

Converting Colors

RGB(193, 148, 72)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(193, 148, 72) contains.

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Color

RGB(193, 148, 72)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C19448
RGB	193, 148, 72
RGB Percent	76%, 58%, 28%
CMY	0.2431, 0.4196, 0.7176
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.63, 0.24
HSL	38°, 49%, 52%
HSV	38°, 63%, 76%
XYZ	33.7519, 32.9851, 10.7187
YIQ	152.7910, 51.2160, -14.0960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

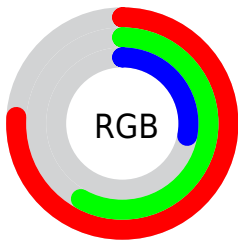
Format	Color
RYB	144, 193, 72
Decimal	12686408
CIELab	64.15, 8.60, 45.84
CIELCh	64, 46.640, 79.373
Yxy	32.9851, 0.4358, 0.4259
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290876488 (0xFFC19448)
YUV	152.7910, -39.8300, 35.2633
Hunter-Lab	57.4327, 4.3933, 29.1375

Details

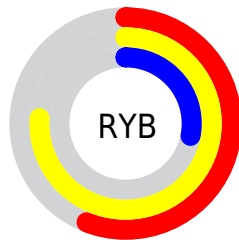
The RGB color **193, 148, 72** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **72, 117, 193**, and the grayscale version is **153, 153, 153**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **252, 202, 123**, and **136, 98, 21** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193, 141, 53**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193, 155, 91**.

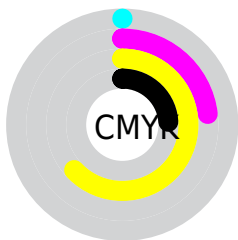
Distribution



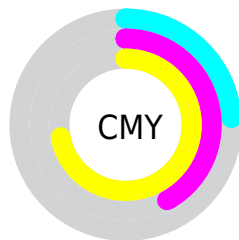
- Red (76%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (24%)





- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 193, 148, 72 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 193, 148, 72 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 193, 148, 72

 193, 148, 72

255, 255, 255

 164, 122, 47

 252, 202, 123

 136, 98, 21

 255, 230, 150

 108, 74, 0

 255, 255, 177

 82, 51, 0


 255, 255, 205

 55, 30, 0


 255, 255, 233

 31, 8, 0

 0, 0, 0

 193, 148, 72

 193, 148, 72

 193, 141, 53

 193, 155, 91

■ 193, 134, 33

■ 193, 162, 111

■ 193, 126, 14

■ 193, 170, 130

■ 193, 121, 0

■ 193, 177, 149

■ 193, 184, 169

■ 193, 191, 188

■ 193, 198, 207

■ 193, 205, 226

■ 193, 213, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



222, 133, 94



193, 148, 72



154, 161, 74

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193, 148, 72



0, 177, 182



192, 134, 210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193, 148, 72



72, 117, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



135, 150, 234



193, 148, 72



0, 173, 218

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193, 148, 72



22, 176, 139



29, 164, 237



225, 122, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193, 148, 72



123, 168, 89



29, 164, 237



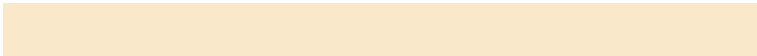
176, 139, 220

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193, 148, 72



250, 232, 202



193, 72, 118



125, 114, 96



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193, 148, 72



250, 180, 62



179, 193, 72



97, 93, 87



161, 101, 0



33, 21, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 117, 193



62, 132, 250



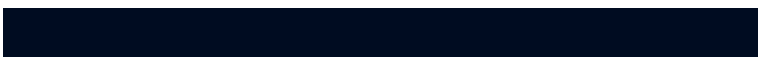
86, 72, 193



87, 91, 97



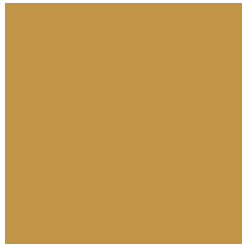
0, 60, 161



0, 12, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 148, 72 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

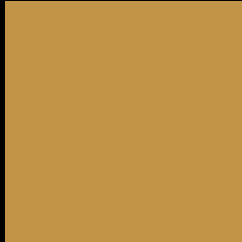
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 148, 72 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 193, 148, 72 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 148, 72.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 148, 72.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
193, 148, 72

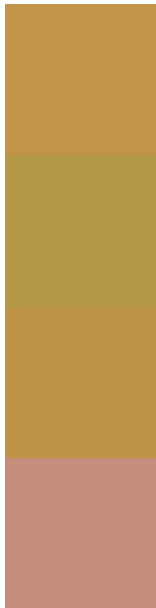
Protanopia
172, 156, 74

Deuteranopia
192, 148, 72



Tritanopia
199, 139, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color
193, 148, 72

Protanomaly
180, 153, 73

Deuteranomaly
192, 148, 72

Tritanomaly
197, 142, 122

Monochromacy



Original Color
193, 148, 72

Achromatopsia
153, 153, 153

Achromatomaly
168, 151, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 193, 148, 72 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 148, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 148, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 148, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 148, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 193, 148, 72 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 148, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 148, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 148, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 148, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 148, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 148,  
72) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 193, 148, 72 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 148, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
148, 72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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