

Converting Colors

RGB(193, 193, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(193, 193, 255) contains.

RGB(193, 193, 255)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(193, 193, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1C1FF
RGB	193, 193, 255
RGB Percent	76%, 76%, 100%
CMY	0.2431, 0.2431, 0.0000
CMYK	0.24, 0.24, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	240°, 100%, 88%
HSV	240°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	59.1123, 56.6974, 102.4359
YIQ	200.0680, -19.9020, 19.2820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

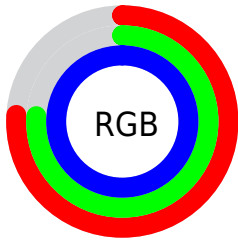
Format	Color
RYB	193, 193, 255
Decimal	12698111
CIELab	80.01, 12.96, -30.44
CIElCh	80, 33.083, 293.063
Yxy	56.6974, 0.2709, 0.2598
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290888191 (0xFFC1C1FF)
YUV	200.0680, 27.0815, -6.1986
Hunter-Lab	75.2977, 8.3602, -27.9505

Details

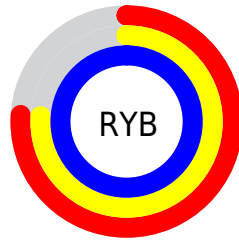
The RGB color **193, 193, 255** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **255, 255, 193**, and the grayscale version is **200, 200, 200**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 249, 255**, and **138, 140, 198** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168, 168, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **219, 219, 255**.

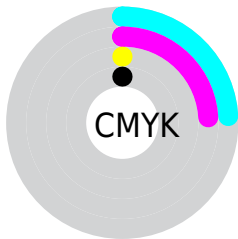
Distribution



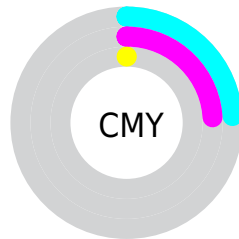
- Red (76%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 193, 193, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 193, 193, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 193, 193, 255

255, 255, 255

■ 250, 249, 255

■ 193, 193, 255

■ 165, 166, 226

■ 138, 140, 198

■ 112, 114, 171

■ 86, 90, 144

■ 61, 66, 118

■ 36, 44, 93


■ 6, 24, 69

■ 0, 0, 47


■ 0, 1, 25

 193, 193, 255

 193, 193, 255

 168, 168, 255

 219, 219, 255

 142, 142, 255

 244, 244, 255

 117, 117, 255


255, 255, 255

 91, 91, 255

 66, 66, 255

 40, 40, 255

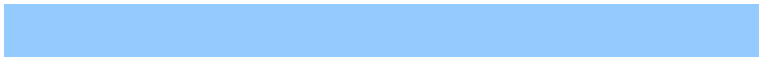
 15, 15, 255

 0, 0, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



148, 203, 255



193, 193, 255



231, 183, 236

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193, 193, 255



250, 184, 150



125, 215, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193, 193, 255



255, 255, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



160, 211, 160



193, 193, 255



227, 194, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193, 193, 255



255, 177, 176



195, 204, 141



101, 215, 221

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193, 193, 255



248, 178, 217



195, 204, 141



136, 214, 179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193, 193, 255



237, 237, 255



193, 255, 255



117, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193, 193, 255



181, 181, 255



224, 193, 255



115, 115, 128



0, 0, 191



0, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

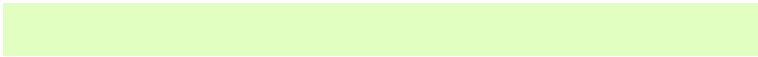
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 193, 255



255, 181, 255



224, 255, 193



128, 115, 128



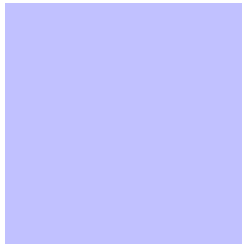
191, 0, 191



64, 0, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 193, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

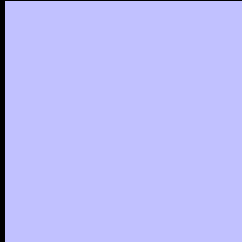
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 193, 193, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

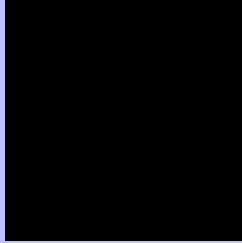
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 193, 193, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 193, 255.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 193, 193, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
193, 193, 255

Protanopia
183, 196, 255

Deuteranopia
188, 195, 255



Tritanopia
185, 200, 216

Trichromacy



Original Color

193, 193, 255

Protanomaly

187, 195, 255

Deuteranomaly

190, 194, 255

Tritanomaly

188, 197, 230

Monochromacy



Original Color

193, 193, 255

Achromatopsia

200, 200, 200

Achromatomaly

197, 197, 220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 193, 193, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 193, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(193, 193, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 193, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 193, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 193, 193, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 193, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 193, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 193, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 193, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 193, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 193,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 193, 193, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 193, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
193, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor