

Converting Colors

RGB(192, 234, 253)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(192, 234, 253) contains.

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Color

RGB(192, 234, 253)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0EAFD
RGB	192, 234, 253
RGB Percent	75%, 92%, 99%
CMY	0.2471, 0.0824, 0.0078
CMYK	0.24, 0.08, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	199°, 94%, 87%
HSV	199°, 24%, 99%
XYZ	68.8907, 77.1440, 104.1879
YIQ	223.6080, -31.1310, -2.9950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

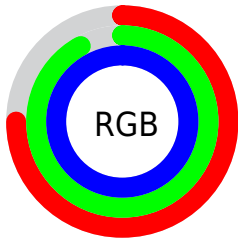
Format	Color
RYB	192, 217, 253
Decimal	12643069
CIELab	90.39, -9.43, -13.66
CIElCh	90, 16.597, 235.365
Yxy	77.1440, 0.2753, 0.3083
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290833149 (0xFFC0EAFD)
YUV	223.6080, 14.4903, -27.7202
Hunter-Lab	87.8316, -13.6990, -8.8490

Details

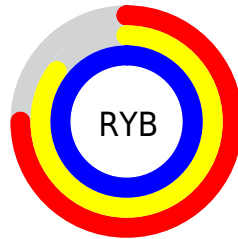
The RGB color **192, 234, 253** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **253, 211, 192**, and the grayscale version is **223, 223, 223**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **249, 255, 255**, and **137, 178, 196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **167, 226, 253**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217, 242, 253**.

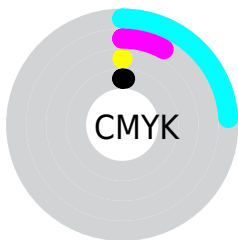
Distribution



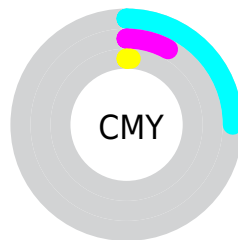
- Red (75%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 192, 234, 253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 192, 234, 253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 192, 234, 253


255, 255, 255


 249, 255, 255


 192, 234, 253

 164, 206, 224

 137, 178, 196

 111, 152, 169


 85, 126, 143

 60, 101, 117

 34, 77, 92

 4, 54, 69

 0, 33, 46

 0, 4, 26

■ 192, 234, 253

■ 192, 234, 253

■ 167, 226, 253

■ 217, 242, 253

■ 141, 218, 253

■ 243, 250, 253

■ 116, 210, 253

255, 255, 253

■ 91, 202, 253

■ 66, 195, 253

■ 40, 187, 253

■ 15, 179, 253

■ 0, 174, 253

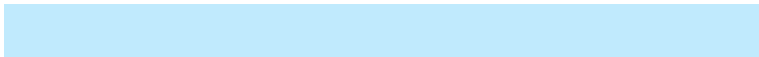
Harmonies

Analogous

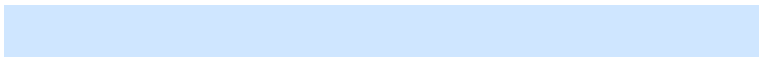
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187, 237, 240



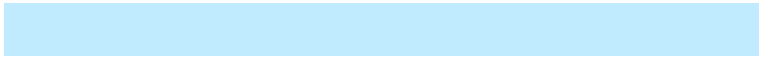
192, 234, 253



207, 230, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192, 234, 253



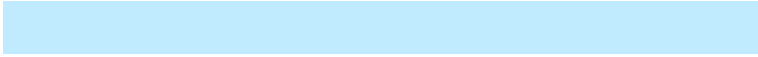
255, 217, 231



226, 231, 199

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192, 234, 253



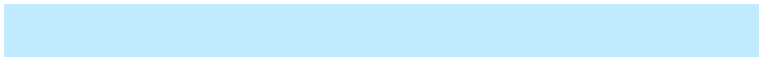
253, 211, 192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



243, 225, 196



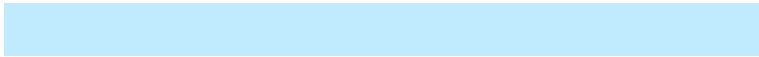
192, 234, 253



255, 217, 215

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



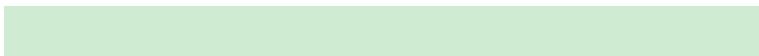
192, 234, 253



246, 219, 246



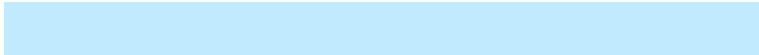
255, 221, 202



207, 235, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192, 234, 253



221, 226, 255



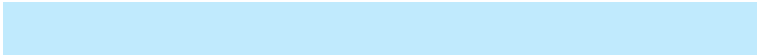
255, 221, 202



232, 229, 197

Sweetspot

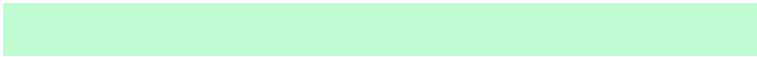
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192, 234, 253



237, 249, 255



192, 253, 210



117, 124, 128



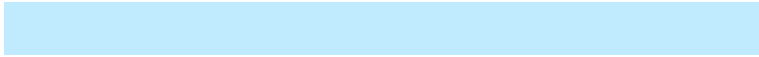
0, 0, 0



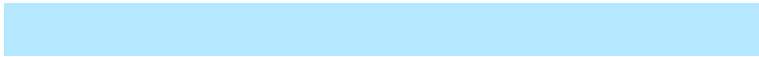
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192, 234, 253



181, 232, 255



192, 204, 253



115, 124, 128



0, 132, 191



0, 44, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



253, 192, 234



255, 181, 232



253, 241, 192



128, 115, 124



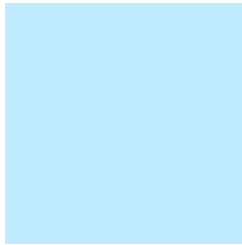
191, 0, 132



64, 0, 44

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 234, 253 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

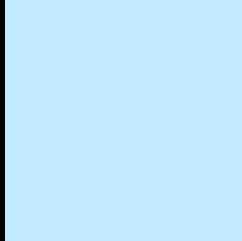
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 234, 253 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

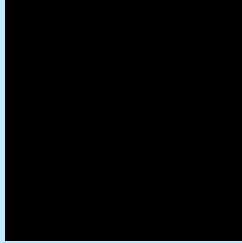
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

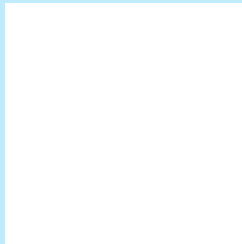
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 192, 234, 253 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 234, 253.

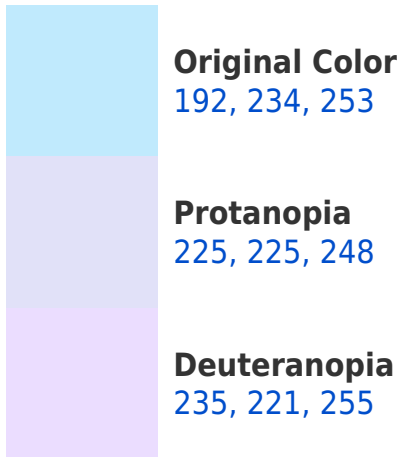


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 234, 253.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
192, 234, 253

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 192, 234, 253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 234, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 234, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 234, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 234, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 192, 234, 253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 234, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 234, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 234, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 234, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 234, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 234,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 192, 234, 253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 234, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
234, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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