

Converting Colors

RGB(193, 147, 118)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(193, 147, 118) contains.

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Color

RGB(193, 147, 118)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C19376
RGB	193, 147, 118
RGB Percent	76%, 58%, 46%
CMY	0.2431, 0.4235, 0.5373
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.39, 0.24
HSL	23°, 38%, 61%
HSV	23°, 39%, 76%
XYZ	35.6961, 33.5129, 21.7268
YIQ	157.4480, 36.7250, 0.7330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

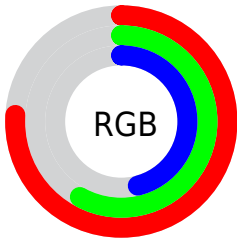
Format	Color
RYB	193, 165, 118
Decimal	12686198
CIELab	64.57, 13.44, 22.05
CIELCh	65, 25.823, 58.635
Yxy	33.5129, 0.3925, 0.3685
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290876278 (0xFFC19376)
YUV	157.4480, -19.4479, 31.1791
Hunter-Lab	57.8903, 8.7577, 18.2711

Details

The RGB color **193, 147, 118** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **118, 164, 193**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 201, 170**, and **138, 96, 69** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193, 135, 99**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193, 159, 137**.

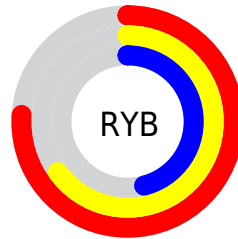
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (58%)

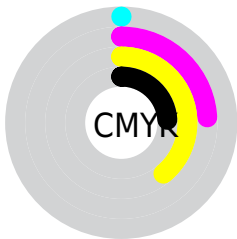
Blue (46%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (46%)

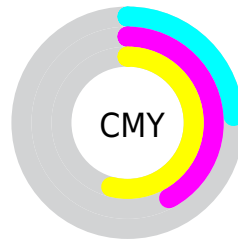


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 193, 147, 118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 193, 147, 118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 193, 147, 118


255, 255, 255

 251, 201, 170

 255, 229, 198

 255, 255, 226

255, 255, 254

 193, 147, 118

 193, 135, 99

 193, 147, 118

 165, 121, 93

 138, 96, 69

 111, 72, 47

 85, 50, 25


 61, 28, 0

 37, 5, 0


 0, 0, 0

 193, 147, 118


 193, 159, 137

 193, 123, 79

 193, 171, 157

 193, 111, 60

 193, 183, 176

 193, 100, 41

 193, 194, 195

 193, 88, 22

 193, 206, 214

 193, 76, 2

 193, 218, 234

 193, 75, 0

 193, 230, 253

 193, 242, 255

 193, 254, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203, 141, 136



193, 147, 118



174, 155, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193, 147, 118



99, 169, 155



159, 151, 197

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193, 147, 118



118, 164, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126, 159, 202



193, 147, 118



86, 169, 178

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193, 147, 118



123, 167, 132



97, 165, 195



185, 144, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193, 147, 118



158, 160, 113



97, 165, 195



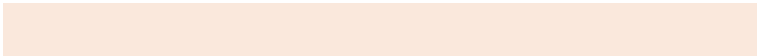
148, 154, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193, 147, 118



250, 232, 220



193, 118, 164



125, 114, 107



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193, 147, 118



250, 178, 132



193, 184, 118



97, 91, 87



161, 62, 0



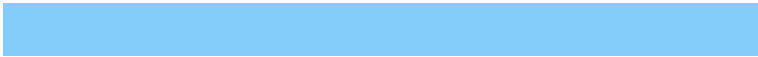
33, 13, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118, 164, 193



132, 204, 250



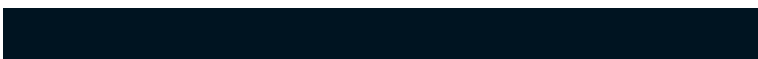
118, 127, 193



87, 93, 97



0, 99, 161



0, 20, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 147, 118 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

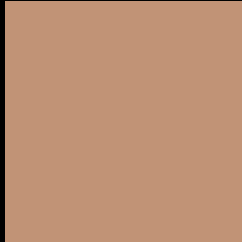
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 147, 118 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

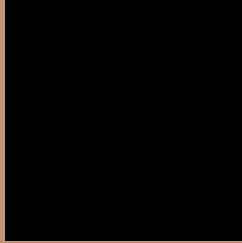
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 193, 147, 118 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 147, 118.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 147, 118.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
193, 147, 118

Protanopia
167, 157, 122

Deuteranopia
185, 150, 117



Tritanopia
196, 142, 153

Trichromacy



Original Color
193, 147, 118

Protanomaly
176, 153, 121

Deuteranomaly
188, 149, 117

Tritanomaly
195, 144, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color
193, 147, 118

Achromatopsia
157, 157, 157

Achromatomaly
170, 153, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 193, 147, 118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 147, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 147, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 147, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 147, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 193, 147, 118 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

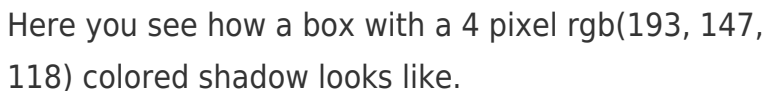
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 147, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 147, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 147, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 147, 118); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 147, 118); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 147, 118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 193, 147, 118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 147, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
147, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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