

Converting Colors

RGB(192, 140, 229)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(192, 140, 229) contains.

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Color

RGB(192, 140, 229)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C08CE5
RGB	192, 140, 229
RGB Percent	75%, 55%, 90%
CMY	0.2471, 0.4510, 0.1020
CMYK	0.16, 0.39, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	275°, 63%, 72%
HSV	275°, 39%, 90%
XYZ	45.2592, 35.6198, 78.6186
YIQ	165.6940, 2.4230, 38.7030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

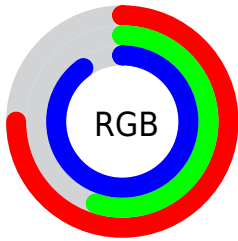
Format	Color
R_{YB}	192, 140, 229
Decimal	12618981
CIE _{Lab}	66.23, 36.01, -37.65
CIE _{LCh}	66, 52.102, 313.724
Yxy	35.6198, 0.2838, 0.2233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290809061 (0xFFC08CE5)
YUV	165.6940, 31.2099, 23.0704
Hunter-Lab	59.6823, 30.9187, -36.3242

Details

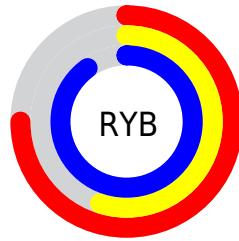
The RGB color **192, 140, 229** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **177, 229, 140**, and the grayscale version is **165, 165, 165**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 194, 255**, and **137, 89, 173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182, 117, 229**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **202, 163, 229**.

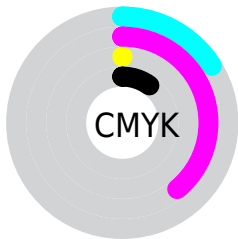
Distribution



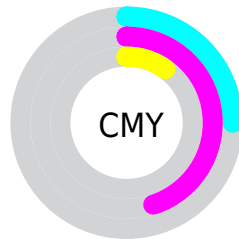
- Red (75%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (10%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 192, 140, 229 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 192, 140, 229 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 192, 140, 229


255, 255, 255

 250, 194, 255

 255, 222, 255

 255, 251, 255

 192, 140, 229

 164, 114, 201

 137, 89, 173


 110, 64, 146

 85, 41, 120

 59, 16, 95


 34, 0, 71


 6, 0, 48


 0, 1, 26


 0, 0, 0


 192, 140, 229


 192, 140, 229

 182, 117, 229

 202, 163, 229

 173, 94, 229


 211, 186, 229

 163, 71, 229

 221, 209, 229

 154, 48, 229

 230, 232, 229

 144, 26, 229

 240, 255, 229

 135, 3, 229

 249, 255, 229

 134, 0, 229

 255, 255, 229

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119, 159, 252



192, 140, 229



234, 124, 188

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192, 140, 229



209, 149, 69



0, 184, 182

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192, 140, 229



177, 229, 140

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22, 183, 133



192, 140, 229



167, 165, 65

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192, 140, 229



238, 132, 98



115, 176, 90



0, 182, 225

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192, 140, 229



247, 120, 157



115, 176, 90



0, 184, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192, 140, 229



242, 224, 255



140, 177, 229



120, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192, 140, 229



205, 135, 255



229, 140, 222



110, 103, 115



104, 0, 179



30, 0, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



229, 140, 177



255, 135, 185



140, 229, 147



115, 103, 108



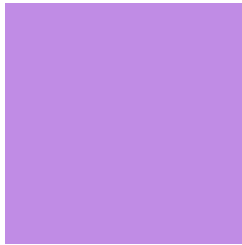
179, 0, 74



51, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 140, 229 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

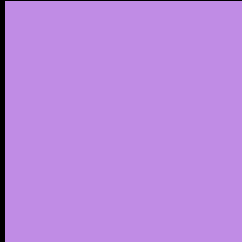
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 140, 229 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

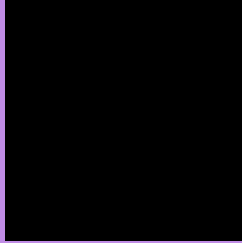
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 192, 140, 229 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 140, 229.

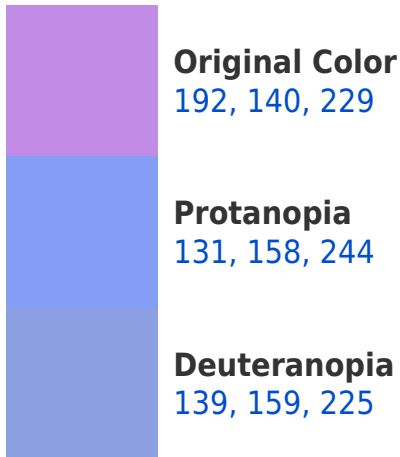



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 140, 229.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
182, 153, 165

Trichromacy



Original Color

192, 140, 229



Protanomaly

153, 151, 239



Deuteranomaly

158, 152, 226



Tritanomaly

186, 148, 188

Monochromacy



Original Color

192, 140, 229



Achromatopsia

166, 166, 166



Achromatomaly

175, 157, 189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 192, 140, 229 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 140, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(192, 140, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 140, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 140, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 192, 140, 229 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 140, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 140, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 140, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 140, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 140, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 140,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 192, 140, 229 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 140, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
140, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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