

Converting Colors

RGB(192, 241, 103)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(192, 241, 103) contains.

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Color

RGB(192, 241, 103)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0F167
RGB	192, 241, 103
RGB Percent	75%, 95%, 40%
CMY	0.2471, 0.0549, 0.5961
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.57, 0.05
HSL	81°, 83%, 67%
HSV	81°, 57%, 95%
XYZ	55.6417, 75.0963, 24.3944
YIQ	210.6170, 15.0940, -53.3060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

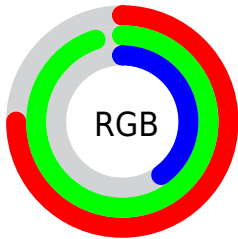
Format	Color
RYB	103, 241, 152
Decimal	12644711
CIELab	89.44, -36.20, 60.32
CIElCh	89, 70.350, 120.973
Yxy	75.0963, 0.3587, 0.4841
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290834791 (0xFFC0F167)
YUV	210.6170, -53.0552, -16.3271
Hunter-Lab	86.6581, -37.0400, 43.9705

Details

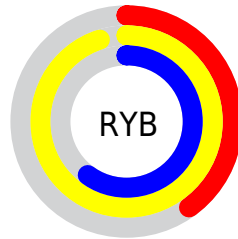
The RGB color **192, 241, 103** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF66**. A complement of this color would be **152, 103, 241**, and the grayscale version is **211, 211, 211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 255, 158**, and **135, 185, 47** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **183, 241, 79**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **201, 241, 127**.

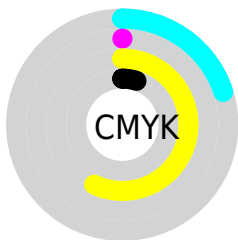
Distribution



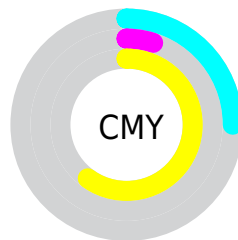
- Red (75%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 192, 241, 103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 192, 241, 103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 192, 241, 103

255, 255, 255

 251, 255, 158

 255, 255, 186


 255, 255, 215

 255, 255, 244

 192, 241, 103

 163, 213, 76

 135, 185, 47

 108, 158, 10

 80, 131, 0

 52, 106, 0

 22, 81, 0

 0, 58, 0

 0, 37, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 192, 241, 103

■ 192, 241, 103

■ 183, 241, 79

■ 201, 241, 127

■ 175, 241, 55

■ 209, 241, 151

■ 166, 241, 31

■ 218, 241, 175

■ 158, 241, 7

■ 226, 241, 199

■ 155, 241, 0

■ 235, 241, 223

■ 243, 241, 248

■ 252, 241, 255

■ 255, 241, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 222, 82



192, 241, 103



98, 253, 157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192, 241, 103



0, 248, 255



255, 165, 225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192, 241, 103



152, 103, 241

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 179, 255



192, 241, 103



84, 231, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192, 241, 103



0, 255, 255



230, 206, 255



255, 174, 159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192, 241, 103



0, 255, 201



230, 206, 255



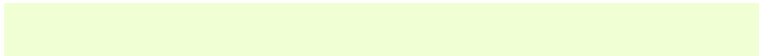
255, 168, 248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192, 241, 103



240, 255, 212



241, 151, 103



118, 128, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192, 241, 103



193, 255, 79



124, 241, 103



116, 120, 108



118, 184, 0



36, 56, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 103, 241



142, 79, 255



220, 103, 241



112, 108, 120



65, 0, 184



20, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 241, 103 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 192, 241, 103 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 192, 241, 103 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 241, 103.

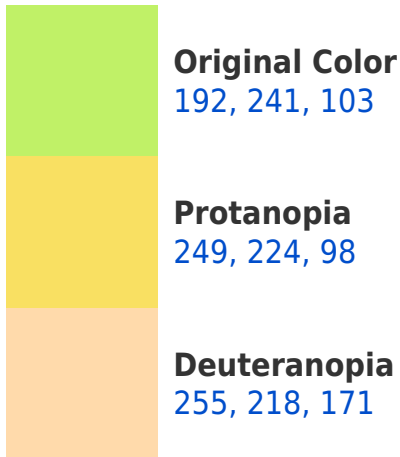


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 241, 103.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





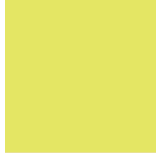
Tritanopia
210, 226, 244

Trichromacy



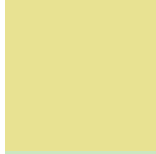
Original Color

192, 241, 103



Protanomaly

228, 230, 100



Deuteranomaly

232, 226, 146



Tritanomaly

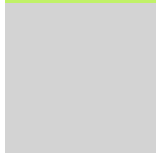
203, 231, 193

Monochromacy



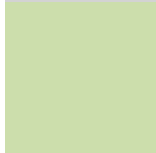
Original Color

192, 241, 103



Achromatopsia

211, 211, 211



Achromatomaly

204, 222, 172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 192, 241, 103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 241, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 241, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 241, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 241, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 192, 241, 103 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 241, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 241, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 241, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 241, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 241, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 241,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 192, 241, 103 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 241, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
241, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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