

# Converting Colors

RGB(193, 157, 180)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(193, 157, 180) contains.

<b>RGB(193, 157, 180)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(193, 157, 180)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C19DB4
RGB	193, 157, 180
RGB Percent	76%, 62%, 71%
CMY	0.2431, 0.3843, 0.2941
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.07, 0.24
HSL	322°, 22%, 69%
HSV	322°, 19%, 76%
XYZ	42.2875, 38.7467, 48.4301
YIQ	170.3860, 14.0730, 14.7850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

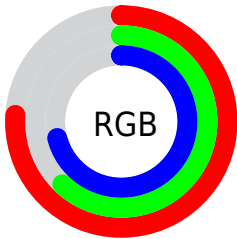
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">193, 157, 180</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12688820</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.57, 17.19, -6.86</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">69, 18.510, 338.239</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">38.7467, 0.3266, 0.2993</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290878900 (0xFFC19DB4)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">170.3860, 4.7397, 19.8325</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.2468, 12.3324, -2.5568</a>

# Details

The RGB color **193, 157, 180** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **157, 193, 170**, and the grayscale version is **170, 170, 170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 212, 236**, and **139, 106, 127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193, 138, 173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193, 176, 187**.

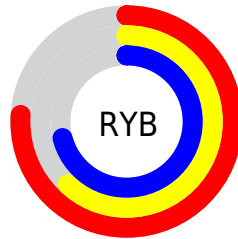
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (62%)

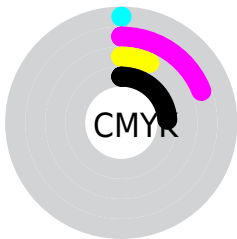
Blue (71%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (71%)

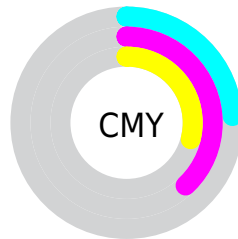


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 193, 157, 180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 193, 157, 180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 193, 157, 180

255, 255, 255

 250, 212, 236

 255, 240, 255

 193, 157, 180

 166, 131, 153

 139, 106, 127

 113, 81, 102

 89, 58, 78

 65, 36, 55

 42, 15, 34

 20, 0, 11


 0, 0, 0


 193, 157, 180


 193, 157, 180

 193, 138, 173


 193, 176, 187

 193, 118, 166


 193, 196, 194

 193, 99, 159

 193, 215, 201

 193, 80, 152


 193, 234, 208

 193, 61, 145

 193, 254, 215

 193, 41, 138

 193, 255, 222

 193, 22, 131

 193, 255, 229

 193, 3, 124

 193, 255, 236

 193, 0, 123

 193, 255, 243

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



176, 161, 194



193, 157, 180



202, 155, 163

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193, 157, 180



175, 168, 134



123, 176, 187

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193, 157, 180



157, 193, 170

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



125, 177, 171



193, 157, 180



157, 173, 141

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193, 157, 180



191, 162, 137



138, 176, 154



134, 172, 198

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193, 157, 180



202, 156, 152



138, 176, 154



122, 176, 182



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193, 157, 180



250, 235, 244



170, 157, 193



125, 116, 122



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193, 157, 180



250, 195, 230



193, 157, 162



97, 87, 93



161, 0, 103



33, 0, 21



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 157, 180



250, 195, 230



157, 193, 188



97, 87, 93



161, 0, 103

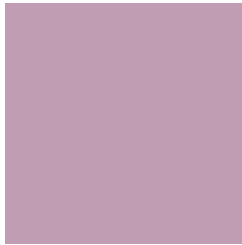


33, 0, 21



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 157, 180 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

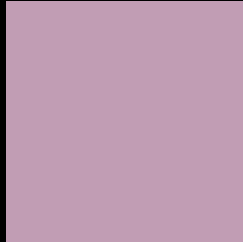
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 157, 180 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

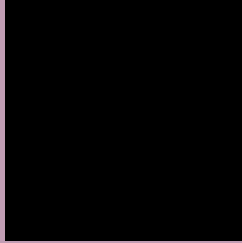
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 193, 157, 180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 157, 180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 157, 180.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
193, 157, 180

**Protanopia**  
165, 166, 186

**Deuteranopia**  
178, 163, 179



**Tritanopia**  
192, 159, 171

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
193, 157, 180

**Protanomaly**  
175, 163, 184

**Deuteranomaly**  
183, 161, 179

**Tritanomaly**  
192, 158, 174

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
193, 157, 180

**Achromatopsia**  
170, 170, 170

**Achromatomaly**  
178, 165, 174

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 193, 157, 180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 157, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 157, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 157, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 157, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 193, 157, 180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 157, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 157, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 157, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 157, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 157, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 157,  
180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 193, 157, 180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 157, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
157, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor