

Converting Colors

RGB(191, 223, 32)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(191, 223, 32) contains.

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Color

RGB(191, 223, 32)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFDF20
RGB	191, 223, 32
RGB Percent	75%, 87%, 13%
CMY	0.2510, 0.1255, 0.8745
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.86, 0.13
HSL	70°, 75%, 50%
HSV	70°, 86%, 87%
XYZ	48.1342, 63.9560, 11.1743
YIQ	191.6580, 42.2390, -66.1850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

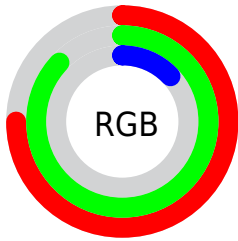
Format	Color
RYB	32, 223, 64
Decimal	12574496
CIELab	83.94, -32.25, 78.68
CIELCh	84, 85.029, 112.286
Yxy	63.9560, 0.3905, 0.5189
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290764576 (0xFFBFD2)
YUV	191.6580, -78.7114, -0.5771
Hunter-Lab	79.9725, -32.5154, 47.6963

Details

The RGB color **191, 223, 32** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC00**. The color can be described as middle washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **64, 32, 223**, and the grayscale version is **192, 192, 192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 255, 99**, and **133, 168, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **187, 223, 10**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **195, 223, 54**.

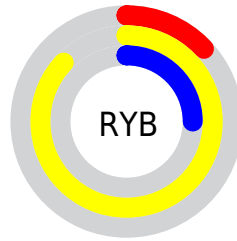
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (87%)

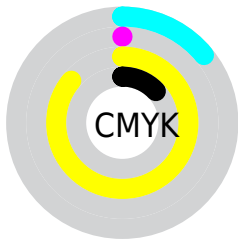
Blue (13%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (25%)

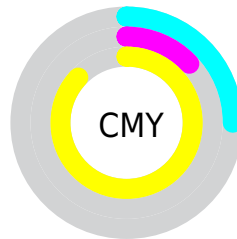


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (25%)

















Magenta (13%)

Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 191, 223, 32 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 191, 223, 32 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 191, 223, 32	 191, 223, 32
 255, 255, 255	 162, 195, 0
 251, 255, 99	 133, 168, 0
 255, 255, 128	 104, 141, 0
 255, 255, 157	 76, 116, 0
 255, 255, 187	 47, 91, 0
 255, 255, 216	 15, 67, 0
 255, 255, 246	 0, 44, 0
	 0, 22, 0
	 0, 0, 0

■ 191, 223, 32

■ 191, 223, 32

■ 187, 223, 10

■ 195, 223, 54

■ 186, 223, 0

■ 198, 223, 77

■ 202, 223, 99

■ 206, 223, 121

■ 210, 223, 144

■ 213, 223, 166

■ 217, 223, 188

■ 221, 223, 210

■ 225, 223, 233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 198, 14



191, 223, 32



81, 238, 105

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 223, 32



0, 241, 255



255, 131, 234

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191, 223, 32



64, 32, 223

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 160, 255



191, 223, 32



0, 225, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 223, 32



0, 247, 255



168, 197, 255



255, 135, 154

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 223, 32



0, 244, 157



168, 197, 255



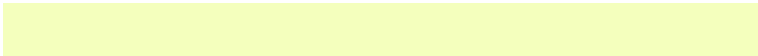
255, 138, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 223, 32



244, 255, 189



223, 64, 32



121, 128, 88



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 223, 32



212, 255, 0



96, 223, 32



110, 112, 101



146, 176, 0



40, 48, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 32, 223



43, 0, 255



159, 32, 223



103, 101, 112



29, 0, 176



8, 0, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 191, 223, 32 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 191, 223, 32 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 191, 223, 32 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 191, 223, 32.

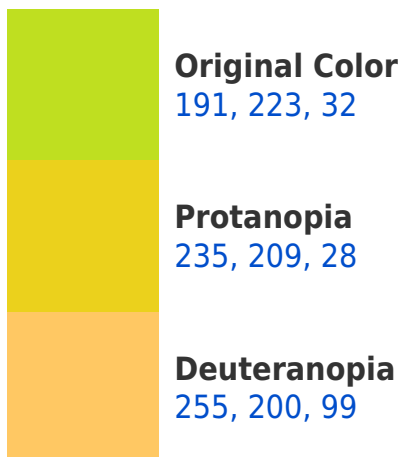


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 191, 223, 32.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

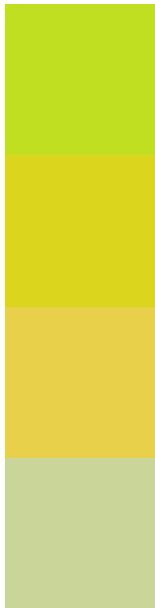
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
208, 207, 224

Trichromacy



Original Color
191, 223, 32

Protanomaly
219, 214, 29

Deuteranomaly
232, 208, 75

Tritanomaly
202, 213, 154

Monochromacy



Original Color
191, 223, 32

Achromatopsia
192, 192, 192

Achromatomaly
192, 203, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 191, 223, 32 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 223, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 223, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 223, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 223, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 191, 223, 32 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 223, 32) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 223, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 223, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 223, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 223, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 223,  
32) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 191, 223, 32 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 223, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
223, 32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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