

Converting Colors

RGB(191, 28, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(191, 28, 108) contains.

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Color

RGB(191, 28, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF1C6C
RGB	191, 28, 108
RGB Percent	75%, 11%, 42%
CMY	0.2510, 0.8902, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.85, 0.43, 0.25
HSL	331°, 74%, 43%
HSV	331°, 85%, 75%
XYZ	24.6079, 12.9896, 15.3976
YIQ	85.8570, 71.4680, 59.4360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

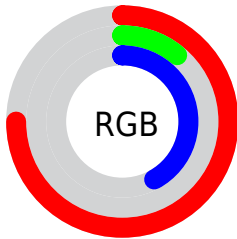
Format	Color
R_{YB}	191, 28, 108
Decimal	12524652
CIE _{Lab}	42.75, 65.45, -2.91
CIE _{LCh}	43, 65.518, 357.455
Yxy	12.9896, 0.4643, 0.2451
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290714732 (0xFFBF1C6C)
YUV	85.8570, 10.9165, 92.2104
Hunter-Lab	36.0411, 58.8032, -0.1014

Details

The RGB color **191, 28, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. A complement of this color would be **28, 191, 111**, and the grayscale version is **86, 86, 86**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **252, 94, 159**, and **132, 0, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191, 9, 98**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **191, 47, 118**.

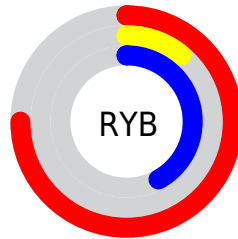
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (11%)

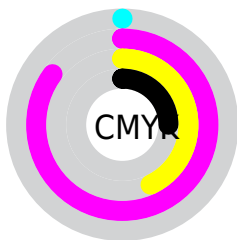
Blue (42%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (42%)

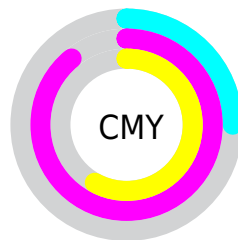


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)


Magenta (89%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 191, 28, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 191, 28, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 191, 28, 108

255, 255, 255

 252, 94, 159


 255, 123, 186

 255, 152, 214

 255, 181, 242

 255, 210, 255

 255, 240, 255

 191, 28, 108

 161, 0, 84


 132, 0, 61


 102, 0, 39


 75, 0, 19


 46, 0, 2

 0, 0, 0

 191, 28, 108

 191, 9, 98

 191, 28, 108

 191, 47, 118

■ 191, 0, 94

■ 191, 66, 127

■ 191, 85, 137

■ 191, 104, 147

■ 191, 123, 157

■ 191, 143, 166

■ 191, 162, 176

■ 191, 181, 186

■ 191, 200, 196

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160, 58, 160



191, 28, 108



191, 42, 55

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 28, 108



74, 112, 0



0, 120, 192

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191, 28, 108



28, 191, 111

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 124, 150



191, 28, 108



0, 120, 37

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 28, 108



127, 97, 0



0, 124, 95



0, 109, 210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 28, 108



177, 63, 18



0, 124, 95



0, 122, 180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 28, 108



247, 183, 215



110, 28, 191



125, 86, 105



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 28, 108



247, 0, 121



191, 28, 28



94, 85, 90



158, 0, 78



31, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191, 28, 108



247, 0, 121



28, 191, 191



94, 85, 90



158, 0, 78



31, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 191, 28, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

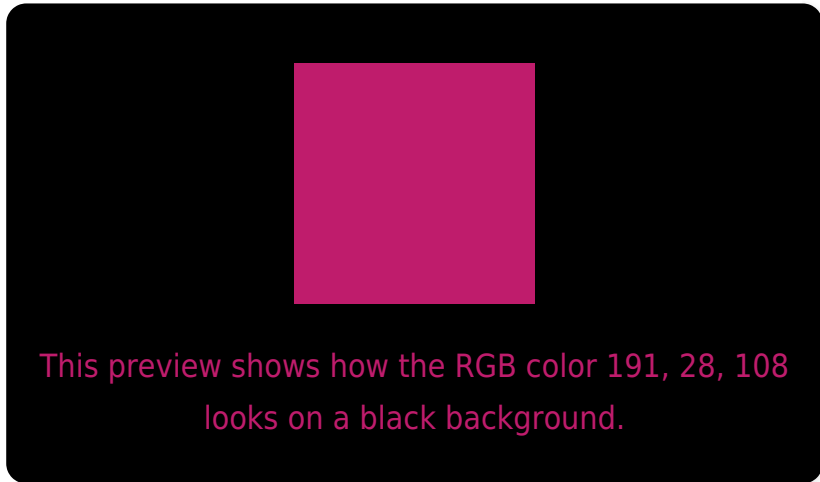
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 191, 28, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 191, 28, 108.

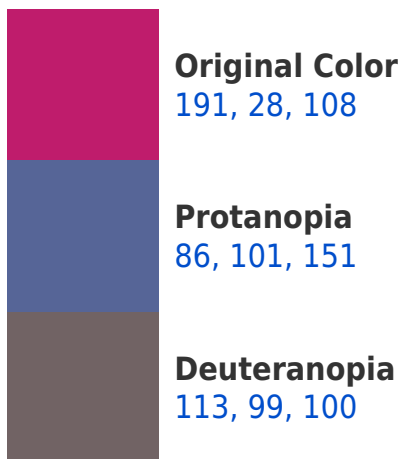


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 191, 28, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
188, 49, 50

Trichromacy



Original Color

191, 28, 108

Protanomaly

124, 74, 135

Deuteranomaly

141, 73, 103

Tritanomaly

189, 41, 71

Monochromacy



Original Color

191, 28, 108

Achromatopsia

86, 86, 86

Achromatomaly

124, 65, 94

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 191, 28, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 28, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 28, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 28, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 28, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 191, 28, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 28, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 28, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 28, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 28, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 28, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 28,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 191, 28, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 28, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 28,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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