

Converting Colors

RGB(193, 174, 176)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(193, 174, 176) contains.

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Color

RGB(193, 174, 176)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1AEB0
RGB	193, 174, 176
RGB Percent	76%, 68%, 69%
CMY	0.2431, 0.3176, 0.3098
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.09, 0.24
HSL	354°, 13%, 72%
HSV	354°, 10%, 76%
XYZ	44.9648, 44.7441, 47.3409
YIQ	179.9090, 10.6820, 4.6500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

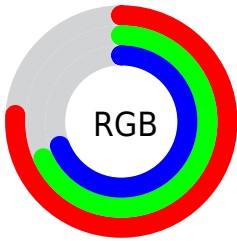
Format	Color
RYB	193, 174, 176
Decimal	12693168
CIELab	72.72, 7.17, 1.46
CIElCh	73, 7.316, 11.480
Yxy	44.7441, 0.3281, 0.3265
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290883248 (0xFFC1AEB0)
YUV	179.9090, -1.9271, 11.4808
Hunter-Lab	66.8911, 2.9301, 4.8624

Details

The RGB color **193, 174, 176** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **174, 193, 191**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 229, 232**, and **139, 122, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193, 155, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193, 193, 193**.

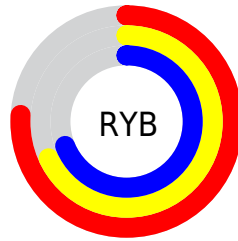
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (68%)

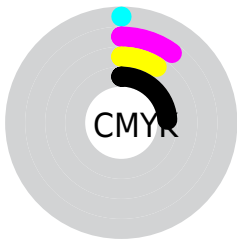
Blue (69%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (69%)

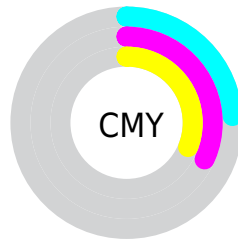


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 193, 174, 176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 193, 174, 176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 193, 174, 176

255, 255, 255


 250, 229, 232

 193, 174, 176


 166, 147, 149

 139, 122, 124

 114, 97, 99

 89, 73, 75

 66, 50, 52

 43, 29, 31

 24, 4, 7


 0, 0, 0

 193, 174, 176

 193, 174, 176

 193, 155, 159


 193, 193, 193

 193, 135, 141

 193, 213, 211

 193, 116, 124

 193, 232, 228

 193, 97, 107

 193, 251, 245

 193, 78, 90

 193, 255, 255

 193, 58, 72

 193, 39, 55

 193, 20, 38

 193, 0, 21

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190, 174, 183



193, 174, 176



192, 175, 170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193, 174, 176



174, 181, 168



167, 180, 191

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193, 174, 176



174, 193, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163, 182, 187



193, 174, 176



167, 182, 174

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



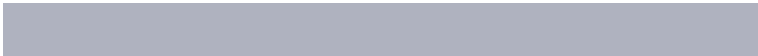
193, 174, 176



181, 179, 165



163, 183, 181



175, 178, 191

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193, 174, 176



190, 176, 167



163, 183, 181



165, 181, 190

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193, 174, 176



250, 242, 243



191, 174, 193



125, 120, 120



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193, 174, 176



250, 220, 223



193, 181, 174



97, 87, 88



161, 0, 17



33, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 174, 176



250, 220, 223



174, 186, 193



97, 87, 88



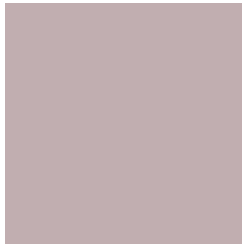
161, 0, 17



33, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 174, 176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

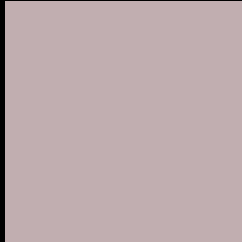
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 174, 176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

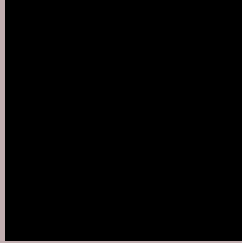
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 193, 174, 176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 174, 176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 174, 176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
193, 174, 176

Protanopia
182, 178, 178

Deuteranopia
196, 173, 176



Tritanopia
194, 172, 186

Trichromacy



Original Color

193, 174, 176

Protanomaly

186, 177, 177

Deuteranomaly

195, 173, 176

Tritanomaly

194, 173, 182

Monochromacy



Original Color

193, 174, 176

Achromatopsia

180, 180, 180

Achromatomaly

185, 178, 179

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 193, 174, 176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(193, 174, 176) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 174, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 174, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 174, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 193, 174, 176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 174, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 174, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 174, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 174, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 174, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 174,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 193, 174, 176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 174, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
174, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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