

Converting Colors

RGB(193, 156, 137)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(193, 156, 137) contains.

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Color

RGB(193, 156, 137)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C19C89
RGB	193, 156, 137
RGB Percent	76%, 61%, 54%
CMY	0.2431, 0.3882, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.29, 0.24
HSL	20°, 31%, 65%
HSV	20°, 29%, 76%
XYZ	38.3961, 36.9205, 28.7696
YIQ	164.8970, 28.1510, 1.9350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

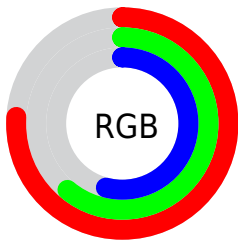
Format	Color
RYB	193, 166, 137
Decimal	12688521
CIELab	67.22, 10.92, 15.14
CIElCh	67, 18.669, 54.193
Yxy	36.9205, 0.3689, 0.3547
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290878601 (0xFFC19C89)
YUV	164.8970, -13.7532, 24.6463
Hunter-Lab	60.7623, 6.4615, 14.4611

Details

The RGB color **193, 156, 137** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **137, 174, 193**, and the grayscale version is **165, 165, 165**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 211, 190**, and **138, 105, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193, 143, 118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193, 169, 156**.

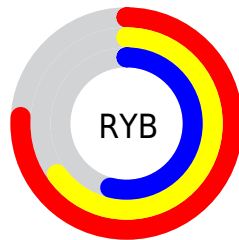
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (61%)

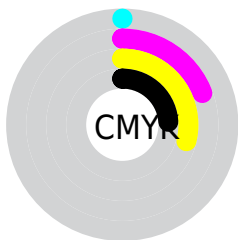
Blue (54%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (54%)

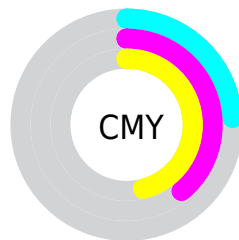


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 193, 156, 137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 193, 156, 137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 193, 156, 137

255, 255, 255


 250, 211, 190

 255, 239, 218

 255, 255, 247


 193, 156, 137

 165, 130, 112

 138, 105, 87

 112, 81, 64

 87, 58, 42

 63, 36, 21

 40, 15, 0


 0, 0, 0

 193, 156, 137


 193, 143, 118


 193, 156, 137


 193, 169, 156

 193, 130, 98

 193, 182, 176

 193, 118, 79

 193, 194, 195

 193, 105, 60

 193, 207, 214

 193, 92, 40

 193, 220, 233

 193, 79, 21

 193, 233, 253

 193, 67, 2

 193, 245, 255

 193, 65, 0

 193, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199, 152, 151



193, 156, 137



180, 161, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193, 156, 137



126, 173, 160



162, 160, 194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193, 156, 137



137, 174, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



140, 166, 197



193, 156, 137



118, 173, 177

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193, 156, 137



143, 171, 144



123, 171, 190



182, 155, 183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193, 156, 137



168, 165, 131



123, 171, 190



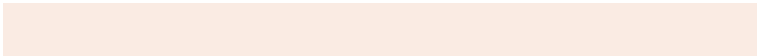
155, 162, 196

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193, 156, 137



250, 235, 227



193, 137, 174



125, 116, 111



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193, 156, 137



250, 192, 162



193, 184, 137



97, 90, 87



161, 55, 0



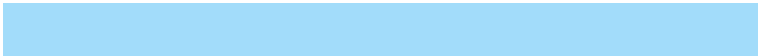
33, 11, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137, 174, 193



162, 220, 250



137, 146, 193



87, 94, 97



0, 106, 161



0, 22, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 156, 137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

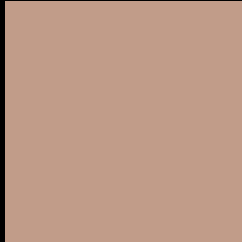
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 156, 137 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

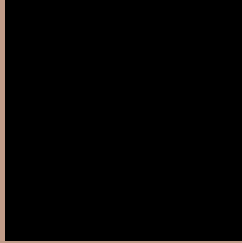
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 193, 156, 137 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 156, 137.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 156, 137.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
193, 156, 137

Protanopia
172, 163, 141

Deuteranopia
189, 158, 137



Tritanopia
196, 152, 164

Trichromacy



Original Color
193, 156, 137

Protanomaly
180, 160, 140

Deuteranomaly
190, 157, 137

Tritanomaly
195, 153, 154

Monochromacy



Original Color
193, 156, 137

Achromatopsia
165, 165, 165

Achromatomaly
175, 162, 155

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 193, 156, 137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 156, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 156, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 156, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 156, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 193, 156, 137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 156, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 156, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 156, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 156, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 156, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 156,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 193, 156, 137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 156, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
156, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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