

# Converting Colors

RGB(192, 141, 249)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(192, 141, 249) contains.

<b>RGB(192, 141, 249)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(192, 141, 249)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C08DF9
RGB	192, 141, 249
RGB Percent	75%, 55%, 98%
CMY	0.2471, 0.4471, 0.0235
CMYK	0.23, 0.43, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	268°, 90%, 76%
HSV	268°, 43%, 98%
XYZ	48.3620, 37.0958, 94.2338
YIQ	168.5610, -4.2720, 44.4000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

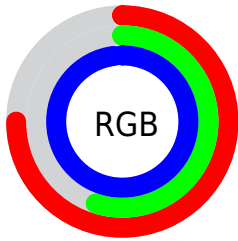
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	192, 141, 249
Decimal	12619257
CIE Lab	67.35, 39.91, -46.89
CIE LCh	67, 61.574, 310.401
Yxy	37.0958, 0.2691, 0.2064
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290809337 (0xFFC08DF9)
YUV	168.5610, 39.6564, 20.5560
Hunter-Lab	60.9063, 35.1500, -49.0986

# Details

The RGB color **192, 141, 249** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **198, 249, 141**, and the grayscale version is **168, 168, 168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 195, 255**, and **136, 90, 192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179, 116, 249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 166, 249**.

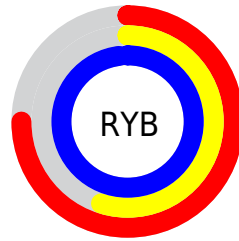
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (55%)

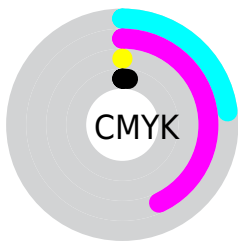
Blue (98%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (98%)

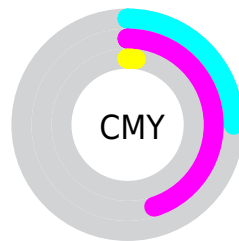


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (45%)


Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 192, 141, 249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 192, 141, 249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 192, 141, 249

255, 255, 255

 250, 195, 255

 255, 224, 255

 255, 253, 255

 192, 141, 249

 164, 115, 220

 136, 90, 192

 109, 65, 165

 82, 41, 138


 56, 16, 112

 27, 0, 87

 0, 0, 63

 0, 3, 40


 0, 1, 17


 192, 141, 249


 192, 141, 249

 179, 116, 249

 205, 166, 249

 166, 91, 249


 218, 191, 249

 153, 66, 249


 231, 216, 249

 139, 41, 249

 245, 241, 249

 126, 17, 249

 255, 255, 249

 118, 0, 249

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90, 164, 255



192, 141, 249



246, 119, 202

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192, 141, 249



223, 148, 55



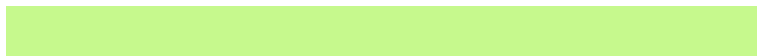
0, 191, 182

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192, 141, 249



198, 249, 141

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 188, 125



192, 141, 249



175, 167, 44

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192, 141, 249



255, 126, 95



115, 181, 74



0, 189, 235

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192, 141, 249



255, 112, 166



115, 181, 74



0, 191, 163



# Sweetspot

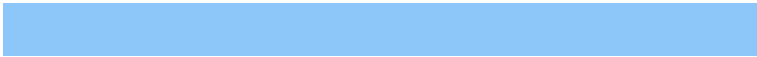
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192, 141, 249



238, 222, 255



141, 199, 249



117, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192, 141, 249



185, 122, 255



245, 141, 249



118, 112, 125



89, 0, 189



29, 0, 61



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 141, 198



255, 122, 192



145, 249, 141



125, 112, 119



189, 0, 100

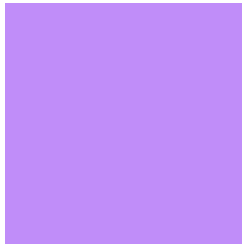


61, 0, 32



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 141, 249 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

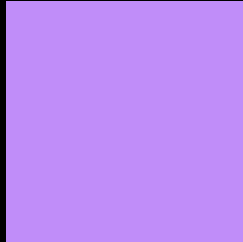
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 141, 249 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

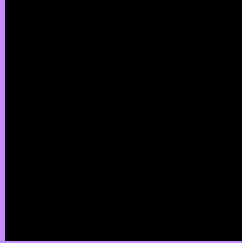
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 192, 141, 249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 141, 249.

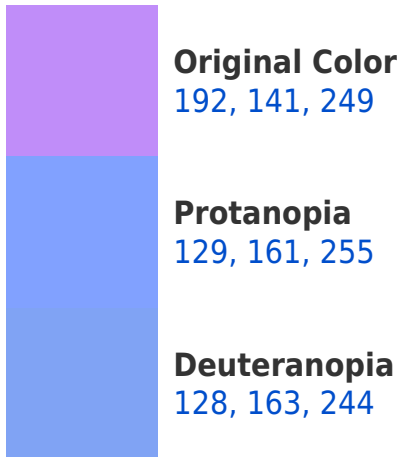


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 141, 249.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
178, 158, 171

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

192, 141, 249



**Protanomaly**

152, 154, 253



**Deuteranomaly**

151, 155, 246



**Tritanomaly**

183, 152, 199

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

192, 141, 249



**Achromatopsia**

169, 169, 169



**Achromatomaly**

177, 159, 198

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 192, 141, 249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 141, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 141, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 141, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 141, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 192, 141, 249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 141, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 141, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 141, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 141, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 141, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 141,  
249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 192, 141, 249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 141, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
141, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor