

# Converting Colors

RGB(192, 224, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(192, 224, 108) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(192, 224, 108)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0E06C
RGB	192, 224, 108
RGB Percent	75%, 88%, 42%
CMY	0.2471, 0.1216, 0.5765
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.52, 0.12
HSL	77°, 65%, 65%
HSV	77°, 52%, 88%
XYZ	51.1007, 65.6005, 24.1562
YIQ	201.2080, 18.1640, -42.8600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

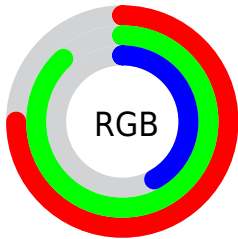
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	108, 224, 140
Decimal	12640364
CIELab	84.79, -27.88, 52.71
CIELCh	85, 59.626, 117.879
Yxy	65.6005, 0.3628, 0.4657
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290830444 (0xFFC0E06C)
YUV	201.2080, -45.9515, -8.0754
Hunter-Lab	80.9941, -29.1209, 39.0128

# Details

The RGB color **192, 224, 108** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **140, 108, 224**, and the grayscale version is **202, 202, 202**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 255, 162**, and **136, 169, 55** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186, 224, 86**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 224, 130**.

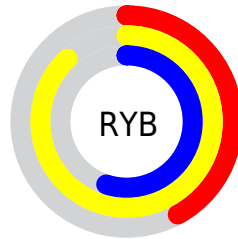
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (88%)

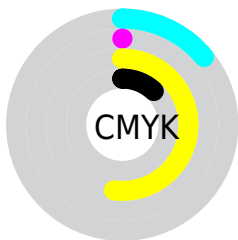
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (55%)

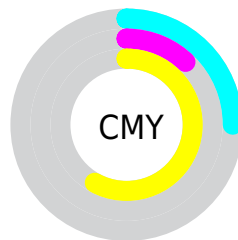


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 192, 224, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 192, 224, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 192, 224, 108

255, 255, 255

 250, 255, 162

 255, 255, 190

 255, 255, 219

 255, 255, 248

 192, 224, 108

 164, 196, 82

 136, 169, 55

 109, 142, 27

 83, 116, 0

 57, 92, 0

 30, 68, 0

 0, 45, 0

 0, 25, 0

 0, 0, 0

 192, 224, 108


 192, 224, 108

 186, 224, 86

 198, 224, 130

 180, 224, 63

 204, 224, 153

 173, 224, 41

 211, 224, 175

 167, 224, 18

 217, 224, 198

 162, 224, 0

 223, 224, 220

 229, 224, 242

 235, 224, 255

 241, 224, 255

 248, 224, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



248, 207, 95



192, 224, 108



121, 235, 149

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192, 224, 108



0, 233, 255



255, 164, 218

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192, 224, 108



140, 108, 224

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 177, 255



192, 224, 108



97, 219, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192, 224, 108



0, 239, 255



209, 199, 255



255, 169, 162

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192, 224, 108



37, 239, 186



209, 199, 255



255, 167, 237

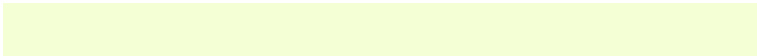


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192, 224, 108



244, 255, 214



224, 139, 108



121, 128, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192, 224, 108



211, 255, 97



135, 224, 108



109, 112, 101



127, 176, 0



35, 48, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140, 108, 224



141, 97, 255



197, 108, 224



104, 101, 112



49, 0, 176



13, 0, 48



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 224, 108 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 224, 108 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 192, 224, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 224, 108.

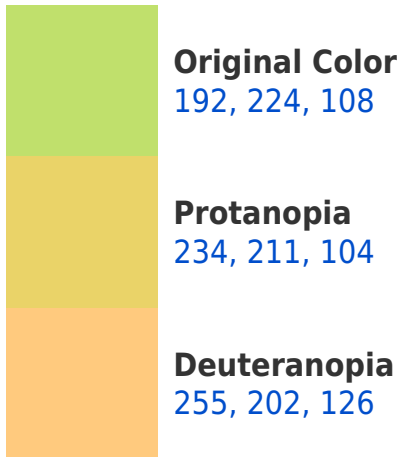


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 224, 108.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
207, 211, 228

# Trichromacy



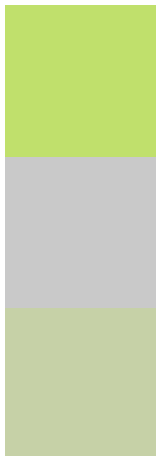
**Original Color**  
192, 224, 108

**Protanomaly**  
219, 216, 105

**Deuteranomaly**  
232, 210, 119

**Tritanomaly**  
202, 216, 184

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
192, 224, 108

**Achromatopsia**  
201, 201, 201

**Achromatomaly**  
198, 209, 167

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 192, 224, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 224, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 224, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 224, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 224, 108) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 192, 224, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 224, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 224, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 224, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 224, 108); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 224, 108); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 224, 108) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 192, 224, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 224, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
224, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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