

Converting Colors

RGB(192, 18, 240)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(192, 18, 240) contains.

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Color

RGB(192, 18, 240)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C012F0
RGB	192, 18, 240
RGB Percent	75%, 7%, 94%
CMY	0.2471, 0.9294, 0.0588
CMYK	0.20, 0.93, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	287°, 88%, 51%
HSV	287°, 92%, 94%
XYZ	37.6827, 17.9304, 83.9129
YIQ	95.3340, 32.4420, 105.9300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

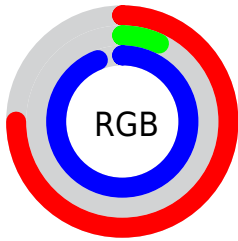
Format	Color
R _{YB}	192, 18, 240
Decimal	12587760
CIE _{Lab}	49.41, 85.37, -70.59
CIE _{LCh}	49, 110.772, 320.414
Yxy	17.9304, 0.2701, 0.1285
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290777840 (0xFFC012F0)
YUV	95.3340, 71.3203, 84.7761
Hunter-Lab	42.3442, 84.7471, -87.8530

Details

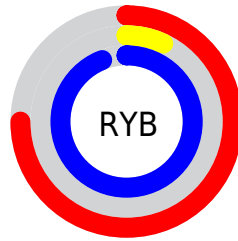
The RGB color **192, 18, 240** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **66, 240, 18**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253, 97, 255**, and **132, 0, 183** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188, 0, 240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 42, 240**.

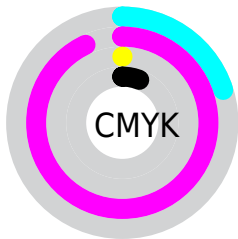
Distribution



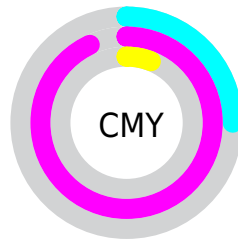
- Red (75%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 192, 18, 240 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 192, 18, 240 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



192, 18, 240



192, 18, 240

255, 255, 255



162, 0, 211



253, 97, 255



132, 0, 183



255, 128, 255



102, 0, 155



255, 158, 255



72, 0, 128



255, 187, 255



43, 0, 102



255, 217, 255



0, 0, 77



255, 248, 255



0, 5, 53



0, 2, 31



0, 0, 1

■ 192, 18, 240

■ 192, 18, 240

■ 188, 0, 240

■ 197, 42, 240

■ 202, 66, 240

■ 208, 90, 240

■ 213, 114, 240

■ 218, 138, 240

■ 223, 162, 240

■ 228, 186, 240

■ 234, 210, 240

■ 239, 234, 240

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 108, 255



192, 18, 240



255, 0, 152

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192, 18, 240



168, 103, 0



0, 152, 182

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192, 18, 240



66, 240, 18

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 150, 83



192, 18, 240



80, 132, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192, 18, 240



232, 31, 0



0, 144, 0



0, 151, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192, 18, 240



255, 0, 91



0, 144, 0



0, 151, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192, 18, 240



240, 184, 255



18, 66, 240



118, 84, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192, 18, 240



200, 0, 255



240, 18, 177



117, 108, 120



144, 0, 184



44, 0, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



240, 18, 66



255, 0, 55



18, 240, 81



120, 108, 110



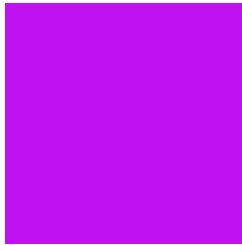
184, 0, 40



56, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 18, 240 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

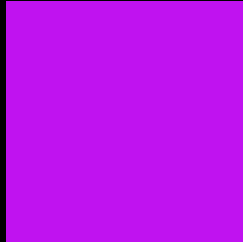
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 18, 240 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

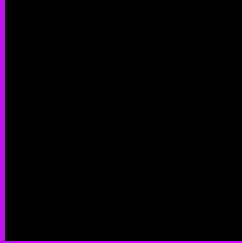
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 192, 18, 240 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 18, 240.

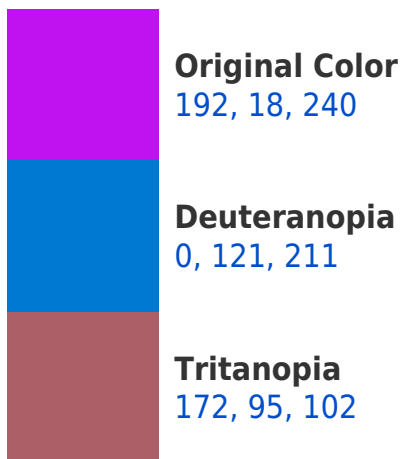


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 18, 240.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Original Color

192, 18, 240



Deuteranomaly

70, 84, 222



Tritanomaly

179, 67, 152

Monochromacy



Original Color

192, 18, 240



Achromatopsia

95, 95, 95



Achromatomaly

130, 67, 148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 192, 18, 240 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 18, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 18, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 18, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 18, 240) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 192, 18, 240 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 18, 240) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 18, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 18, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 18, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 18, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 18,  
240) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 192, 18, 240 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 18, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192, 18,  
240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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