

# Converting Colors

RGB(191, 245, 245)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(191, 245, 245) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(191, 245, 245)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFF5F5
RGB	191, 245, 245
RGB Percent	75%, 96%, 96%
CMY	0.2510, 0.0392, 0.0392
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	180°, 73%, 85%
HSV	180°, 22%, 96%
XYZ	70.6197, 82.9738, 98.6797
YIQ	228.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

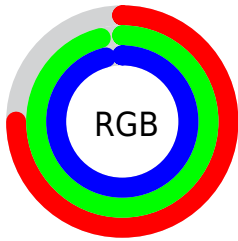
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	191, 218, 245
Decimal	12580341
CIE Lab	93.00, -16.98, -5.61
CIE LCh	93, 17.881, 198.287
Yxy	82.9738, 0.2799, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290770421 (0xFFBFF5F5)
YUV	228.8540, 7.9600, -33.1980
Hunter-Lab	91.0899, -21.0209, -0.4672

# Details

The RGB color **191, 245, 245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **245, 191, 191**, and the grayscale version is **229, 229, 229**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **248, 255, 255**, and **136, 189, 189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **166, 245, 245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216, 245, 245**.

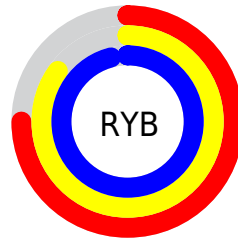
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (96%)

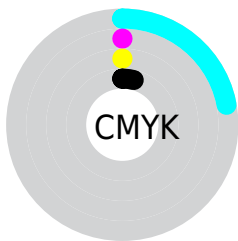
Blue (96%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (96%)

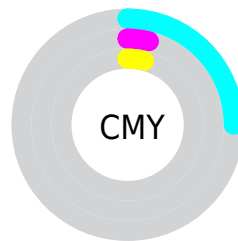


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (4%)


Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 191, 245, 245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 191, 245, 245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 191, 245, 245


255, 255, 255


 248, 255, 255


 191, 245, 245

 163, 216, 217


 136, 189, 189

 110, 162, 162


 84, 135, 136

 59, 110, 110

 33, 85, 86

 1, 62, 63

 0, 40, 41

 0, 19, 21

 191, 245, 245

 191, 245, 245

 166, 245, 245

 216, 245, 245

 142, 245, 245

 240, 245, 245

 118, 245, 245

 255, 245, 245

 93, 245, 245

 68, 245, 245

 44, 245, 245

 19, 245, 245

 0, 245, 245

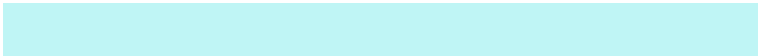
# Harmonies

## Analogous

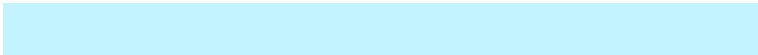
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200, 245, 227



191, 245, 245



194, 243, 255

# Triad

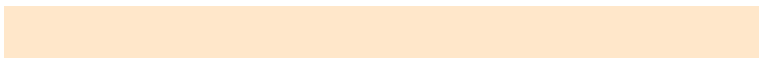
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 245, 245



251, 227, 255



255, 231, 202

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



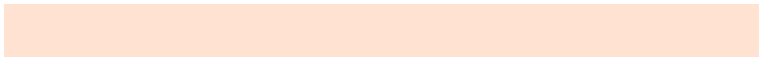
191, 245, 245



245, 191, 191

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 226, 210



191, 245, 245



255, 224, 242

# Square

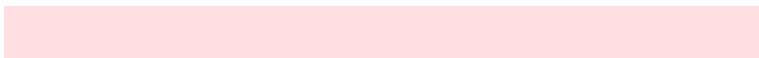
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 245, 245



230, 233, 255



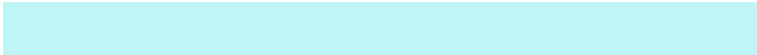
255, 223, 225



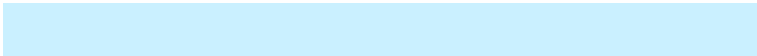
237, 237, 202

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 245, 245



202, 240, 255



255, 223, 225

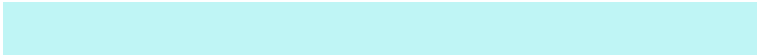


255, 230, 203



# Sweetspot

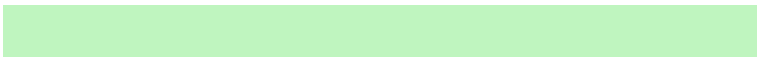
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 245, 245



237, 255, 255



191, 245, 191



117, 128, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

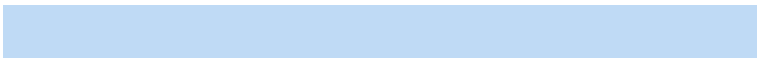
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 245, 245



189, 255, 255



191, 218, 245



110, 122, 122



0, 186, 186



0, 59, 59



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 191, 245



255, 189, 255



245, 218, 191



122, 110, 122



186, 0, 186

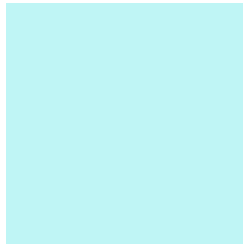


59, 0, 59



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 191, 245, 245 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

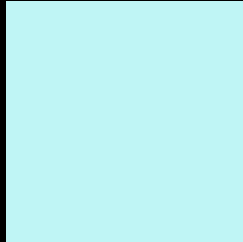
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 191, 245, 245 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

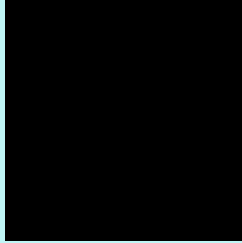
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 191, 245, 245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 191, 245, 245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 191, 245, 245.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





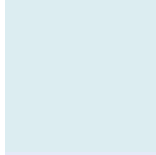
**Tritanopia**  
206, 240, 255

# Trichromacy



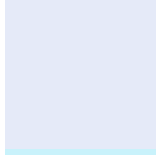
**Original Color**

191, 245, 245



**Protanomaly**

220, 237, 241



**Deuteranomaly**

229, 234, 248



**Tritanomaly**

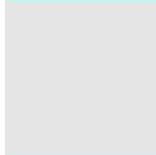
201, 242, 251

# Monochromacy



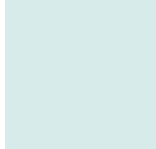
**Original Color**

191, 245, 245



**Achromatopsia**

229, 229, 229



**Achromatomaly**

215, 235, 235

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 191, 245, 245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 245, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 245, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 245, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 245, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 191, 245, 245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 245, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 245, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 245, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 245, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 245, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 245,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 191, 245, 245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 245, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
245, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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