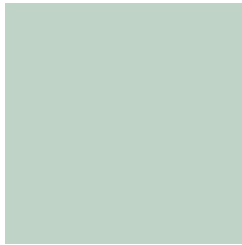
171, 0, 114



43, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 191, 212, 198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

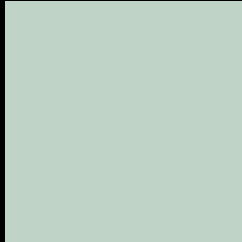
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 191, 212, 198 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

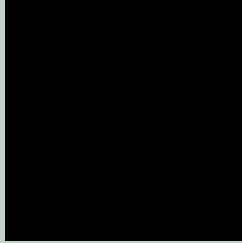
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

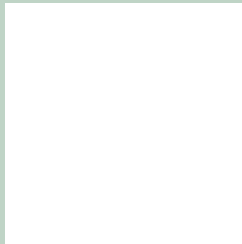
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 191, 212, 198 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 191, 212, 198.

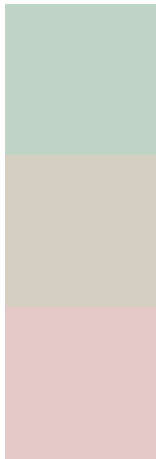


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 191, 212, 198.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
191, 212, 198

Protanopia
213, 206, 195

Deuteranopia
229, 200, 200



Tritanopia
195, 208, 225

Trichromacy



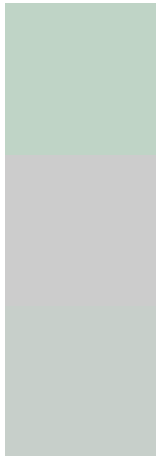
Original Color
191, 212, 198

Protanomaly
205, 208, 196

Deuteranomaly
215, 204, 199

Tritanomaly
194, 209, 215

Monochromacy



Original Color
191, 212, 198

Achromatopsia
204, 204, 204

Achromatomaly
199, 207, 202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 191, 212, 198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 212, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 212, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 212, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 212, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 191, 212, 198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 212, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 212, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 212, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 212, 198); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 212, 198); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 212, 198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 191, 212, 198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 212, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
212, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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